"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair to-day and Thursday; moderate west and northwest winds, becoming variable Thursday.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,374. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1913.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere TWO CENTS

FIELDER ELECTED IN NEW JERSEY

Democrat Chosen Governor Over Stokes, Republican, by Plurality of 29,000.

SENATE ALSO DEMOCRATIC

Assembly Controlled by a Majority of 20 if Late Essex Returns Are Verified.

LIGHT PROGRESSIVE VOTE

Colby Polled Hardly One-Fourth of Roosevelt's Strength — Paterson Socialists Strong.

Late returns from New Jersey indicate that James F. Fielder, Democratic candidate for Governor, has a plurality over Stokes, Republican, of about 29,000.

The Democrats have elected five of the eight Senators chosen yesterday, which will make the Senate, with the holdovers, stand 12 Democrats to 9 Republicans. The Democrats elected their Senatorial candidates in Bergen, Cumberland, Hudson, Ocean, and Salem Counties. Republicans elected their candidates in Atlantic, Mercer, and Morris.

Among the Senatorial candidates elected is Charles O'Connor Hennessy from Bergen County, now a member of the Assembly. Mr. Hennessy is a brother of John A. Hennessy, whose campaigning in this city figured so largely in the overthrow of Tammany.

If, as indicated in the late returns, the Democrats have elected their Assembly ticket in Essex County, the party will control the Assembly by a vote of 40 to 20.

The Democratic State Committee says that Fielder has carried Jersey City by about 12,000 and Hudson County by not less than 25,000.

The Democratic State Committee from their headquarters in Jersey City gave out a statement claiming that the Democrats have carried Bergen County for Fielder, and also that Fielder has carried Warren County by about 2,000. They concede that Stokes has carried Mercer County by about 1,000 and Atlantic County by about 2,500.

At Republican headquarters in Newark it is claimed that Stokes has carried the State by a small plurality. They claim that Camden County has given 4,000 for Stokes over Fielder The Progressives here have advices from Camden to the effect that it went 12,000 for Colby. They base their claim, or hope, on a bulletin from Haddon Heights.

The Republican State Committee is claiming Essex County by 8,000, Camden by 5,000, Atlantic by 3,000, Mercer by 2,000, Passaic by 3,000, Burlington by 2,500, Cape May by 500, and Salem by 500. The committee concede Hudson by 18,000, Hunterdon by 1,200, Monmouth by 1,000, and Warren by 1,000.

It is practically certain that the Democrats will retain control of the House of Assembly. They have elected twelve members in Essex, twelve in Hudson, one in Hunterdon, three in Middlesex, two in Monmouth, making twenty-nine. Warren and Sussex are absolutely sure that there will be a safe majority in the lower House. The Senate is still in doubt.

The feature of the election is the light vote cast for Everett Colby, the Progressive candidate. Colby's vote probably will not exceed 40,000 as compared with 145,410 received a year ago by Roosevelt for President.

Fielder's vote in the returns at hand is running slightly below that received by Woodrow Wilson a year ago, which was 178,289.

Stokes's vote probably will exceed 150,000 as compared with 88,838 received by Everett last year.

Estimates from Hudson County, Fielder's home county, show that Fielder has carried it by 20,000; that he will have 3,000 in Monmouth, 1,500 in Middlesex, and 1,000 in Union.

Stokes has apparently carried Essex County, the home of Colby, and also the home of former Senator James Smith, Jr., and former Democratic State Chairman Nugent, whom Fielder on the stump accused of working against him.

In Paterson the election of Robert H. Fordyce, Fusion candidate for Mayor, is assured by a plurality of about 1,500. Gordon Demarest, the Socialist candidate, is second man, leading Robert Roe, Democrat, by about 300 votes.

The recent twenty-two-week silk strike is the cause for the heavy Socialist vote.

Fielder Grateful for Indorsement.

Mr. Fielder, when seen at his home, 139 Gifford Avenue, Jersey City Heights, late last night on the result of the election, said he was satisfied that he had a plurality of 25,000 to 30,000 over Stokes.

"I entered this contest," he said "determined to make the best fight possible, not caring so much for the office, but believing that I might aid in continuing in office the Democratic policies of the past three years. Of course, I am naturally gratified with the results, which seem to indicate that our citizens approve of the kind of administration they have had during those years."

TUMULTY VOTES IN JERSEY.

Secretary to the President Comes from Washington to Cast His Ballot.

Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, voted at 1:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Varick Street, between Bright and York Streets. He

Continued on Page 3.

CARL SCHOONMAKER, NOTE BROKER, 216 Tribune Bldg. Tel. Beekman 5538.—Adv.

QUAKER CITY MACHINE WINS

Republicans Elect County Ticket and Municipal Judges.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—The Republican organization to-day elected the entire county ticket and nine Municipal Court Judges by majorities ranging from 30,000 to 42,000. The Republican candidates on the county ticket are: District Attorney, Samuel P. Rotan; Register of Wills, James B. Sheehan; City Treasurer, William McCoach; Receiver of Taxes, W. F. Freeland Kendrick.

The Wasnington and Democratic parties combined on a Fusion ticket led by George Wentworth Carr for District Attorney, and conducted a furious attack upon the Republican machine. The issue was solely upon the control of the City Councils and county offices by McNichol and Vare, city contractors, who have reveled in contracts for the last fifteen years. The Fusion cause was materially weakened by the refusal of the Keystone party, of which D. Clarence Gibboney is leader, to fuse with the Washington and Democratic parties. Gibboney refused to enter the coalition because the Keystone party, a purely municipal organization, was not recognized on the county ticket.

The Republicans made their campaign on the Blankenburg administration, which they contended has achieved nothing of value in the two years of its career. That the war of Blankenburg upon vice sent thousands of votes to the organization ticket is plain by the returns. Two years ago the Mayor was elected by a majority of 4,000. The saloons, gambling houses, and associated resorts united against the Fusion ticket. The negro section, the tenderloin, and river districts rolled up a large vote against the Blankenburg ticket.

Late in the campaign, Director Cooke, of the Department of Public Works, published a pamphlet giving the record of assessments levied upon officeholders in his department prior to the Blankenburg administration and this document is said to have brought large contributions to the Republican campaign committee on the part of some men who feared further exposures if the county ticket should be elected and the records in these offices be made available for the reformers.

The election of Carr, Fusion candidate for District Attorney, would have resulted in the presentation of indictments against all the organization's leaders, as he made that promise as one of the issues of his campaign.

Pennsylvania elected two Judges of the Superior Court also on a non-partisan ballot. But little interest was shown, and in many districts the vote was not counted. There were four candidates, and it is probable that Judge John J. Henderson of Crawford County was re-elected and James Alcorn of Philadelphia was also elected. Both are Republicans and will serve ten years.

A proposed amendment to the Constitution authorizing a bond issue of $50,000,000 for road purposes was probably defeated.

PITTSBURGH RESULT CLOSE

Armstrong Wins in Hotly Contested Non-Partisan Election.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Nov. 4.—In Pittsburgh's first non-partisan election for Mayor, Joseph G. Armstrong was elected by 2,500 to 3,000 votes over Congressman Stephen G. Porter.

Both men are Republicans and outdistanced four other candidates in the primaries, leaving the fight in the main election between themselves. Porter led in the primaries by 302 votes. Porter was supported by Progressives, led by former State Senator William Flinn, the Pennsylvania leader for Theodore Roosevelt in the last Presidential campaign. Armstrong was backed by United States Senators Boies Penrose and George T. Oliver, with the Republican organization, and also by Democrats.

Much disorder occurred at the polls. Many arrests were made, some for fighting and many for attempted illegal voting and illegal marking of ballots. There was open warfare between the local police, under Chief Thomas A. McQualde, and 200 detectives in the service of William F. Burns, working under the lieutenancy of C. B. Bedminger. The local police were looking out for the interests of Porter, while the Burns men were brought here by wealthy backers of Armstrong.

WESTCHESTER REPUBLICAN.

Sulzer Impeachment Said to Have Cut Democratic Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 4.—The Republicans carried Westchester County in the election to-day by more than 3,500, electing three Assemblymen, the County Judge, District Attorney, County Clerk and Coroner.

The Sulzer impeachment cut the Democratic vote. Last year the Democrats swept Westchester, electing four Assemblymen and several other county officers, but this year though the Democratic County candidates had the endorsement of the Progressives, they failed to win. William E. Werner and Frank H. Hiscock, candidates for the Court of Appeals, received more than 4,000 majority in Westchester. The Assemblymen elected were: George Blakely of Yonkers, First District; A. L. Martin, Democrat, of Mt. Vernon, Second District; Walter W. Law, Jr., of Briarcliff Manor, Third District; Floyd D. Hopkins of White Plains, Fourth District.

Frank L. Young of Ossining was chosen County Judge over Judge William P. Platt, Democrat, who was seeking re-election. Daniel J. Cashin, Republican, of Yonkers, was elected County Clerk over John J. Ackerman, Democrat. Colonel Fred E. Weeks, Republican, won the office of District Attorney, and Dr. Perley H. Mason, Republican, of Peekskill, will be the next Coroner.

CONCORD'S 4-TIME MAYOR.

C. J. French, Granite Cutter, Re-elected Over Editor Gallagher.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 4.—Charles J. French, a granite cutter, was elected Mayor of Concord to-day for the fourth time, receiving 2,749 votes to 1,932 for Edward J. Gallagher, an editor.

No party designations appear upon the ballot under the present city charter, but both men are Democrats.

LOUISVILLE IS DEMOCRATIC.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 4.—With 28 out of 198 precincts missing, John L. Buschemeyer, Democratic candidate for Mayor, has a plurality of 5,464, enough to insure election. Axton, Progressive, has 16,902; Wood, Republican 1,385.

Returns indicate that one Progressive member of the State Legislature has been elected from Louisville in place of a Republican.

Republican Wins in Bridgeport.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 4.—Mayor Clifford B. Wilson, Republican, was re-elected Mayor to-day by 2,000 plurality over Frederick C. Mullins, a Democrat. Bridgeport was the only town in Connecticut which held an election to-day.

DRINK POLAND WATER—a Fine Healthful Habit. Acts on Kidneys.—Adv.

DEMOCRATS WIN IN BAY STATE

Walsh Elected Governor, Carrying with Him Entire State Ticket.

PLURALITY MAY BE 60,000

Bird, Progressive, Runs Ahead of Gardner, Republican, for Second Place.

FOSS IS SNOWED UNDER

Indications That Governor Without a Party Has Failed to Carry Single District in State.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 4.—The Wilson Democracy swept the State to-day, Lieut. Gov. Walsh being elected Governor by a plurality which may reach 60,000, and carrying with him the entire State ticket. This is the largest plurality ever given a Democratic candidate in Massachusetts.

Almost complete returns of the vote for Governor are as follows for the three leading candidates: David J. Walsh, 184,149; Charles S. Bird, 126,050; Congressman Augustus P. Gardner, 115,411. The surprise of the evening is the fact that Bird has run ahead of Gardner.

A big jubilation with oratory and music was held in Faneuil Hall under the leadership of Mayor Fitzgerald. The Mayor then led a procession to the steps of the State House, where the Governor-elect made a speech of thanks for his great vote and took occasion to declare unfounded campaign assertions of his opponents that he would be a tool of the "Tammany trio" of Boston.

The size of the vote throughout the State is phenomenal for an off year, when 300,000 would be expected. Today's total will approximate that cast in the Presidential election a year ago, when Gov. Foss received 183,184 out of 479,292 votes

The total vote of Boston for the candidates for Governor to-day was: Bird, (Prog.,) 18,671; Foss, (Ind.,) 3,286; Gardner, (Rep.,) 13,204; Walsh, (Dem.) 46,770. Plurality for Walsh, 28,099.

Boston last year gave Bird, (Prog.,) 18,940; Walker, (Rep.,) 17,328; Foss, (Dem.,) 48,665.

Gov. Foss, the candidate without a party, did not carry a single voting district in the State, so far as reported. The prophets had set him down as a bad fourth, but it was not believed that his attacks upon "the Tammany trio" and his severe condemnation of the Underwood tariff would fall upon ears so deaf.

The Governor at 7:45 conceded Lieut. Gov. Walsh's election as his successor and sent the following message to him:

You have made a splendid fight. Accept my hearty congratulations.

EUGENE N. FOSS.

Congressman Gardner, who is Senator Lodge's son-in-law, made certain "breaks" early in the campaign which are thought to have alienated some who, under ordinary circumstances, would have supported the Republican candidate. His advocacy of immigration restriction also affected the size of his vote in the mill towns. His own County of Essex rallied around him in fine fashion, but the incessant labors of the Progressive leaders, added to the element already mentioned, accomplished his defeat.

Governor-elect Walsh, who is 40 years old, a lawyer and a bachelor, is the first Irish-American member of the Roman Catholic Church to be elected Governor of Massachusetts.

The legislature continues Republican in both branches, with slightly increased majorities.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Nov. 4.—Calvin D. Paige of Southbridge, Republican, was chosen to succeed the late William H. Wilder, Republican, in the special election to-day in the Third Congressional District.

With one town missing, Paige had a majority of 500 over M. Fred O'Connell, Democrat. Stephen M. Marshall, Progressive, was far in the rear in the three-cornered fight.

DEMOCRATS SWEEP INDIANA.

Elect 32 Mayors in 46 Towns, including Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 4.—Joseph E. Bell, Democrat, was to-day elected Mayor of Indianapolis by a plurality of 8,878, according to unofficial returns. His total vote was 23,770, while Dr. W. H. Johnson, Progressive, received 14,892; Charles A. Bookwalter, Republican, ex-Mayor, 14,569, and Dr. C. S. Woods, on the Citizens' ticket, received 1,532 in 98 out of 133 precincts.

From forty-five other towns in the State, returns to-night showed that thirty-one elected Democratic Mayors, five Republican Mayors, in seven the Citizens' ticket won and in two the Progressives were victorious. Of the larger cities, Evansville, Terre Haute, Fort Wayne, Muncie, Logansport, and Anderson will have Democratic administrations, while in South Bend and Lafayette the Citizens' ticket was elected. Richmond and Marion elected Progressive Mayors, and a majority of the Progressive candidates for the other city offices. Laporte was one of the larger towns in which the Republican ticket was successful.

TWO CONGRESSMEN NAMED.

Jacob A. Cantor in 20th District—George W. Loft in 13th District.

Two Congressmen were elected from New York County. Jacob A. Cantor (Dem. Ind. L.), a veteran in politics, having served in both houses of the Legislature and as Manhattan Borough President at the time of consolidation, was successful in the Twentieth Cong. District, defeating Louis H. Guterman (Rep.) and Isaac A. Hourwich (Prog.). George W. Loft (Dem. Ind. L.) won in the Thirteenth District over Samuel M. Hyman (Rep.) and Victor Tozzi (Nat. Prog.)

The returns give Cantor 3,385 votes, Guterman 2,022, and Hourwich 1,976; Loft, 4,595; Hyman, 1,688, and Tozzi, 1,510 (eight Election Districts missing.)

See Page 8 SOUTHERN RAILWAY'S new schedule, "New York and New Orleans Special."—Adv.

FUSION CARRIES IN MITCHEL BY 113,227; REPUBLICANS WIN ASSEMBLY, SWEEP STATE; PERSONAL TRIUMPH FOR WILSON ELSEWHERE

Up-State New York Rises In Revolt Against Murphy Domination

HE LOSES APPEALS COURT

The Voters in Other States Stand Steadfastly by the President and His Policies.

MASSACHUSETTS BY 60,000

Wilson's Personal Candidate, Fielder, Wins in New Jersey by 29,000.

ELECT MARYLAND SENATOR

Blair Lee's Victory There Answers the Criticisms of the Administration's Course.

BRYAN, TOO, IS VINDICATED

His Attitude in Going Into the State Provoked Criticism — Mayoralty Elections Generally Democratic.

United States Senator Elected.

Blair Lee, Dem., of Maryland.

Congressmen Elected.

Maryland, 3d District—C. P. Coady, Dem.
Massachusetts, 3d District—C. D. Paige, Rep.
New York, 13th District—George W. Loft, Dem.
New York, 20th District—Jacob A. Cantor, Dem.

Governors Elected.

David I. Walsh, Dem., Massachusetts.
James F. Fielder, Dem., New Jersey.
Henry C. Stuart, Dem., of Virginia

Mayors Elected.

New York—John Purroy Mitchel, Fusion.
Buffalo—Louis P. Fuhrmann, Anti-Tam. Dem.
Rochester—H. H. Edgerton, Rep.
Syracuse—Louis Will, Progressive.
Albany—J. W. Stevens, Rep.
Troy—C. F. Burns, Dem.
Indianapolis—Joseph E. Biell, Dem.
Louisville—J. L. Buschmeyer, Dem.
Toledo—Carl Keller, Rep.
Columbus, Ohio—G. T. Karb, Dem.
Cincinnati—F. S. Spiegel, Rep.
Cleveland—Newton D. Baker, Dem.
Pittsburgh—Joseph G. Armstrong, Rep.

Other Municipal Results.

Philadelphia—Organization Republicans elect District Attorney and other county officers.

The Democrats still hold the nation. The predictions of a reaction have been unfulfilled. Blair Lee has carried Maryland and David P. Walsh has carried Massachusetts, the latter by the sweeping majority of 60,000. James F. Fielder, President Wilson's candidate, has carried New Jersey by 29,000 plurality despite the fight made upon him by the Progressives, the Republicans, and the old Smith-Nugent machine.

But in New York State a severe rebuke has been administered to the Murphyized Democracy that took control of the State when Gov. Hughes gave way to Gov. Dix. Smashing blows have been delivered to the Democracy everywhere up-State, and where Democracy is strongest the blows have been hardest.

In the minor elections, such as those for Mayor, the Democrats have generally been successful. For instance, Newton D. Baker, the Tom Johnson Mayor of Cleveland, is re-elected over his Republican opponent, Davis, and Indianapolis has elected a Democratic Mayor, Joseph E. Bell, by 9,000 majority over a Progressive who leads the Republican vote by 400.

The Progressives are not down and out, as was so freely predicted. They have not made much of a showing in New York State, but they have shown in many others that they are not negligible quantities.

The main things which stand out from the election lessons are the continued confidence in the Democratic Party in every State outside of New York, and its utter smash in this State.

The fight in Massachusetts was four-cornered, with Walsh running as the Democrat, Augustus P. Gardner as the Republican, Charles S. Bird as the Progressive, and Gov. Eugene N. Foss as an independent. Walsh's majority is, as said before, about 60,000. The Republican and Progressive are running neck and neck, and Foss is out of sight. His vote is inconsiderable.

In Maryland Blair Lee's election was just as much of a personal triumph for President Wilson as was the election of Gov. Fielder in New Jersey. Mr. Wilson sent Secretary Bryan into Maryland to advocate the election of Lee to the Senate. The cry was raised that Bryan was inconsistent in advocating the election of a man who had advocated personal liberty in excise matters, whereas in Nebraska he had bolted the nomination of Jim Dahlman, because Dahlman was a "personal liberty" man. Bryan's retort was that in Nebraska it was a State matter, but that Lee was a candidate for a national office.

The attempt to discredit Wilson and Bryan failed, and Lee was elected by a handsome majority.

A similar situation was presented in New Jersey. Fielder was the representative of the Wilson Democracy. Last Spring the President of the United States felt impelled to go into New Jersey to urge the passage of certain reform bills in which he was interested. The gang felt so sure of its power that it dared to insult the President to his face, the thing being done through a Jersey City politician named McDermott. The result is seen in the election of the President's candidate, with all the power of the gang exerted against him, in conjunction with that of two strong parties, the Republican and the Progressive.

So much for the three States outside New York where the voters have had a chance to elect State officers. But in New York, where Murphy and Tammany have ruled ever since Dix became Governor, there is a terrible defeat for the Democratic Party. The Republican candidates for Court of Appeals, Hiscock and Werner, have carried the State by pluralities estimated at 21,043 for Werner; 23,378 for Hiscock.

The individual overturns are impressive. For instance, Monroe County last year gave 1,100 Republican majority, and this year it gave 10,000. All over the State there seemed to be a disposition to soak Murphy.

Westchester County, which last year gave the Democratic candidates pluralities in the neighborhood of 3,000, gives the Republican candidates this year pluralities of about 3,200. Suffolk is another county which has shifted from Democratic to Republican in the Court of Appeals vote.

The Democrats carried Buffalo, electing Fuhrmann for Mayor again. The Progressives carried Syracuse, electing Louis Will as Mayor. Albany revolted against "Packy" McCabe, Murphy's man, and elected a Republican Mayor, J. W. Stevens.

The old machine won out in Philadelphia, electing the Republican organization candidate for District Attorney.

While Mr. Wilson's biggest victory may appear to be in New Jersey, where the united strength of the Smith-Nugent machine, the Republicans, and the Progressives was cast against him, his most really important triumph was in Maryland, where his motives were ridiculed and where his sending of Mr. Bryan as his personal representative to urge the election of Blair Lee was made a matter of common criticism. He has elected a man of the kind he wanted from Maryland to the United States Senate, using Bryan as his means of doing it.

The Massachusetts result probably means the retirement of Gov. Foss from politics. He left the Republican Party to accept a Democratic nomination, became the Massachusetts Democratic candidate for the Presidency in 1912, then coquetted with the Republicans, bolted the President's policy, ran independently for Governor, and has now received one of the smallest votes cast in Massachusetts for anybody since the last time Benjamin F. Butler ran.

Indications late to-night were that the Democratic Party had lost most of the lower branch of the New York Legislature.

Returns of 88 of the 150 Assembly Districts in the State showed the election of 56 Republicans, 28 Democrats, and 3 Progressives, with 1 in doubt. Nine of the successful Democrats and eight of the Republican were indorsed by the Progressives.

One of the spectacular features of the State election was the triumph of ex-Governor Wm. Sulzer, who, running on the Progressive ticket in the Sixth District, was sent back to Albany.

Whereas in Massachusetts the Republicans and the Progressives seem to be tied, in New Jersey the Progressive vote has gone to pieces. Everett Colby, the Progressive candidate for Governor, has probably not polled more than one-sixth of the votes that Roosevelt did last year.

One of the features of the election was the defeat of the Socialist Mayor of Schenectady, George R. Lunn, but it took a combination of all the old parties—Republican, Democratic and Progressive—to do it. Even then they only defeated Lunn by a little over 2,000 majority, showing that all the old parties combined had only about 2,000 more votes in Schenectady than the Socialists have.

Municipal elections were held in thirty-four cities in New York States. Late returns from eighteen of the larger ones showed the election of eight Republican Mayors, four Democrats, three Fusion, two Progressive, and one Citizens' Party. Johnstown elected a Progressive Mayor, by a plurality of eleven votes.

Rochester and Binghamton were carried by the Republicans and Buffalo by the Democrats. In Elmira, Mayor Daniel Sheehan, Democrat, who has served for eight years, was defeated by Harry N. Hoffman, Fusion candidate.

Nine Judges of the Supreme Court, in addition to the two Judges of the Court of Appeals were elected. In Erie County Herbert P. Bissell, Democrat, and Harry L. Taylor, Republican, were elected to the Supreme Court. Incomplete returns from other countries showed that the Republican candidates were running in the lead.

Two Democratic members of Congress were elected, both replacing Democrats. In the Thirteenth District George W. Loft was elected to fill the vacancy created by the death of Timothy D. ("Big Tim") Sullivan.

The vacancy created by the appointment of Francis Burton Harrison as Governor General of the Philippines, was filled by the election of Jacob A. Cantor, a regular Democrat.

Vacancies in the State Senate were filled in the Twenty-first District by a Democrat, and in the Twenty-sixth by a Republican.

Democrats Sweep Virginia.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Nov. 4.—Neither the oldline Republicans nor the Progressives had tickets in to-day's election, while the Socialist and the Socialist-Labor parties cast fewer than 3,000 votes throughout the State. The full Democratic ticket carried the State by a majority of 50,000 to 60,000. Henry C. Stuart of Russell County was elected Governor.

Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED—SS Main, Bremen, Oct. 23.

Lily Drinking Cups are ideal for office use. They are made by the Public Service Cup Co., B'klyn.—Adv.

Sulzer Elected to Assembly Two to One In Sixth

HIS UP-STATE FOES BEATEN

Democrats Who Voted to Impeach Him Are Defeated in Rural Districts.

BAD DAY FOR DEMOCRATS

Latest Returns Show 85 Republicans in Next Assembly Out of 150.

PROGRESSIVE GAINS LARGE

Few Bull Moose Candidates Not Indorsed by Other Parties Win.

NEXT SPEAKER A REPUBLICAN

Seventeen Bull Moosers May Assist the Majority in Electing Him.

Latest returns, with less than half a dozen districts in doubt or not heard from, indicate that the next Assembly will be composed of 85 Republicans, 48 Democrats, and 17 Progressives. This will enable the Republicans to organize the Assembly and elect a Republican Speaker. Alexander MacDonald, re-elected from Franklin County, announced last night that he would be a candidate for the Speakership. He is a "regular."

Of the 48 Democrats elected a score are men of progressive or independent tendencies who cannot be controlled by the organization. The same is true about many Republicans elected. Eight of the Democrats ran with Progressive indorsement, as did nine Republicans. The Republicans had indorsed 10 and the Democrats 4 of the 17 Progressives.

In New York City Tammany carried its old strongholds, re-electing by reduced majorities the men who did the organization's bidding in voting for the impeachment of Mr. Sulzer.

William Sulzer was elected in the Sixth Assembly District, running two to one with his Republican opponent, who ran far ahead of the Democrat in this normally Democratic district.

In Kings the Republicans scored heavily. From a Democratic point of view it was almost a rout. Only six Democrats were elected, as compared with twenty-two a year ago. Fourteen Republicans and three Progressives were elected with big majorities.

In New York County the Democrats elected nineteen, the Republicans seven, and the Progressives nine.

Queens will send three Democrats and one Republican to the next Assembly. Richmond, true to her traditions, elected a Democrat.

Feeling against the Democratic organization, largely on account of the impeachment of William Sulzer under the whip of the Democratic bosses, it is clearly indicated by the dispatches of THE TIMES correspondents in up-State sections, was responsible for the loss of the Assembly to the Democrats.

This feeling found its vent in districts where men who had voted for the impeachment of Mr. Sulzer had been renominated. Seventy-one Assemblymen, eight of these Republicans, voted to impeach Mr. Sulzer. Of these forty-nine had been placed in nomination again. Only in the strong Tammany districts in Manhattan and the Kings were they successful in defeating their Republican and Progressive rivals.

In nearly every up-State district where an Assemblyman who had voted for the impeachment resolution was running for re-election he went down in a general slaughter, which in many instances included the entire county ticket.

The direct primary sentiment, revived by the Sulzer campaign last Spring, was reflected very strongly in the Assembly elections. It is safe to say that a majority of the 150 members of the next Assembly will favor a State-wide direct primaries bill, regardless of party.

In Buffalo the Progressives aided in what came near being a clean sweep of all the Democratic Assembly candidates. In the last Assembly Erie County had eight Democrats and one Republican. At the elections last night all except two Democratic organization candidates for the lower house went down in defeat. Yet the result there could not be called a Republican victory, for in all except two of the districts which the Democrats lost candidates who had the indorsement of the Progressive Party were elected.

The result in Erie County puts an end to Tammany's sway in that section of the State, and establishes firmly in his leadership of the Democratic organization Henry P. Burgard, who defeated William H. Fitzpatrick, Tammany Leader Murphy's lieutenant in Erie at the primaries last September.

Onondaga at one time so strongly Republican will send to the Assembly next year two organization Democrats and no organization Republicans. In all but two of the five districts in Monroe County, the Republican candidates won over Democrats, running with Progressive indorsement.

In Westchester where all the four districts were represented by Democrats in the present Assembly, only one Democrat was elected.

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

SENATORS ELECTED.

Dist. 21. J. Davidson, D. Dist. 26. J. E. Towner, R.

ASSEMBLYMEN ELECTED.

Dist.		Dist.	
	ALBANY		
1.	H. J. Hinman, R.*	2.	J. G. Malone, R.*
3.	W. C. Baxter, R.*		
	ALLEGANY		
E.	E. Perry, R.		
	BROOME		
S.	P. Quick, R.		
	CATTARAUGUS		
D.	H. Ames, R.		
	CAYUGA		
C.	H. Springer, R.		
	CHAUTAUQUA		
1.	A. M. Cheney, R.		
2.	J. L. Sullivan, R.*		
	CHEMUNG		
W.	E. Knapp, R., P.		
	CHENANGO		
S.	A. Jones, R.		
	CLINTON		
A.	W. Fairbank, R.		
	COLUMBIA		
A.	W. Hover, D., P.*		
	CORTLAND		
N.	F. Webb, R.*		
	DELAWARE		
S.	E. Churchill, P., D.		
	DUTCHESS		
1.	C. W. Garrison, D., P.		
2.	M. G. Dubois, R.		
	ERIE		
1.	W. H. Warhus, D.		
2.	C. T. Horton, R., P.*		
3.	A. F. Geyer, D., P.*		
4.	P. W. Quigley, R., P.		
5.	R. F. Hearn, D.*		
6.	L. F. Tuchelski, D.		
7.	W. P. Gremler, D., P.		
8.	W. Thayer, P., D.		
9.	F. B. Thorn, R.,		
	ESSEX		
R.	T. Kenyon, R.		
	FRANKLIN		
A.	MacDonald, R.*		
	FULTON & HAMILTON		
J.	H. Wood, R.*		
	GENESEE		
L.	H. Wells, R.		
	GREENE		
G.	H. Chase, R.		
	HERKIMER		
F.	W. Christman, R.		
	JEFFERSON		
1.	H. E. Machold, R.*		
2.	J. G. Jones, R.*		
	KINGS		
1.	R. H. McQuestion, R.		
2.	W. J. Gillen, D.*		
3.	F. J. Taylor, D.*		
4.	G. Langhorst, R.		
5.	G. C. Lockwood, R.		
6.	R. P. Ittleman, P., R.		
7.	D. F. Farrell, D.*		
8.	J. J. McKeon, D.		
9.	W. J. McRoberts, P., R.		
10.	F. M. Ahearn, R.		
11.	G. R. Brennan, R.		
12.	W. T. Simpson, R.		
13.	H. Kramer, D.		
14.	J. P. LaFrenz, R., P.		
15.	J. T. Phelan, D.		
16.	S. R. Green, R.		
17.	A. W. Burlingame, Jr., R.		
18.	A. W. Hoff, R.		
19.	H. Scheidermann, P., R.		
20.	A. C. Flamman, R.		
21.	H. C. Karnen, R., P.		
22.	E. R. W. Karutz, R.		
23.	W. F. Mathewson, R.		
	LEWIS		
H.	L. Grant, R., P.		
	LIVINGSTON		
E.	M. Mosse, R.*		
	MADISON		
M.	E. Tallett, R.*		
	MONROE		
1.	H. B. Warner, P., D.		
2.	S. L. Adler, P.		
3.	G. Ritz, D., P.		
4.	C. W. Phillips, R.*		
5.	L. W. Odell, R.		
	MONTGOMERY		
W.	A. Case, R., P.*		
	NASSAU		
J.	Lyon, R.		
	NEW YORK		
1.	T. R. Caughlan, D.*		
2.	A. E. Smith, D.*		
3.	J. B. Golden, D.		
4.	H. S. Schimmel, D.		
10.	L. Bleecker, P., R.		
11.	J. Kerrigan, D.*		
12.	J. D. Kelly, D.*		
13.	J. C. Campbell, D.*		
14.	R. L. Tudor, D.*		
15.	A. Ellenbogen, R.		
16.	M. G. McCue, D.*		
17.	M. Elsner, D., P.*		
18.	M. Goldberg, D.*		
19.	T. F. Denney, D.*		
20.	P. J. McGrath, D.*		
21.	D. Nelson, R.		
22.	B. E. Moore, P., R.		
23.	S. Crane, R.		
24.	O. M. Kiernan, D.*		
25.	F. R. Stoddard, R.		
26.	J. Heinberg, P.		
27.	S. M. Meyer, P., R.		
28.	G. F. Fiedler, P., R.		
29.	H. Conkling, R.		
30.	E. S. Boylston, R., P.		
31.	M. Schaap, P.*		
32.	L. P. Grimler, R.		
33.	T. J. Lane, D.*		
34.	P. J. McMahon, D.*		
35.	H. D. Patton, P., R.		
	NIAGARA		
1.	W. Bewley, R.		
2.	J. W. Williams, D.		
	ONEIDA		
1.	F. F. Emden, D.*		
2.	C. F. Fuess, R.		
3.	J. R. Fuller, R.*		
	ONONDAGA		
1.	E. Arntz, R.		
2.	G. M. Haight, D.		
3.	J. Buechler, R.		
	ONTARIO		
H.	E. Wheeler, R.		
	ORANGE		
1.	J. B. Montgomery, R.		
2.	C. J. Boyd, R.		
	ORLEANS		
C.	P. Wright, D., P.		
	OSWEGO		
T.	C. Sweet, R.*		
	OTSEGO		
G.	L. Rocker, R.		
	PUTNAM		
H.	Fish P., D.		
	QUEENS		
1.	N. Nehrbauer, D.		
2.	P. G. McGarry, D.		
3.	C. Garbe, R.		
4.	J. S. Dean, R., P.		
	RENSSELAER		
1.	C. F. Schwarz, D.*		
2.	T. D. Taylor, D.*		
	RICHMOND		
C.	D. Van Name, D.		
	ROCKLAND		
R.	C. Dunlop P., R.		
	ST. LAWRENCE		
1.	F. A. Secker, R.*		
2.	J. A. Smith, R.*		
	SARATOGA		
G.	T. Scobie, R.*		
	SCHENECTADY		
A.	P. Soules, D., P.*		
	SCHOHARIE		
E.	A. Gebo, R., P.*		
	SCHUYLER		
H.	S. Howard, R., P.		
	SENECA		
W.	J. Meier, R.		
	STEUBEN		
1.	C. A. Brenner, D.*		
2.	J. L. Seeley D.*		
	SUFFOLK		
1.	D. C. Talmage, R.		
2.	H. A. Murphy, R.		
	SULLIVAN		
G.	H. Smith, D.		
	TIOGA		
W.	S. Moore, R.		
	TOMPKINS		
J.	W. Prosser, R., P.		
	ULSTER		
1.	H. R. DeWitt, R.		
2.	A. LaFevre, R.		
	WARREN		
H.	E. H. Brereton, R.*		
	WASHINGTON		
C.	D. Pratt, R.		
	WAYNE		
W.	A. Wilson, R.		
	WESTCHESTER		
1.	G. Blakely, R.		
2.	A. L. Martin, D., P.		
3.	W. W. Law, Jr., R.		
4.	F. D. Hopkins, R.		
	WYOMING		
J.	Knight, R.*		
	YATES		
E.	C. Gillett, R., P.*		

*Re-elected.

Recapitulation.

Republican	85
Democratic	48
Progressive	17
Total	150

CINCINNATI OUSTS HUNT.

Spiegel, Republican, Wins as Result of Split Among Democrats.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 4.—The entire Republican ticket, headed by Frederick S. Spiegel for Mayor, won a victory in to-day's election. With fifty precincts yet to be heard from out of 422, the Republican candidate's majority over Mayor Henry T. Hunt, Democrat, is estimated at close to 5,000.

The Democrats lost heavily in their own strongholds. Their defeat

quence of the intolerable conditions of a corrupt machine and leadership.

"The campaign and its incidents are now historical, and as Mayor I shall invite the co-operation of Judge McCall as Chairman of the Public Service Commission in carrying out the plans for rapid transit in the city."

Candidate McCall said nothing. He went to bed early, after hearing the worst from his campaign manager, Joseph Johnson, and couldn't be reached by reporters.

In Brooklyn Mr. McCooey, ally of Mr. Murphy, was as thoroughly routed as was Tammany in Manhattan, losing his county ticket and more than half his Assemblymen and Aldermen. Pounds, the Fusion nominee for Borough President, was elected by about 47,107 plurality in the Mitchel wave that swept the borough.

There is one consolation for Mr. McCooey. He saves his $9,000 chief clerkship by having re-elected Surrogate Ketcham by about 5,000.

The tangle of candidates in the Bronx produced some odd results in comparison with the rest of the city. Matthewson, (Rep.,) was elected Borough President by close to 20,000 in the three-cornered fight, defeating both the Progressive and Democratic candidates. The Democrats elect the county officers.

Queens elected Borough President Connolly by about 11,000, approximately the same plurality that the borough gave to Mitchel. The Democratic ticket fared badly otherwise, electing only two Coroners, one Assemblyman, and one Alderman

In Richmond, where also there were three tickets, George Cromwell, (Rep.,) the veteran Borough President, defeated, after a close contest, Charles A. McCormick, (Dem.) by 1,426.

These tables show the city vote in detail:

MAYOR.

BOROUGH RECAPITULATION.

Borough.	McCALL Dem.	MITCHEL Fus.	RUSSELL Soc.	E.D. Msg.
Manhattan ..	90,295	120,150	10,849	35
Bronx	24,127	43,367	5,280	13
Brooklyn	75,162	120,396	11,197	19
Queens	19,060	32,030	2,761	8
Richmond ...	6,935	8,447	247	0
Total.....	224,579	333,390	30,334	...

75 election districts missing out of total of 1,780.

Mitchel's plurality on above returns, 108,811.

Mitchel's estimated total plurality, 113,227.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	McCALL Dem.	MITCHEL Fus.	RUSSELL Soc.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	2,925	2,026	46	2
2.....	3,354	2,190	127	0
3.....	4,371	1,834	174	2
4.....	2,883	2,105	666	0
5.....	4,478	2,408	108	0
6.....	1,363	3,559	674	0
7.....	3,018	2,405	125	3
8.....	2,370	2,835	689	0
9.....	3,401	2,224	159	0
10.....	1,760	3,383	655	1
11.....	4,185	2,978	157	0
12.....	4,524	2,083	355	0
13.....	3,724	2,283	97	0
14.....	3,919	3,031	218	0
15.....	2,925	2,026	46	0
16.....	3,490	2,996	262	0
17.....	2,521	5,534	194	4
18.....	3,238	3,434	534	8
19.....	3,974	7,533	352	5
20.....	3,139	3,224	712	0
21.....	3,293	6,551	315	3
22.....	2,916	3,817	892	0
23.....	7,357	15,515	892	0
24.....	2,699	2,126	588	0
25.....	2,538	4,532	136	0
26.....	1,834	3,302	659	5
27.....	2,927	3,836	60	0
28.....	2,143	2,506	315	0
29.....	2,799	5,592	132	0
30 (part).....	3,371	4,170	370	1
31.....	2,529	7,622	413	0
Total.....	99,295	120,150	10,849	35

35 election districts missing out of total of 734.

BRONX.

A. D.	McCALL Dem.	MITCHEL Fus.	RUSSELL Soc.	E.D. Msg.
30 (part).....	1,191	1,548	221	0
32.....	7,141	12,961	1,206	4
33.....	3,087	5,932	906	2
34.....	6,000	12,671	1,800	5
35.....	6,208	12,671	1,800	5
Total.....	24,127	43,367	5,280	13

13 election districts missing out of total of 216.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	McCALL Dem.	MITCHEL Fus.	RUSSELL Soc.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	2,544	3,487	143	2
2.....	3,354	2,190	127	0
3.....	3,632	1,991	68	1
4.....	2,649	4,225	316	2
5.....	2,546	7,111	224	5
6.....	1,662	4,384	648	8
7.....	3,121	2,225	150	2
8.....	3,454	2,943	148	0
9.....	3,330	5,249	598	3
10.....	2,290	3,521	162	0
11.....	2,984	5,336	155	1
12.....	3,633	7,072	236	1
13.....	2,952	3,611	332	0
14.....	2,949	3,060	290	0
15.....	3,795	3,339	259	0
16.....	6,010	11,528	555	0
17.....	2,296	6,767	231	0
18.....	4,524	10,508	337	5
19.....	2,458	3,897	890	0
20.....	2,269	5,386	553	1
21.....	1,393	2,910	824	0
22.....	4,817	13,687	1,725	0
23.....	3,600	8,202	2,206	0
Total.....	75,162	120,396	11,197	19

19 election districts missing out of total of 624.

QUEENS.

A. D.	McCALL Dem.	MITCHEL Fus.	RUSSELL Soc.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	4,310	5,521	536	1
2.....	4,073	4,849	314	4
3.....	6,152	11,646	1,517	6
4.....	4,525	10,014	394	3
Total.....	19,060	32,030	2,761	8

8 election districts missing out of total of 161.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	McCALL Dem.	MITCHEL Fus.	RUSSELL Soc.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	6,935	*8,447	247	0

0 election districts missing out of total of 45.

SHERIFF—MANHATTAN.

A.D.	DIETZ Dem.	GRIFFENHAGEN Fus.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	3,456	2,251	..
2.....	3,555	2,202	..
3.....	3,921	1,811	3
4.....	2,883	2,079	..
5.....	4,250	2,153	27
6.....	1,115	2,979	3
7.....	3,515	2,611	1
8.....	2,347	2,805	..
9.....	3,116	1,904	2
10.....	1,639	3,004	2
11.....	4,284	2,851	..
12.....	4,259	1,960	1
13.....	3,380	2,022	2
14.....	3,773	2,777	1
15.....	2,506	5,136	5
16.....	3,562	2,892	..
17.....	2,371	5,638	4
18.....	3,289	3,331	..
19.....	3,288	5,458	15
20.....	3,264	3,059	..
21.....	2,505	5,339	10
22.....	3,071	3,578	..
23.....	6,205	13,010	11
24.....	2,857	1,760	1
25.....	2,555	1,498	..
26.....	1,951	3,110	5
27.....	2,235	3,066	..
28.....	2,178	2,464	0
29.....	2,279	4,843	8
30 (part).....	2,342	3,156	6
31.....	2,036	6,176	5
Total.....	94,557	110,827	107

107 election districts missing out of total of 734.

Plurality for Gritsenhagen, 16,270.

CONTROLLER.

BOROUGH RECAPITULATION.

Borough.	METZ Dem.	PRENDERGAST Fus.	SUTRO I. L.	E.D. Msg.
Manhattan	100,989	108,446	11,318	43
Bronx	23,694	32,715	5,748	24
Brooklyn...	81,798	99,957	13,596	46
Queens	24,041	23,543	3,672	8
Richmond..	6,685	6,243	475	5
Total.....	241,868	276,103	39,064	...

100 election districts missing out of total of 1,780.

Prendergast's plurality, 34,235.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	METZ Dem.	PRENDERGAST Fus.	SUTRO I. L.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	3,530	1,918	223	0
2.....	3,570	2,032	176	0
3.....	4,314	1,660	151	2
4.....	2,911	1,974	62	0
5.....	4,416	1,871	304	1
6.....	1,232	3,701	26	1
7.....	3,729	2,401	346	0
8.....	2,376	2,695	67	0
9.....	3,473	1,728	384	0
10.....	1,718	2,876	163	2
11.....	4,326	2,308	580	0
12.....	4,605	1,796	258	0
13.....	3,609	1,752	385	1
14.....	3,866	2,352	370	1
15.....	2,524	4,832	274	6
16.....	3,586	2,444	379	0
17.....	2,592	5,107	349	4
18.....	3,371	2,739	503	0
19.....	4,181	7,080	603	6
20.....	3,269	2,558	479	0
21.....	3,340	5,950	569	3
22.....	3,121	2,936	810	0
23.....	7,286	12,983	1,550	4
24.....	2,525	1,511	349	2
25.....	2,479	4,063	291	1
26.....	2,086	3,137	229	4
27.....	2,271	3,741	193	0
28.....	2,188	2,259	225	0
29.....	2,828	5,321	250	0
30 (part)...	3,191	3,203	446*	3
31.....	2,476	6,558	349	2
Total...	100,989	108,446	11,318	43

43 election districts missing out of a total of 734.

BRONX.

A. D.	METZ Dem.	PRENDERGAST Fus.	SUTRO I. L.	E.D. Msg.
30 (part)...	1,258	1,219	253	..
32.....	6,837	9,711	1,534	8
33.....	3,399	4,192	1,088	5
34.....	5,041	5,930	1,688	9
35.....	6,559	8,663	1,185	2
Total...	23,694	32,715	5,748	24

24 election districts missing out of a total of 216.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	METZ Dem.	PRENDERGAST Fus.	SUTRO I. L.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	3,066	3,434	298	1
2.....	3,360	1,691	271	0
3.....	4,022	1,639	301	0
4.....	2,763	3,217	342	2
5.....	3,006	5,781	551	2
6.....	1,708	3,435	341	4
7.....	3,296	2,534	447	2
8.....	3,499	2,159	388	1
9.....	5,565	6,791	1,367	2
10.....	3,705	4,771	367	0
11.....	5,544	4,936	408	0
12.....	4,239	5,745	420	2
13.....	3,363	2,799	391	0
14.....	3,276	2,327	426	0
15.....	3,193	2,270	492	4
16.....	5,733	7,923	1,241	8
17.....	2,661	5,520	382	1
18.....	4,903	8,551	759	7
19.....	2,648	2,924	608	0
20.....	2,600	3,578	671	4
21.....	1,571	2,342	310	0
22.....	5,774	9,695	1,887	4
23.....	4,194	5,895	928	2
Total..	81,798	99,057	13,596	...

46 election districts missing out of a total of 624.

QUEENS.

A. D.	METZ Dem.	PRENDERGAST Fus.	SUTRO I. L.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	5,309	3,940	697	1
2.....	5,375	4,012	675	1
3.....	8,115	7,901	1,530	1
4.....	5,242	7,690	770	5
Total ...	24,041	23,543	3,672	8

8 election districts missing out of a total of 161.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	METZ Dem.	PRENDERGAST Fus.	SUTRO I. L.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	6,814	6,245	503	0

BOROUGH PRESIDENTS.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	DARLINGTON Dem.	MARKS Fus.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	2,934	1,903	2
2.....	3,257	2,061	1
3.....	3,889	1,839	3
4.....	2,883	2,084	10
5.....	4,024	2,102	2
6.....	1,332	3,981	0
7.....	3,706	2,751	0
8.....	2,301	2,876	0
9.....	2,961	2,060	2
10.....	1,436	2,795	3
11.....	3,770	2,486	3
12.....	4,536	2,035	0
13.....	3,741	2,237	0
14.....	3,871	2,742	4
15.....	2,077	3,980	10
16.....	3,514	2,912	0
17.....	2,080	4,607	8
18.....	3,275	3,433	0
19.....	2,673	4,746	18
20.....	2,892	2,835	2
21.....	2,657	5,396	8
22.....	3,013	3,668	0
23.....	5,878	11,909	15
24.....	2,091	1,521	4
25.....	2,342	3,974	5
26.....	1,824	3,229	2
27.....	2,323	3,882	0
28.....	3,040	2,353	1
29.....	2,390	4,881	3
30 (part).....	2,691	2,843	8
31.....	2,028	3,605	5
Total	91,348	106,359	...

116 election districts missing out of total of 734.

Plurality of 15,011.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	MANN Dem.	POUNDS Fus.	E.D. Msg.
1	2,274	3,319	4
2	2,801	1,765	3
3	3,900	2,058	..
4	3,021	4,715	0
5	2,703	6,617	2
6	1,454	3,759	4
7	3,540	3,491	0
8	3,490	2,892	0
9	4,824	7,773	2
10	3,194	5,924	0
11	3,000	5,371	1
12	3,472	6,632	2
13	3,220	3,307	0
14	3,054	2,953	0
15	3,512	3,340	2
16	4,503	9,099	11
17	2,098	6,123	2
18	3,677	8,644	12
19	2,879	3,335	0
20	2,908	5,050	0
21	1,492	2,504	1
22	4,670	10,913	7
23	3,341	6,800	4
Total	72,981	115,509	57

57 election districts missing out of total of 624.

Plurality of Pounds, 42,528.

QUEENS.

A. D.	CONNOLLY Dem.	SMITH Fus.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	5,171	4,336	2
2.....	6,366	2,831	4
3.....	10,290	6,782	3
4.....	8,565	5,765	3
Total.....	30,382	19,714	12

12 election districts missing out of total of 161.

Plurality of 10,668.

VOTE FOR ALDERMEN.

RICHMOND.

Dist.	Vote.	Plurality.	E.D. Msg.
71. W. Fink, D.....	2,143	84	..
71. J. J. Santry, R.&I.L.	2,059	.....	..
71. John Anderson, N. P	457	.....	..
72. J. J. O'Rourke, N. P.	2,996	1,986	..
72. M. G. Krauss, R&IL	1,986	.....	..
73. C. P. Cole, D.....	2,228	346	..
73. G. W. DuBois,R&IL	1,882	.....	..
73. A. H. McGeehan,NP	964	.....	..
Total	94,557	110,827	107

107 election districts missing out of total of 734.

Plurality for Gritsenhagen, 16,270.

PRESIDENT OF ALDERMEN.

BOROUGH RECAPITULATION.

Borough.	McGOLDEN Dem.	ANENY Fus.	SIMMONS I.L.	E.D. Msg.
Manhattan..	90,788	100,373	10,904	86
Bronx	19,473	26,407	4,561	0
Brooklyn....	73,837	107,249	14,477	45
Queens	20,266	24,452	4,169	14
Richmond...	6,522	6,683	520	4
Total....210,886		264,864	34,631	...

149 election districts missing out of total of 1,780.

Plurality of 53,978 for McAneny.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	McGOLDEN Dem.	ANENY Fus.	SIMMONS I.L.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	3,441	1,986	332	0
2.....	1,863	1,858	204	2
3.....	3,859	1,700	164	3
4.....	2,696	1,992	61	0
5.....	4,585	2,017	341	0
6.....	1,033	2,654	29	4
7.....	3,252	2,271	327	2
8.....	2,224	2,516	93	1
9.....	3,426	1,690	388	0
10.....	1,490	2,623	166	3
11.....	4,131	2,292	461	1
12.....	4,548	1,727	201	0
13.....	3,500	2,677	382	2
14.....	3,947	2,496	409	0
15.....	1,771	3,446	215	13
16.....	3,197	2,256	354	2
17.....	2,174	4,895	330	6
18.....	3,193	2,850	521	0
19.....	3,461	5,790	549	11
20.....	3,397	2,743	468	0
21.....	2,627	5,124	533	7
22.....	2,995	3,014	660	0
23.....	6,621	11,080	1,468	10
24.....	2,226	1,382	213	3
25.....	2,453	4,343	275	0
26.....	1,861	2,332	232	5
27.....	2,114	3,888	205	0
28.....	2,031	2,134	206	1
29.....	2,332	5,047	255	2
30 (part)...	2,953	3,089	421	4
31.....	2,113	5,906	361	4
Total...	90,788	100,373	10,904	

Eighty-six election districts missing out of total of 734.

BRONX.

A. D.	McGOLDEN Dem.	ANENY Fus.	SIMMONS I.L.	E.D. Msg.
30 (part)....	1,263	1,207	280	0
32.....	5,854	8,108	1,337	0
33.....	3,350	4,028	880	0
34.....	4,657	7,314	1,329	0
35.....	4,349	5,750	755	0
Total....	19,473	26,407	4,561	...

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	McGOLDEN Dem.	ANENY Fus.	SIMMONS I.L.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	2,695	3,748	325	1
2.....	3,157	1,685	306	1
3.....	3,876	1,742	326	..
4.....	2,634	3,517	382	3
5.....	2,562	6,561	611	1
6.....	1,388	6,760	435	3
7.....	3,489	2,794	488	1
8.....	3,360	2,284	400	1
9.....	5,795	7,008	1,476	2
10.....	3,176	5,216	412	..
11.....	2,941	5,271	522	..
12.....	3,034	5,690	392	5
13.....	3,121	2,892	449	..
14.....	3,042	2,505	450	..
15.....	3,513	2,743	569	2
16.....	5,185	8,345	1,394	8
17.....	2,220	6,357	428	..
18.....	4,152	9,559	767	8
19.....	2,337	2,915	631	1
20.....	2,329	5,400	754	2
21.....	2,433	2,398	371	..
22.....	4,689	9,420	1,729	4
23.....	3,481	6,451	860	2
Total	73,837	107,249	14,477	

45 election districts missing out of total of 624.

QUEENS.

A. D.	McGOLDEN Dem.	ANENY Fus.	SIMMONS I.L.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	4,265	3,903	715	2
2.....	4,502	3,780	997	4
3.....	6,946	7,976	1,572	3
4.....	4,553	8,493	895	4
Total....	20,766	24,152	4,169	

14 election districts missing out of total of 161.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	McGOLDEN Dem.	ANENY Fus.	SIMMONS I.L.	E.D. Msg.
1.....	6,522	6,683	520	4

4 election districts missing out of total of 45.

ALDERMEN ELECTED.

Aldermen elected, Manhattan, complete:

1st—Bernard E. Donnelly, Democrat.
2d—Michael Stapleton, Democrat, re-elected.
3d—John J. White, Democrat, re-elected.
4th—William H. Burns, Democratic-Independence, re-elected.
5th—Joseph M. Hannan, Democrat, re-elected.
6th—Frank J. Detzler, Republican-Independence, re-elected.
7th—Frank L. Dowling, Democrat, re-elected.
8th—Louis Jacobson, Republican-Progressive.
9th—John F. McCourt, Democrat-Independence, re-elected.
10th—Frank Dostal, Jr., Republican-Progressive.
11th—Louis Wendel, Jr., Democrat, re-elected.
12th—William P. Kenneally, Democrat, re-elected.
13th—John McCann, Democrat, re-elected.
14th—William J. Lein, Democrat.
15th—William F. Quinn, Republican-Independence.
16th—John T. Eagan, Democrat, re-elected.
17th—Daniel M. Bedell, Republican-Independence.
18th—James J. Nugent, Democrat, re-elected.
19th—William D. Brush, Republican, Independence, re-elected.
20th—John J. Reardon, Democrat, re-elected.
21st—Oscar E. Igstaedter, Republican, Independence-Progressive.
22d—Henry Ottes, Republican-Independence-Progressive.
23d—John H. Boschen, Republican-Independence-Progressive.
24th—John A. Bollos, Republican-Independence.
25th—Charles Delaney, Democrat; re-elected.
26th—Harry H. Curran, Republican-Progressive-Independence; re-elected.
27th—James F. Muller, Democrat-Independence.
28th—Joseph W. Spencer, Republican-Progressive.
29th—Frederick Trau, Republican-Independence-Progressive.
30th—Ralph Folks, Republican-Independence-Progressive; re-elected.
31st—Hyman Parker, Republican-Independence-Progressive.
32d—William Duggan, Republican-Independence-Progressive.
33d—William H. Cheross, Progressive.
34th—Anthony J. McNally, Republican.
35th—Peter Schweickert, Democrat.
36th—Joseph C. Luke, Republican, elected by one vote.
37th—James R. Ferguson, Democrat.
38th—Henry Robitzek, Democrat.
39th—James Hamilton, Republican-Progressive. Independence League, re-elected.
40th—Jacob Well, Republican-Independence League-Progressive, re-elected.
41st—Frederick H. Wilmot, Republican Progressive Independence League, re-elected.

BRONX COUNTY OFFICERS.

Democrats Elect County Judge, Surrogate, and District Attorney.

The contest in the Bronx for County Judge, Surrogate, District Attorney, Surrogate and County Clerk was close, and the returns from 160 election districts (56 missing) indicate the election of the Democratic candidates. The incomplete totals follow:

County Judge.—Van Doran, (Dem.) 18,791; Gibbs, (Rep.) 18,763; Davis, (Nat. Prog.) 12,666.

Surrogate.—Schulz, (Dem.) 19,765; Boyle, (Rep.) 16,581; Millard, (Nat. Prog.) 13,940.

District Attorney.—Martin, (Dem.) 18,196; Ten Eycke, (Rep.) 15,295; Press, (Nat. Prog.) 15,983.

County Clerk.—Ganly, (Dem.) 18,538; Herbst, (Rep.) 16,635; Hennessy, (Nat. Prog.) 14,576.

COURT OF APPEALS.

CHIEF JUDGE.

County.	BARTLETT Dem.	WERNER Rep.
Albany	....	7,925
Allegany	....	800
Broome	....	2,100
Cattaraugus	....	1,000
Cayuga	....	1,994
Chautauqua	....	3,500
Chemung	....	651
Chenango	....	1,800
Clinton	....	500
Columbia	....	998
Cortland	....	1,345
Delaware	....	500
Dutchess	....	2,000
Erie	....	1,500
Essex	....	850
Franklin	....	1,200
Fulton	....	1,250
Genesee	....	1,500
Greene	300	....
Hamilton	....	....
Herkimer	....	500
Jefferson	....	1,200
Kings	16,000	....
Lewis	....	....
Livingston	....	800
Madison	....	1,000
Monroe	....	10,262
Montgomery	....	1,249
Nassau	....	1,553
New York	27,000	....
Niagara	....	1,700
Oneida	....	....
Onondaga	....	1,200
Ontario	....	1,200
Orange	....	2,000
Orleans	....	500
Oswego	....	2,500
Otsego	....	500
Putnam	....	175
Queens	6,000	....
Rensselaer	2,563	....
Richmond	700	....
Rockland	....	....
St. Lawrence	....	2,000
Saratoga	....	1,200
Schenectady	982	....
Schoharie	500	....
Schuyler	....	600
Seneca	....	200
Steuben	....	600
Suffolk	....	1,500
Sullivan	300	....
Tioga	....	561
Tompkins	....	658
Ulster	....	1,150
Warren	....	800
Washington	....	1,000
Wayne	....	700
Westchester	....	3,200
Wyoming	....	1,800
Yates	....	994
Total	55,754	76,797
Estimated plurality, 21,043		

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

County.	ELKUS Dem.	HISCOCK Rep.
Albany	....	7,608
Allegany	....	800
Broome	....	2,100
Cattaraugus	....	1,000
Cayuga	....	1,994
Chautauqua	....	3,500
Chemung	....	650
Chenango	....	1,800
Clinton	....	....
Columbia	....	935
Cortland	....	1,388
Delaware	....	500
Dutchess	....	2,000
Erie	....	1,500
Essex	....	850
Franklin	....	1,200
Fulton	....	1,250
Genessee	....	1,500
Greene	300	....
Hamilton	....	....
Herkimer	....	500
Jefferson	....	1,200
Kings	16,000	....
Lewis	....	....
Livingston	....	800
Madison	....	1,000
Monroe	....	9,820
Montgomery	....	1,257
Nassau	....	3,730
New York	27,000	....
Niagara	....	1,700
Onelda	....	....
Onondaga	....	1,200
Ontario	....	1,200
Orange	....	2,000
Orleans	....	500
Oswego	....	2,500
Otsego	....	500
Putnam	....	175
Queens	6,000	....
Rensselaer	2,563	....
Richmond	700	....
Rockland	....	....
St. Lawrence	....	2,000
Saratoga	....	1,200
Schenectady	982	....
Schoharie	500	....
Schuyler	....	600
Seneca	....	200
Steuben	....	600
Suffolk	....	1,500
Sullivan	300	....
Tioga	....	561
Tompkins	....	658
Ulster	....	1,150
Warren	....	800
Washington	....	1,000
Wayne	....	700
Westchester	....	3,200
Wyoming	....	1,800
Yates	....	978
Total	54,345	77,723
Estimated plurality, 23,378.		

KINGS COUNTY TICKET.

Fusionists Elect Judges and Sheriff —Surrogate for McCooey.

In Kings County the Fusionists won the fight for County Judges and Sheriff, but probably lost the Surrogate to Mr. McCooy's man. The returns on the Judges came in slowly, with 517 districts to be heard from. The total stood: Richards, (Dem.,) 14,458; Fuller, (Dem.,) 17,702; Fawcett, (Fusion,) 22,307; Dike, (Fusion,) 18,727.

In the contest for Sheriff returns from 400 election districts indicate the election of Lewis M. Swasey, (Rep., Ind. L.) The vote totals are: Swasey, 60,934; Philip P. Farley (Dem.,) 50,978; Gustave W. Thompson (Nat. Prog.,) 16,229.

The total for Surrogate, with 572 districts missing, stood at 11,833 votes for Ketcham, (Dem. Nat. Prog. and 5,752 for Egginton, (Rep. Ind. L.)

SHERIFF—KINGS.

A.D.	FARLEY Dem.	SWASEY Fus. N.	THOMPSON Prog.	E.D. Mg.
1.....	2,613	3,100	749	2
2.....	2,949	1,518	370	2
3.....	3,678	1,633	361	1
4.....	2,398	2,999	718	4
5.....	2,598	5,066	182	3
6.....	1,582	3,262	1,122	3
7.....	3,459	2,747	461	1
8.....	3,525	2,333	660	..
9.....	5,130	6,178	1,639	4
10.....	3,112	4,023	1,064	2
11.....	5,081	3,005	1,166	1
12.....	3,398	5,300	1,097	3
13.....	3,141	2,558	724	..
14.....	2,891	1,854	910	1
15.....	3,527	2,706	546	2
16.....	5,098	7,107	2,082	9
17.....	2,381	5

FIGHT JUST BEGUN, MITCHEL SAYS

Asks Militant Co-operation of Public to Make Struggle for Good Government Complete.

McANENY SEES NEW ERA

Outcome of the Election Is Full of Promise for New York, New President of Aldermen Says.

John Purroy Mitchel, Mayor-elect of New York, as soon as he was assured of his victory, issued this statement last night:

"The sincere personal gratification I feel is tempered by my sense of deep responsibility to my fellow citizens. This is not a personal triumph but a victory for the cause of good government. I shall be Mayor for all the people of New York and not for any faction, division or party. I have but one ambition and that is to make New York City the best governed municipality in America.

"To Judge McCall I extend my sincere personal greetings. He has reaped the whirlwind and suffered the consequences of the intolerable conditions of a corrupt machine and leadership. The campaign and its incidents are now historical and as Mayor I shall invite the co-operation of Judge McCall as Chairman of the Public Service Commission in carrying out the plans for rapid transit in the city.

"To every man who as officer, soldier in the ranks, or citizen has given of his heart and service to this fight I express my warmest gratitude. But the fight for good government has just begun and I ask for the militant co-operation of every citizen for its complete accomplishment.

"JOHN PURROY MITCHEL."

George McAneny, President-elect of the Board of Aldermen, had this to say when he was certain that he was elected:

"I certainly say now that I am immensely gratified at the result of the election to-day. The impressive plurality rolled up for the Fusion ticket is to be taken as registering hearty approval on the part of the voters for the last four years. It shows that the people can be depended upon to realize when they have been served faithfully and well.

"This is the first time in the history of the greater city that a non-partisan administration has succeeded itself, and it is an outcome full of promise for New York. We may now look forward to a steady improvement in the government of the city, and to the final and complete overthrow of a machine which has dominated our political affairs for a century or more."

William A. Prendergast received the election returns at his home, 500 Fifth Street, Brooklyn. At 11:30 o'clock, when his election was assured, he issued this statement:

"I am greatly gratified at the apparent result, especially under the circumstances, considering the many attacks made upon me in the campaign. That is all that I can say, except to express my thanks to the press for its support of me."

Mr. Mitchel received the returns at his home, 258 Riverside Drive. He was worn out by the hard work of the campaign, and was not able to speak above a whisper. No one was admitted to see him but his intimate friends. With him and Mrs. Mitchel dined Dudley Field Malone, Third Assistant Secretary of State; Job E. Hedges, who ran for Governor last year on the Republican ticket; Mr. and Mrs. Ogden L. Mills; George B. Muller, his law partner; Arthur H. Woods, ex-Deputy Police Commissioner; George H. Bell, his campaign secretary, and ex-Senator Martin G. Saxe.

The early returns were received by Mr. Mitchel by telegraph. A little before 10 o'clock, when Murphy had conceded his election, he dictated and sent down to the reporters his statement.

The Mayor-elect came down to the Fifth Avenue Building about 10 o'clock, and went to his office on the ninth floor. He was unrecognized on the way, but as soon as he was known to be at his desk his supporters stormed his inner office. He was almost overwhelmed by the hands thrust out to greet him, and it was with the utmost difficulty that, with his husky voice, he could reply to the congratulations.

Then he came into the outer office, where he was surrounded again by those eager to congratulate him. Mrs. Borden Harriman was the first to tell him how pleased she was at his success and then the new Mayor went around the room shaking hands with the men and women who had gathered to wish him well. Then the Mayor-elect received the reporters.

"What are you going to do to oust Murphy?" he was asked.

"What I have said already I should do," he replied. "I shall do nothing to recognize him. As I have said all along, I shall do my best to put him out of business."

"What do you think of the results in Brooklyn?" asked a Brooklyn reporter.

"Brooklyn is even more so than it used to be," Mr. Mitchel replied, "in refusing to be led by the Tiger."

Just then Mayor Kline was seen forcing his way through the crush about his successor. He shook Mr. Mitchel's hand and said:

"Accept my warmest congratulations, but it was a foregone conclusion."

Asked about his plans for a rest after his campaign, Mr. Mitchel said that he would not go away for a day or two, but that he would then depart from the city. Mr. Mitchel stayed a few minutes with Mr. Adamson, Mr. Price, and his other principal supporters, and then left the headquarters with the announcement that he had just one thing in mind at the moment, which was to get home and go to bed.

When Mayor Kline was asked if everything had gone well with his personal campaign for Alderman in Brooklyn he replied:

"If I am not all right in Brooklyn I shall hold you personally responsible. But so far I have not received any returns of any sort."

At about 10:30 o'clock when there could be no doubt of the general result Robert Adamson, who as campaign manager of the Fusion Committee, has borne the chief burden of the fight, issued this statement in which he predicted that this defeat of Tammany Hall was really a final one:

"Mr. Mitchel has been elected Mayor and we have elected a majority of the Board of Estimate. It looks as if Mr. Connolly has been elected in Queens and Mr. McCormack in Richmond, but the great thing is that the executive head of the city and control of the great appropriating body of the municipality have been saved from the rapacious clutch of Tammany Hall.

"The election of Mr. Mitchel not only means cleaner politics in this city, but it means a revival and purified Democracy. Tammany Hall, as it existed up to the close of the polls this afternoon and as it has always existed, can never come back. I know Tammany Hall has been beaten often, but has always come back. But it is different now.

"We have gone through ten years of political education, ten years of political progress. A mediaeval organization, brutal, tyrannical and selfish, operating through an arrogant head, can never control the destinies of this city. The great impulse forward this day has given to decent government and clean ideals will not only sweep the Tammany of to-day into the waste heap, but it will carry forward not only the democracy of this city, but all parties to a higher plane. The task which now invites the real Democrats of this city is the rebuilding and reorganization of their own party in this State, so that Democrats may have a party here for which they do not have to blush before all the world. And that task we may be assured will be promptly taken up and thoroughly performed.

"As for the coming administration of the city government, every good citizen has cause to rejoice that such splendid and patriotic men have been selected to carry it on. Mr. Mitchel is young, fearless, and able, and I predict that he will be a memorable Mayor. And the city is especially fortunate that we are not to lose the services of such men as Mr. McAneny and Mr. Prendergast. Their defeat would have been a public calamity. I would like to add just one word. Much has been said about the bitterness of the campaign. I would like to remind the public—for in the noise and excitement that fact may have been overlooked—Mr. Mitchel, Mr. McAneny, and Mr. Prendergast have indulged in no personal animosities or unpleasant personalities. It is a great source of gratification to me personally that I have also been guiltless of indulging in any personalities."

Joseph M. Price, Chairman of the Fusion Executive Committee, made this comment last night upon the returns:

"There has never been any doubt in my mind that the citizens of New York would not tolerate a return of Tammany government in this town, nor do I believe they ever will. There can never in this day and generation after the splendid example we have had in the last four years be a return to any other kind of municipal government. We all look forward confidently to a continuation of the new era of municipal affairs in this city."

Ogden L. Mills, manager of Mr. Mitchel's personal campaign, made this statement:

"The citizens of New York are to be congratulated on a new Declaration of Independence. Tammany Hall and Tammany rule are things of the past, and an era of good government is begun. This city has in the persons of Mitchel and his associates public servants who will serve no interest but the public, and will put our city government on a permanently sound basis. Nov. 4, 1913, will be long remembered."

With none of the candidates at Fusion headquarters in the Fifth Avenue Building, the first returns were received there with little excitement. Robert Adamson, Fusion campaign manager; Joseph B. Price, Chairman of the Fusion Executive Committee, and the other leaders in the fight were so confident of the final result that they received the first bulletins announcing their success with perfect equanimity.

Samuel S. Koenig, Republican County Chairman, was the first to tell them how the election was going. He telephoned to say that in a Tammany Assembly district one election district had given Mr. Mitchel a 3 to 1 plurality. It was taken as a matter of course, and it was not thought worth while even to flash it on the screen erected in the main office.

By degrees may persons gathered in front of this. Many women were among them, and the real returns as they were received were displayed to them by the telautograph. When the returns were slow the operator made sketches to show how the leaders in the Fusion fight would look when they received the glad news. He won applause by showing Charles F. Murphy in "A November Morn."

Meanwhile in the large room outside of Mr. Mitchel's personal headquarters, on the ninth floor of the Fifth Avenue Building, there was another gathering composed of Mr. Mitchel's personal friends and those invited by the men who had been on his own staff in the campaign. Among them were Mrs. Borden Harriman, Oren Root, H. de Forrest Baldwin, and Miss Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Jay, Mr. and Mrs. Burlingham, Miss Lovell, Herbert H. and Mrs. Parsons, Henry Bruere, Dr. Henry Moskowitz, and Borough President Cyrus C. Miller of the Bronx.

Ogden L. Mills, Mr. Mitchel's personal manager, received the returns in his inner office, and as fast as they could be tabulated they were written down and sent out.

William Randolph Hearst received the returns at the Hotel Plaza last night. When the election of Mr. Mitchel was certain, Mr. Hearst said:

"I am very glad that Mr. Mitchel has been elected, and by so large a majority. A good man has been rewarded for very faithful service."

Mr. Hearst would not discuss the election further.

McANENY FELT SURE.

Early Returns Worried Some Friends at His Headquarters.

To receive the returns of the election the friends of Borough President McAneny gathered last night at his headquarters in the Heidelberg Building, overlooking Times Square. Mrs. McAneny was there, as were most of those who have been associated with the President-elect of the Board of Aldermen in his official life and in his strenuous campaign. Among these were Commissioner of Public Works Frothingham and Mrs. Frothingham, Assistant Commissioner Patterson and Mrs. Patterson, Louis Graves, Bainbridge Colby, Richard Deeves, Miss Lillian Wald of the Henry Street Settlement, Seymour R. Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Arnstein, Prof. Robert E. McAlarney, Harold McAneny and Samuel McAneny, brothers of the President-elect; Mr. and Mrs. William Emerson, and Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Marlin.

As the results were telephoned in and announced to the gathering for a time much anxiety prevailed. Mr. McAneny himself maintained his confidence that he must surely win, but Mr. Goulden, the rural candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, seemed to draw ahead so far and so fast in the early evening that it was not easy for all present to keep up their spirits. They had the crowd around the Times Building to divert them, but the tension was none the less very considerable for an hour or so.

Then as more election districts were heard from it was seen that Mr. McAneny was gaining slowly but surely on his rival. Mr. Mitchel's election was conceded and the Borough President sent a telegram of congratulation to the head of his ticket. Soon after 10 o'clock it was seen that McAneny, too, was safe, and he then dictated the statement, which is printed in another column. As he finished it and came back to his friends there was nothing for him to do but receive their warm congratulations.

HAPGOOD GIVES REASONS.

Says Tammany Was Starved and People Appreciated Good Government

Norman Hapgood, Chairman of the Fusion Committee, said last night:

"Tammany was weakened by four years of starvation and by the public example of what first class city government is. It will be still further weakened in the next four years. It is the first time we have seen eight years of continuous non-partisan expert government and the next four years, I believe, are going to snow the best city government we have ever had.

"This is an example of what the unorganized independent sentiment can do when it is sufficiently stirred, but we ought not to leave it to chance or to the work of any voluntary committee. One thing we very much need to do during the next four years is to stir up public opinion so much that we can win for our city a method of voting that will work like a machine government instead of worknig for it, as the present method does. If, during the next four years, we can win the short ballot and abolish party columns in municipal elections we shall have permanently taken the power away from the machine and put it in the hands of the people."

Do you know of any store where any book in any language can be obtained? It exists:

DUTTON'S BOOK STORE
681 Fifth Ave., at 53rd St.

A Catalogue of books in French and other foreign languages kept constantly in stock will be supplied on request.

Telephone 7400 Plaza.

MURPHY, IN GLOOM, HOPES FOR THE BEST

Says Mitchel's Opponents Join in Wishing Success to His Administration.

McCALL GOES EARLY TO BED

So Visitors Are Told, While Chugging Automobile Waits Outside —His Headquarters Desolate.

In his entire career as leader of Tammany Hall Charles F. Murphy never fought so hard against the inevitable as he did last night. Out of the gloom which settled down upon Tammany Hall early in the evening Mr. Murphy, plainly dreading the worst, showed by his demeanor that while he was willing to concede the defeat of his Mayoralty candidate he would be satisfied if only his county ticket could pull through.

From 8 o'clock in the evening until 11 o'clock Mr. Murphy sat in the large executive room known as the Speakers' Bureau in the Fourteenth Street wigwam and listened to Secretary Tom Smith read off the returns. For an hour and a half Mr. Murphy listened to reports that Herman A. Metz, Joseph Goulden, Dr. Darlington, and other minor Tammany candidates were holding up splendidly in Manhattan Borough, although they were fast slipping behind in the other boroughs.

Then, as the evening wore on, Secretary Smith considerately decided not to read any more figures aloud, but went softly to "the Chief" and whispered the discomforting news in his ear.

"How about a few words, Mr. Murphy?" the newspaper men present asked.

There was a short consultation between Mr. Murphy and Mr. Smith and then this statement was given out as reflecting Mr. Murphy's feelings:

"Result Speaks for Itself."

"The result speaks for itself. Mr. Mitchel has been elected by a majority of the voters. His opponents join in the wish that he may have a successful administration, and hope that it will be of substantial benefit to our city."

While gloom was deep at Tammany Hall, it was almost joyful there in comparison with the scene of desolation at the headquarters of Edward E. McCall, in the Hotel Martinique. Mr. McCall did not apepar there at all during the evening, although a private telegraph wire had been installed and all arrangements made to receive the returns.

Fire Commissioner Joseph Johnson, who managed Mr. McCall's campaign, and Charles Hickey, secretary to Mr. McCall, had charge of affairs there, and read the returns to a sad-faced group of a dozen or more men who had worked hard to elect McCall.

Shortly after 9 o'clock Mr. Johnson called Mr. McCall up on the telephone at his home, at 321 West Eighty-sixth Street, and talked him him a few minutes. Mr. Johnson told Mr. McCall that there was no hope for him, although there seemed to be a chance for the rest of the ticket.

Mr. McCall replied that he had been playing golf with Justice Seabury all day, and that he felt so tired that he did not think he would leave his home.

Turning from the telephone, Mr. Johnson said:

"I concede the election of Mr. Mitchel by 45,000 majority, but I expect the county ticket to pull through. It looks as if Metz and Connolly would be elected. Mr. McCall said that he was tired, and had gone to bed. He had been playing golf all day, and he will not come down here. Mr. McCall said he had sent Mr. Mitchel a telegram of congratulation, and would have nothing to say to the newspaper men."

At Mr. McCall's house a servant who answered the door said that Mr. McCall had not yet returned home, but when Mr. McCall's daughter, Ella, was seen she said that her father was in bed.

"He came home more tired from playing golf than at any time during the campaign," she said, "and he went to bed early."

"You know the result of the election?" she was asked.

"Oh, yes. We had a ticker in the house. It's the toss of a coin in politics. You never know what is going to happen. Father is philosopher enough to realize that."

Miss McCall said that under no circumstances would Mr. McCall be seen by newspaper men. She insisted that he was in bed and asleep at that time. An automobile was outside, and in the hall of the house there were piles of heavy coats and wraps. From the drawing room the sound of many voices could be heard, but Miss McCall said they were "only visitors."

Found Comfort in Early Returns.

It was almost pathetic to see how the Tammany leaders at the Hall grasped at the hope that they might have saved some of their county ticket. At one time everybody seemed to think that Tammany had actually saved the Board of Estimate. It seemed to be taken as a matter of course, after the first few returns came in, that the head of the ticket was hopelessly lost and then interest centred entirely upon what might be left.

As the returns rolled in from the downtown districts, where Tammany is strongest, there was great joy. They showed that the Tammany borough and county candidates were safely ahead, and actually gaining. District after district returned hopeful figures for Herman A. Metz, candidate for Controller, and Joseph A. Goulden, candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen.

For a time the figures showed that Mr. McCall himself was several thousand votes ahead of Mitchel. But every few minutes a bundle of returns would come in from Brooklyn which showed that borough was completely swamping the Democratic vote. Then John H. McCooey, the Kings County Democratic leader was cursed loudly and deeply.

At 8:25 o'clock Mr. Murphy came into the room and all "the faithful" stood up and gave him three cheers. The Tammany Chief smiled in a matter-of-fact way and went to a far side of the room and sat down between Judge Joseph Moss and Dr. Darlington. He did not leave the room until nearly midnight when the complete result was known.

For a long time after that not an announcement was made. The cheer gradually went out of the room as everybody realized that the heavily Republican districts uptown were being heard from. With a long face, Mr. Smith slipped over to where Murphy was sitting, and showed him a piece of paper. Murphy nodded. Going back to his desk Secretary Smith said:

"We lose everything. Mitchel is elected by probably 100,000. We don't expect to get much now."

From then on the returns read off were few and far between and every report showed that Fusion was carrying all before it.

"I'm licked," said Dr. Darlington, and he put on his overcoat, smiled a farewell to his friends and went out.

Murphy looked bored and gave out his statement acknowledging defeat. From tnen on the gloom settled down heavily and soon all the lights were put out and Tammany Hall was dark and deserted.

FIELDER ELECTED IN NEW JERSEY

Continued from Page 1.

arrived at the Grove Street Subway station a few minutes after 1 o'clock and rode in an automobile with his former law partner, George Cutley, and his brother, William Tumulty, to the polls. His vote was 70. After calling on his parents in Monmouth Street he took a train that departed from New York at 3 o'clock for Washington.

The voting was rather light in the forenoon in Jersey City. Although the weather was pleasant, the voters seemed to be in no hurry to deposit their ballots. It was estimated that up to noon not more than 40 per cent. of the registered vote had been cast. No disorder was reported at the polls.

James F. Fielder, Democratic candidate for Governor, voted at 11:30 o'clock. His ballot was 139. He voted at a polling booth at Communipaw and Bergen Avenues.

NEW JERSEY.

GOVERNOR.

County.	Pluralities—FIELDER Dem.	STOKES Rep.
Atlantic	....	2,500
Bergen	1,500	....
Burlington	....	500
Camden	....	3,000
Cape May	200	....
Cumberland	100	....
Essex	....	2,000
Gloucester	....	500
Hudson	25,000	....
Hunterdon	1,500	....
Mercer	....	1,000
Middlesex	1,800	....
Monmouth	2,000	....
Morris	700	....
Ocean	200	....
Passaic	1,500	....
Salem	500	....
Somerset	100	....
Sussex	1,200	....
Union	700	....
Warren	2,000	....
Total	39,000	9,600
Plurality of	29,400	

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

SENATORS ELECTED.

ATLANTIC	MERCER
W. E. Edge, R.	B. B. Hutchinson, R.
BERGEN	MORRIS
C. O'Connor, D.	J. J. Lyons, D.
CUMBERLAND	OCEAN
C. O. Hennessy, D.	F. R. Austin, D.
HUDSON	SALEM
C. M. Egan, D.	C. B. Allen, R.

ASSEMBLYMEN ELECTED.

ATLANTIC	H. Kuhlke, D.
C. Godfrey, R.	D. Long, D.
E. L. Richards, R.*	W. L. McDermott, D.
BERGEN	T. F. Mulligan, D.
A. M. Agnew, D.*	MIDDLESEX
E. A. DeYoe, D.	H. Kuhlke, D.*
J. J. Johnson, D.	D. Long, D.
T. E. English, D.	W. L. McDermott, D.*
BURLINGTON	J. P. Mulligan, D.
R. Peacock, R.*	HUNTERDON
CAMDEN	O. C. Holcombe, D.*
J. B. Kates, R.*	MERCER
G. Pancoast, R.	J. Hammond, R.
H. S. Scovel, R.	H. Studdiford Moore, R.*
CAPE MAY	E. G. Weart, R.
J. Camp, R.	MONMOUTH
CUMBERLAND	W. Winans, D.
R. Sheppard, R.	W. B. Mount, D.*
ESSEX	MORRIS
J. B. Bloom, D.*	G. W. Downes, R.
J. R. Byrne, D.	H. W. Mutchler, R.
M. A. Castellano, D.	OCEAN
E. C. Eaton, D.	David P. Conrad, R.
S. L. Fisch, D.*	PASSAIC
B. H. Fishler, D.*	W. J. Barbour, R.
F. A. Foley, D.*	G. H. Dalrymple, R.
L. McCabe, Jr., D.*	W. Hughes, R.
C. A. Nutting, D.*	J. Hunter, R.
F. P. Pagano, D.*	E. B. Randall, R.
M. J. Quigley, D.	SALEM
H. J. Rowe, D.*	W. M. Wheatley, D.
GLOUCESTER	SOMERSET
O. J. West, R.	A. M. Beekman, D.*
HUDSON	SUSSEX
G. J. Brackner, D.	H. T. Kays, D.*
M. Branegan, D.*	UNION
M. Bredenbek, D.*	F. V. Dobbins, D.
J. Carroll, D.	J. Griffin, D.*
T. P. Curran, D.	W. L. Leonard, D.*
C. E. Fisk, D.	WARREN
T. G. Gannon, D.	H. O. Carhart, D.*
T. F. A. Griffin, D.	*Re-elected.

WILSON WIRES TO FIELDER.

"You Did Not Need to Call Out Reserves"—Receives Returns Alone.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Just before midnight to-night President Wilson sent this telegram to James F. Fielder:

"My warmest congratulations. You did not need to call out the reserves." Opponents of Mr. Fielder had been quoted as saying that he was obliged to call upon the President for aid to win his fight for the New Jersey Governorship.

President Wilson returned to Washington at 9:30 o'clock to-night, after voting at Princeton to-day. He sat in his office until late, receiving election returns. Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the President, and Rudolph Forster, executive clerk, were the only persons who saw him at that time. They carried to him press bulletins and telegrams from political and other friends, and he showed delight at the Democratic victories in Massachusetts, Maryland, New York, and New Jersey.

The President's interest appeared to be centered in the returns from his own State. At 11:30 o'clock he received a telegram from the State House in Trenton saying that Fielder was elected.

Representative Doremus of Michigan, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, went to the Executive offices at 10 o'clock, but remained in Secretary Tumulty's room. None of the members of the Cabinet saw the President during the evening. Secretary Bryan got the election returns by telephone at his home.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 4.—President Wilson had a typical student reception when he arrived at Princeton at 2:30 this afternoon to cast his vote for James F. Fielder for Governor. Seven hundred undergraduates had paraded to the station to greet him, and he landed amid a chorus of cheers.

The crowd followed him up University Place as far as the dining halls, where he mounted the steps and said he had been told by some young man who seemed to have authority that he could go no further unless he made a speech. Then he added:

"You want to know why I came here? I am here to vote for a good man, but I am not going to discuss politics. It is delightful to get back here and to renew the pleasant acquaintances and associations. I thank you for your hearty and generous reception."

He went directly to the voting place in Chambers Street and voted immediately, using ballot No. 136. Prof. Stockton Axson, his brother-in-law, voted after him.

On coming out the President stopped to shake hands with Mr. and Mrs. Parke H. Davis, and then started on an automobile trip about the campus with some friends.

The student parade was entertained before the arrival of the special train bearing the President by a political harangue from Theodore Clare Nevins of East Orange, a senior, who has been campaigning in the interests of the Democrats. He delivered a mock campaign speech from the automobile of "Heff." Herring, candidate for the Princeton Council, but the arrival of the train deprived him of his audience.

SHANLEY'S BROADWAY, 43d TO 44th STREET

SUPERIOR SIX COURSE LUNCHEON 75c—(Music)

CABARET EXTRAORDINAIRE | TWENTY ACTS every evening SEVEN to ONE

Attention also called to

Our Popular Lunch and Dinner Resort of the Shopping Zone, Broadway, 29th-30th Street

SULZER JUBILANT AT MURPHY'S DEFEAT

"Murphyism Is Dead," He Cries, "and I Struck the Abhorrent Thing the Deadly Blow."

ELECTED TO THE ASSEMBLY

Will Continue There His Warfare Upon the Grafters—Mrs. Sulzer Says He Is Vindicated.

William Sulzer, deposed as Governor by Charles F. Murphy's order, and now Assemblyman-elect from the Sixth District, received the election returns last night in his temporary headquarters in the Broadway Central Hotel. The only persons with him at the time were Mrs. Sulzer and a few of the friends who stood by him throughout the impeachment proceedings and during his campaign against Tammany Hall.

No effort had been made to work up a demonstration in his honor, and the street in front of the hotel was practically deserted. The former Governor said he was a bit wearied by his strenuous campaigning, and would seek a few days' rest, after which he would begin the second leg of his fight against Tammany and the men he called "the grafters."

Mr. Sulzer waited until the returns showed conclusively that he had been chosen Assemblyman and that the Fusion ticket had swept the city. Then he issued a statement, in which he asserted that he had been vindicated and by his efforts had brought about the undoing of Tammany.

Murphy's Puppets Beaten.

"Practically from the time I became Governor," said Mr. Sulzer, "I fought Murphyism, perhaps not wisely from the viewpoint of the practical politician, but as well as I could, and, thank God, Murphyism is dead. 'The Chief's' puppet candidates are beaten. Tammany is tottering under the weight of Murphyism, and I have the satisfaction of knowing that I struck the abhorrent thing and the threatening menace the hardest blow it has received since the days of Tweed."

Asked if he believed that he and John A. Hennessy had been responsible for the success of the Fusionists, Mr. Sulzer said:

"The best reply to that is that before I came down from Albany the odds were 1 to 2 against Mr. Mitchel. Yesterday Mr. Mitchel was a 5-to-1 favorite."

Mrs. Sulzer was greatly elated over her husband's victory and that of the Fusion ticket. She gave out this brief statement:

"I am very glad my husband has won. He certainly deserved success after the heroic struggle he made for the people and honest government. Mr. Sulzer has never been beaten by the people, and never lost an office he held except once, and then the boss had to steal it."

While the newspaper men were talking to Mr. Sulzer word was brought to him that Tammany Hall conceded his victory by 2,000 votes. He smiled and said he thought the vote would be nearer three or three and one-half to one.

Boss Overreached Himself.

"My success is gratifying," he said. "Sometimes the victim becomes the victor."

"All the money Tammany sent in the district, all the thugs and guerrillas and repeaters Tammany directed to the district to bribe and to terrorize the voters, and to stuff the ballot boxes, were impotent to accomplish my defeat. I won because the people had faith in William Sulzer.

"The voters have now condemned Mr. Murphy, reversed the judgment of his High Court of Impeachment, and vindicated me by the verdict of the polls, which in the last analysis is the opinion of mankind.

"No words of mine can tell my old friends, my old neighbors, and my old constituents how deeply I appreciate their unflagging confidence in me, and their unwavering loyalty to me. I thank them from the bottom of my heart, each and every one, and promise that I shall represent them in Albany honestly and fearlessly, faithfully and independently.

"My removal from the Governorship by an ignorant, and a corrupt, and an arrogant Boss, whose dictates to do wrong I defied, has been the means of destroying Bossism in the State of New York, and I can console myself with the reflection that I was able to accomplish more out of office than all the Governors in the last decade could accomplish in office.

"In stealing my office "the Chief" went too far, and the voters have administered to him the most stinging rebuke of which they were capable. In the theft of the Governorship Murphy decreed his own destruction."

Among those who called at the hotel last night were the Rev. Madison C. Peters and Major Schermerhorn, who was Mr. Sulzer's military aid when he was Governor.

Even Gunmen Were for Him.

Mr. Sulzer took personal charge of his fight a few minutes after the polls opened. During the day he made several tours of the district by automobile, and Mrs. Sulzer followed him in another machine with several friends. In every election district the deposed Governor was received with fanatical enthusiasm. After his first survey of the situation, he said:

"Well, we ought to be arrested for cruelty to animals. It is a regular landslide."

The scenes enacted in the Sixth District were the most remarkable witnessed in a city election in many years. The voters for the most part were out early and the rapidity with which they cast their ballots was taken to indicate that most of them voted a straight ticket. Then, hearing that Mr. Sulzer was out on tour, they loitered about the streets waiting to join in the demonstration for him. The men who had been fighting Mr. Sulzer most bitterly were ready to concede early in the day that he would be elected.

There was little disorder in the district, unless the demonstrations for Mr. Sulzer could be called disorder. No gunmen appeared on the scene to threaten Mr. Sulzer's life. This was explained at the temporary Sulzer headquarters at the office of Dr. Louis Glucksman, 80 Avenue B. Even the gunmen were for Mr. Sulzer, it was said, and instead of "going after him" had turned out to protect him and see that he was given a fair deal.

"Billy Lustig, leader of the Kid Twist gang, came down here last night," said a Sulzer leader, "and asked if there was anything he could do for Mr. Sulzer. At the time Mr. Sulzer and his wife and friends were having a late dinner in Little Hungary on East Houston Street. We told Lustig that Mrs. Sulzer had said she feared her husband would be shot, and he rushed off there with his followers to protect the former Governor.

"To-day when Lustig and his men wanted to know what they could do, saying that they were for McCall and other Tammany candidates, but were also for Sulzer, we told them if there was one place where Mr. Sulzer was in danger of being cheated it was in the first election district in East Houston Street. They said they guessssed Sulzer wouldn't get a "square deal if some of the guerrillas could prevent it, and scampered off to the district to see that no rough work was pulled off. It simply goes to show that everyone in this section of the east side is for Mr. Sulzer—even the gunmen."

Sulzer Had No Vote.

The deposed Governor himself could not vote because he had not registered and had not even taken a residence in the Sixth Assembly District. He kept that quiet until late yesterday afternoon. Mr. Sulzer, it appears, formerly lived at 115 Second Avenue, in the heart of the old Assembly District which he served a number of years ago. He did not retain his residence while in Albany, and since his impeachment has been making his temporary quarters at the Broadway Central Hotel, which is outside the Sixth Assembly District. The law was carefully inspected, one of his lieutenants said yesterday, and it was shown that Mr. Sulzer did not have to be a resident of the district to be eligible for election to the Assembly. After he was found guilty by the Court of Impeachment he failed to come to this city and take up a residence in time to register.

Mr. Sulzer was the only candidate for office in the Sixth Assembly District who did not vote yesterday. The other candidates for Assembly were Harry Kopp (Republican) and Jacob Silverstein (Democrat.) Kopp served in the Assembly in 1909, 1910, and 1911. Silverstein was in the Assembly and voted to impeach Mr. Sulzer.

Early in the day the Sulzer adherents were asserting that two-thirds of the 6,300 votes in the Sixth District would be cast for Mr. Sulzer, and the deposed Governor expressed the same opinion. He left the Broadway Central Hotel at 5 A. M. in an automobile, accompanied by a number of his henchmen, and hurried to the polling place at 284 East Houston Street. In the First Election District, where he had heard "strong-arm tactics" would be employed by his enemies. The streets were crowded by voters even at that early hour, and they cheered Mr. Sulzer as he passed by.

"This is Murphy's day of judgment," he called back to them, and there was a hearty cheer.

Mr. Sulzer was told that the early votes were being shoved into the ballot boxes at the rate of one a minute, and he smiled. "That means that the people are voting for my vindication," he said. "There was never any doubt in my mind."

In the Fifteenth Election District, in which Mr. Sulzer formerly lived, there was a long line of voters at the polling booth and they gave the candidate a great ovation. A score or more gave up their places in the line to run up to the automobile and shake hands with him. After the first tour, Mr. Sulzer returned to the office of Dr. Glucksman. He was asked if there had been any trouble.

Says Levy Sent in Repeaters.

"Yes," he said, "and there have been a few arrests. Aaron Levy sent some repeaters around here, but we settled them. If he sends any more we will settle them as well. I'm a little fatigued and I simply dropped in here to rest my bones for a spell. I find, however, that it pays to keep your weather eye open at all times, and that is exactly what I am going to do."

Mr. Sulzer had luncheon in Little Hungary after another tour of the district. A great crowd gathered about the restaurant to cheer him.

"The people are not cheering me," he said, "they are cheering the cause. I have never seen so many people in New York so angry in my life. We are going to wipe Tammany off the map."

When he left the restaurant the deposed Governor had to buck his way through the crowd with the aid of a score of policemen and plain clothes men.

The wildest kind of enthusiasm was shown as the automobile bearing Mr. Sulzer crawled through Houston Street to Avenue B. Women in the windows of tenement houses threw kisses at him and several of them held their babies out, calling upon Mr. Sulzer to bless them. The deposed Governor waved kisses to the children and the crowd shrieked its approval. All through the district this time the car was followed by a cheering throng.

Mr. Sulzer then paid a visit to the Progressive Club at 120 East Seventh Street. Shortly after that he received word that the police were needed in the Tenth Election District, and he hurried away to the polling booth at 28 Avenue D. There he found that Samuel Kraus, one of the poll clerks, had been assaulted and a ballot box stolen. It turned out that the box was empty. The reserves were called out and restored order. Mr. Sulzer called up Police Commissioner Waldo on the telephone and was promised ample protection against frauds.

Mrs. Sulzer started on her tour of the district at 3:30 o'clock, accompanied by Mrs. C. C. Platt, wife of Mr. Sulzer's private secretary; Mrs. Louis A. Sarnecky, Mrs. Glucksman, and Miss Franziska Armhaus. They were heartily cheered in every election district. In the evening Mrs. Sulzer was the hostess at a theatre party.

It was reported with much satisfaction at the Sulzer East Side Headquarters yesterday that every one seemed to be with the deposed Governor. As an illustration a letter was displayed in which had been inclosed a $10 campaign contribution from a Chinaman.

CLEVELAND MAYOR WINS.

Baker, Democrat, Re-elected, but by a Greatly Decreased Plurality.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 4.—With only nineteen scattered precincts to hear from, Mayor Newton D. Baker, Democrat, was re-elected, according to the official count to-night, by a majority of about 3,000. By the preferential system now in use, Mayor Baker failed to receive a majority of first-choice ballots, but the second-choice ballots gave him the victory over Harry L. Davis, Republican, and Joseph E. Robb, Socialist. Baker's majority two years ago was 17,000, the Republicans making great inroads on that lead at to-day's election. The Socialist candidate received 5,023 first-choice votes, 3,000 less than the high mark two years ago, but on the second-choice and third-choice votes, Robb led the other two candidates.

Fifteen or sixteen of the Democratic organization's Councilmen probably were elected out of twenty-six. All city officials ran on nonpartisan ballots, but a slate was prepared by the Democratic leaders in which a few Republicans were included.

Gifts purchased now will be held for Orders.

Gold and Silver Eyeglass Cases
Barometers—Telescopes

Eyeglasses de luxe at moderate Prices

E. B. Meyrowitz INCORPORATED
OPTICIAN

237 Fifth Avenue at 27th Street
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Stores formerly at 104 East 23d St., 125 West 42d St., and Madison Ave., cor. 60th St., have been discontinued, the business being concentrated in the Fifth Avenue stores.

London 255 Livingston St., Brooklyn Paris

SUPREME COURT FIGHT.

Cardozo Believed to Have Won—General Sessions to Fusion, Too.

In the Supreme and General Sessions Court fight the Fusion candidates are believed to have won, but the early returns showed the Tammany men in the lead.

For the Supreme Court, Manhattan, the incomplete returns, with 599 election districts missing, gave Weeks, (Dem.,) 25,786; Cardozo, (Fusion,) 14,428. Philbin ran on both the Tammany and Fusion ticketc. The total from the Bronx, 30 districts missing, gave Weeks 19,890 and Cardozo 22,717.

For the Court of General Sessions the incomplete returns, with 629 districts missing, totaled: Foster, (Dem.) 19,861; Zeller, (Dem.) 19,575; Nott, (Fusion) 13,363; Wadhams, (Fusion) 13,368.

For the City Court the returns, with 78 districts missing, total Luce, (Dem.,) 14,917; Ransom, (Fus.,) 8,959.

GLYNN SILENT ON RESULT.

Votes Early and Receives Returns at His Newspaper Office.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 4.—Gov. Glynn voted from his Willett Street residence, in the Sixteenth Ward, early in the day and then went to his newspaper office, where he sat in his "easy chair" until his paper went to press. Then he went to the Capitol for a couple of hours. This evening he was back at his newspaper office again in his "usual election place," as he expressed it, and received the returns there.

He had no commeent to make on the results, nor would he reply to John A. Hennessy's remarks at College Point last night.

COMPLAINS OF RETURNS.

Delay at Police Headquarters Arouses Judge Rosalsky.

Bartow S. Weeks, Democratic candidate for the Supreme Court bench, William H. Wadhams, Fusion candidate for General Sessions, and Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, went to Police Headquarters to get the election returns. Commissioner Waldo and his deputies were also in the big drill room where the returns came in over the wires.

Judge Rosalsky was so agitated by the slowness of the returns on the judicial vote that he became critical of the whole procedure, and even spoke of laying it before the Grand Jury.

W. & J. SLOANE
ESTABLISHED 1843

Special Reduction Sale of Attractive Domestic Rugs

Seamless "Chaumont" Rugs—*Chinese*
An excellent reproduction of an Antique Chinese Yellow Rug. Size 9 ft. x 12 ft., regularly $52.50, at— *$37.50*

$40 Seamless Chenille Rugs at *$28.25*
Size 9

The Greatest Sporting Good Store in the World

Wanderlust Ruck Sacks

The Swiss ruck-sack—your wanderlust travelling companion, for days when you hike or you hunt.

Everybody in Europe is using them. Made of gabardine. Have an outside pocket and weigh five ounces.

It is a mistake to crowd your pockets—this ruck-sack holds your food and all other supplies for a day's tramp, including your sweater.

Two sizes, $1.25 and $1.50.
Others from 50 cents to $8.50.
Duffle bags, ruck-sack ventilators—every style of sporting pack.

The Ruck-Sack Lock

The new lock for duffle bags and ruck sacks.

Just pull up the draw strings, tie them into a quick knot, throw the lock over the knot and snap it. Makes it impossible to untie the knot. Lock made of polished Brass $1.

Abercrombie & Fitch Engladine Cloth for Sports Costumes

Newly imported, for women's suits and skirts and men's and women's coats—in the fashionable new bright sporting shades and sombre mixtures.

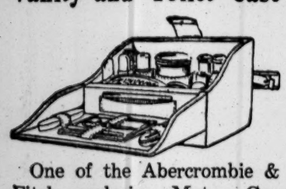
Windproof and the only really waterproof woollen cloth on the market never shown in America before.

Made of long Australian fleece—beautiful in appearance and impervious to snow water. The smartest sporting fabric in Europe.

Made to order in any style garments.

The most complete line of women's sporting, tramping and golf suits ever shown in this country. Tweed, corduroy and beaver suits, $30 up.

Imported Limousine Vanity and Toilet Case



One of the Abercrombie & Fitch exclusive Motor Car Novelties—a step beyond those offered anywhere else.

Cases of morocco, suede, crushed morocco, seal and other colored leathers. Slides on and off a brass fixture screwed in car.

Contains gold plated brushes, comb, mirror, hairpin box, perfume flasks, cream jar, manicure set, smelling salt bottle and compact thimble and thread case.

Opens so all articles are conveniently presented. Prices $25 to $85.

The Gift Jungle

If you are keen on the scent of unusual gift novelties the trail must lead you to this store.

English straight-grain "attach" pipes, amethyst glass pipe racks, French bulldog ash trays, imported desk sets and memo conveniences, game tables, vest pocket flasks, the best thought of Europe and America in travel goods; odd new electric novelties, wine and luncheon kits, hunting, fishing and camping accoutrements.

In short—the greatest collection this country has ever seen.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President.
53-57 West 36th St., New York

ELECTION THRONGS IN TIMES SQUARE

Newsboys Pushing Pink Extra of McCall Victory When Times Tower Flashed 'Mitchel Wins.'

DENSE MASSES IN STREETS

Parading, Shouting, Singing, and Tooting Horns—No Trouble, but Police Have Their Hands Full.

Times Square was filled with noise and uproar, and the merriest and, possibly, the biggest election crowds in its history from early evening until after midnight last night. Police Inspector O'Brien, with 250 uniformed policemen, kept the crowd in order. The throngs were massed in the great double triangle of Times Square from Forty-second to Forty-sixth Street, with as many more packed south along Broadway until they were lost in another crush. Altogether they seemed to be tooting, rattling, roaring, cheering, and singing.

The half million that passed through Times Square was composed in part, at least, of persons interested chiefly in noise. Under the swirling eddies of confetti, tissue-paper streamers, newspapers, and election banners that went sky-hooting up ten stories through the narrow lane of Broadway all night, the slow-marching packed multitudes passed tumultuously.

The announcement that Mitchel had been elected Mayor was flashed at 6:40 o'clock by the great sword of light that shot out from the Times tower and cut with broad sweeps north and south along the Eastern sky. And then, suddenly, at 9:30 o'clock, the white ring again flashed and the bulletin board north of the Times Building told that Fusion was gaining control of the Board of Estimate of the municipal government as well as of the Mayor's office, which was as much as saying that the Tiger was slinking away.

From that moment until 11 o'clock, when it was assured that Mitchel was elected Mayor by an enormous plurality and Fusion members without exception would constitute the Board of Estimate, the great crowd, swelled now by thousands of outpouring theatregoers, cheered in wild enthusiasm every announcement on THE TIMES bulletin.

The first ballots had barely been counted when a pink extra of an evening newspaper friendly to McCall was hawked in a flood about Broadway announcing that "McCall Wins"! The eyes of the multitude were turned again and again toward the top of the Times Tower, seeking a confirmation of the report in the searchlight flashes there. But no flash came.

Broadway was still quiet, for election night, at this hour, save for the shouting of the newsboys and the tooting of horns at the corners at each cross-street. At each corner, in the centre of groups of such vendors, stood wagons loaded to the brim with many-colored tissue paper streamers, sacks of confetti, tissue paper shakos and feather dusters, with here and there a lot of the old-time ticklers, forbidden by the police, and purchased caveat emptor.

All along the great white street were other vendors, too, of many-colored ribbons and hat bands, bearing in advance the proud announcement: "I told you so," and guaranteed to fit all wearers, no matter who won.

Soon the Real News Came.

At 6:20 o'clock the bulletin at the north end of the Times Building announced that the Fifth Election District of the Seventh Assembly District gave Mitchel 13 votes more than McCall, and a little later that five districts in Brooklyn gave Mitchel 371 against 231 for McCall, indicating that the Fusion candidate would carry that borough by 17,000. But the absence of any really authoritative returns and the darkness of the unbroken stretches of sky around the top of the Times tower helped the pink extras get credence. At 6:40, however, the TIMES flashed the news that Mitchel was elected, corroborated by The Brooklyn Eagle, and conceded by The Evening Sun, which had favored McCall.

A few minutes later the pink extras, with their announcements of McCall's victory were stacked away.

At 6:45 o'clock the second mild burst of applause rose from the gathering thousands when THE TIMES bulletin announced that Mitchel's plurality in Brooklyn at that stage was indicated as 26,200.

When the picture of John A. Hennessy was flashed on the screens, with thumbs stuck in his vest pockets, and his chest thrown out, like Ajax defying the lightning, there was a tremendous burst of applause, mingled with hisses.

The crowd in and around Times Square was now swelled to the suffocating point and the streams north and south from it were fast thickening. The noise had swelled proportionately.

A picture of Mitchel thrown on the screen brought a round of cheers, and another of McAneny's mild face, a round of strangely gentle hand-clapping. Then came McCall and a chorus of fickle hisses. The newsboys who had been selling pink stories of his victory hissed him as they sold white ones of his defeat, still wearing in their caps the same placards and bands of "I Told You So."

Up at the north end of Times Square was massed a somewhat less numerous but tightly packed throng before another bulletin board. On this were thrown besides occasional election returns, stanzas of popular songs in the chorus of which the great crowd joined good-humoredly. It joined, too, in vigorous hissing of the Tammany Tiger, when it was pictured with a headache and sadly distended stomach beside an empty bird-cage, labeled "Sulzer," and beneath the lament of Tammany: "I guess that bird I swallowed must have been a porcupine."

"Do you think Murphy gave back that $25,000? Shout yes!" announced one screen. And the crowd shouted: "No!"

An automobile loaded with foolish youth, each in a torn straw hat, whizzed honking down Broadway through the narrow lane of the street car tracks, and foolish youths waved their hats and shouted for their candidates. Another auto, constructed apparently out of gigantic posters, crept more slowly down the narrow lane, announcing to the thousands in the great square: "You did, you did, you know you did." No one knew what.

Bustling too and fro amid the crowd scores of villainous black-mustached and black-goateed fakers were selling to men and women alike mustaches and beards similar to those they wore and transforming boys in a jiffy into dashing villainous-looking Herrmanns the Great for 5 cents.

"It's kind o' reckless here," said one scared-looking Jersey ingenue to her scared-looking escort from Newark, as both of them dodged between Matt McGrath, the hammer-throwing traffic policeman and a southbound Broadway car at Forty-third Street. And it was kind of reckless.

Nevertheless, the police said late last night, that they had no real trouble, although they had to keep pretty vigilant. Only when the crowds, streaming north and south, met at the side streets when the cross-traffic on those streets was stopped by the whistle of the traffic policemen, was there a moment of clash and confusion. It took flying wedges of the police, stationed at intervals of twenty feet or less along Broadway, to restore order and disentangle the lines there.

7,000 IN HERALD SQUARE.

Broadway Jammed from There to Madison Square Park.

Seven thousand noisy, enthusiastic, good-humored people jammed and jostled each other in Herald Square last night watching the election returns and intermittent moving pictures; 5,000 more were in Madison Square Park getting returns from the uptown New York American bulletin sheet and a second Herald screen near it. Broadway between the two crowds was a boisterous, tightly packed moving mass from the sidewalks to the street-car tracks. The Evening Post had a screen at Broadway and Twenty-ninth Street, and here several hundred congregated on the sidewalks and in the street.

The crowds were immense, but general good order was observed. Half a dozen arrests were made of irrepressible young men who insisted upon using the forbidden ticklers, but otherwise the only work of the police was to keep open narrow lanes through which the street cars passed.

HARLEM CROWDS PARADE.

Definite Early Returns Give Chance to Vent Enthusiasm.

Between 7:30 and 8 o'clock last night the first rush of the election crowds commenced in Harlem, and continued until West 125th Street, between Fifth and Eighth Avenues, was jammed from curb to curb wherever election returns were shown. Several of the uptown offices of the newspapers furnished the bulletin service, and some of the political clubs in the district received and displayed bulletins on the screens over the club windows.

Everywhere the crowds gathered the sentiment for the Fusion ticket appeared to be strongly in evidence. There was little interest shown in any of the up-State returns.

THE CROWDS DOWNTOWN

Left the Park Row Bulletins Early for the City's Night Life.

About 12,000 persons, according to the police estimate, gathered along Park Row to watch the returns flashed on the bulletin boards of The Sun, and The Tribune. The crowd began to assemble as early as 5 o'clock and was greatest about 9. From that time on it dwindled rapidly and an hour or so later City Hall Park was practically deserted save by its regular "bench warmers." This was because Park Row couldn't present the allurements of the white light district and because the early evening extras left no doubt of Mitchel's victory.

At its height the crowd was massed on both sides of the trolley tracks and stretched from Spruce to Franklin Streets and from Mail to Chambers, in some places being banked clear back to the City Hall.

AARON J. LEVY DEFEATED.

Hartmann Said to Win by Small Plurality and Sulzer Is Glad.

Incomplete returns in the Second Municipal Court District at an early hour this morning indicated the defeat of Aaron J. Levy, the Tammany candidate and present member of the Assembly from the Fourth District, by a small plurality. Samuel S. Koenig, Republican County leader, issued a statement at 12:45 this morning in which he claimed the election of Gustave Hartmann, the Republican candidate and present Municipal Judge in the Second District, over Levy by a plurality of 1,000 votes. The result was rendered doubtful and the fight a close one by reason of the fact that there were three candidates in the field, the third nominee being David Goldstein, the choice of the Progressive Party.

Aaron J. Levy, as Democratic floor leader in the lower branch of the Legislature, led the fight against Sulzer in the Assembly, and in a two-hour speech in the early morning hours of the final debate in the Assembly bitterly arraigned the Governor and urged his impeachment. It was against Aaron J. Levy and Senator James J. Frawley that William Sulzer laid the chief blame for his impeachment, and during the recent campaign the former Governor invaded the Second, Eighth, and Tenth Assembly Districts in a determined effort to encompass Levy's defeat.

Early this morning Mr. Sulzer was asked if he had anything to say about Levy's reported defeat.

"Tell the people from me," was the reply, "that the voters of the great east side have meted out justice to a man who deserves no mercy at their hands. Mr. Levy and his chief, Mr. Murphy, have alike ceased to menace the public welfare. I am glad."

CHALLENGES BILL EDWARDS

With Engineer Bensel, He Has to Swear In His Vote.

All of the guests of the Hotel Marie Antoinette, and about twenty-five of them were concerned, who were registered voters, were challenged when they attempted to vote at 147 Amsterdam Avenue, the polling place of the Second Election District of the Fifteenth Assembly District. Among those challenged were John A. Bensel, State Engineer; William H. Edwards, Street Cleaning Commissioner; Judge W. W. Foster, President Stewart of the American Express Company, and a number of bankers and wealthy merchants who make their homes at the hotel.

The first one to appear to ask for his ballot was Mr. Bensel. He was challenged by Charles Senior.

"Why am I challenged?" asked Mr. Bensel. "I am a State officer, and although I spend a good deal of my time in Albany, I maintain my voting residence at the Hotel Marie Antoinette."

Senior replied that he had received a challenge list from the Superintendent of Elections containing, among others, the name of Mr. Bensel. He said that the management of the hotel had neglected to forward to the office of the Superintendent of Elections the names of registered voters in the hotel, as required by law.

Mr. Bensel protested, and his vote was then sworn in. The others who followed protested, and they swore in their ballots.

Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards was the next one whom Senior challenged. He was very indignant and thought at first that the whole matter was a joke or a trick. When Senior insisted Edwards became indignant and said that he had lived in the hotel for ten years and during that time always had voted. He protested and his vote was sworn in.

ELECTION RIOTS IN GARY.

Wild Rumors Caused Appeal for Troops, Which Was Denied.

GARY, Ind., Nov. 4.—Despite the presence of a hundred deputy sheriffs, mustered in to preserve order, rioting attended the municipal election here today.

Frank W. Smith, Coroner of Lake County, was injured when he went to a place where it was reported that a man had been murdered. Hundreds of persons had surrounded a voting booth, where a riot was in progress, when Dr. Smith was knocked down and severely injured.

When order had been restored it was found that five men had been severely beaten and one had been shot, the bullet entering his mouth.

Complaint was made that the rioting had been started by men who had been brought into town from Chicago and Indianapolis.

The rioting resulted in a call upon the Governor for troops, but he refused to send any, regarding the reports as exaggerated.

FISH WINS IN PUTNAM.

Yale's Candidate Is Beaten and Democrats Control Supervisors.

Special to The New York Times.

CARMEL, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Hamilton Fish, Jr., Democrat and Progressive candidate for Assembly from Putnam County, was elected to-day by 154 majority, defeating John R. Yale's candidate, William H. Weeks. Assemblyman Yale joined with Tammany Hall and voted to impeach Sulzer. For the first time in several years the Democrats will have a majority in the Board of Supervisors.

WHAT PRESS THINKS OF FUSION TRIUMPH

Editorial Comment in To-day's Newspapers on the Overthrow of Tammany.

GIVE ADVICE TO MR. MITCHEL

World Not Satisfied, Sun Looks to Whitman for Action, Press Calls It a Slaughter.

Press opinion on the result of yesterday's municipal election is reflected in these excerpts from editorials in to-day's newspapers:

Destroy Tammany!

From The World.

Mr. Mitchel's victory over Murphy's candidate for Mayor is complete and decisive. On that issue New York spoke in no uncertain tones. Mr. McCall has lost every borough, including Manhattan, which is Tammany's stronghold.

It was John Adams who said that New York politics "were the devil's own, incomprehensible." They remain the devil's own. On Tammany's record of proved corruption, on Tammany's record of government by graft, by intimidation and by blackmail, a city that respects law and liberty and public integrity would have arisen practically unanimously to destroy the most sordid and venal political organization known to American institutions.

No such verdict can be found in the election returns. Tammany has been beaten, but with unlimited corporation money and influence behind it, when a quarter of a million voters cast their ballots for Tammany's candidate, these ballots are a shocking manifestation of popular indifference to honesty and decency in government.

It shows that the battle for honest government is only half won in New York, and that all talk hereafter of compromising with Tammany means compromise with organized, systematized infamy, which will menace the city as long as it is permitted to live. The next campaign for good government must be made by the Democrats themselves, and the fighting must be carried into the very heart of the Tammany organization. There can be no assurance of honest government in this community while Tammany exists and while Tammany is allowed to be the regular organization of the Democratic Party. The destruction of Tammany is work for Democrats whose hands are unstained by graft or corruption or public plunder.

Tammany cannot be reformed. It must be destroyed!

The City Rises in Its Wrath.

From The Tribune.

Honesty and decency have won a notable victory in the City of New York. It is not too much to say that the city has never before done so good a day's fighting against corruption and for the cause of right government.

Mr. Mitchel's victory by an overwhelming plurality that will mount to close to 100,000 votes is the city's answer to Mr. Murphy's arrogance and greed. It was the fond belief of that boss that the time was propitious and that he could "put across" his own man, his pet messenger boy, to run the City Hall for the benefit of Fourteenth Street. He so far overreached himself that he to-day lies sprawling in the most abject defeat that ever befell a Tammany boss.

The victory of Mr. Mitchel would have been dearly bought had Fusion not carried the Board of Estimate. The habitual treachery of Mr. Hearst has cut into the vote for Mr. McAneny and Mr. Prendergast. Here Fusion was divided against itself. But the landslide which swept Mr. Murphy out of the city was far-reaching enough to overcome minor defections and carry Mr. McAneny and Mr. Prendergast through to victory.

The Fusion forces will control almost the entire Board of Estimate, and the prospect for a clean, fair-minded administration of the city's business was never brighter. Also, the possible pickings for Tammany contractors never looked slimmer.

The fight for good government is a fight that is never done. No victory can save a people for all time. But the splendid spirit of yesterday gives a new promise for the future and new courage to every loyal citizen of New York.

The City's Vote.

From The Sun.

Fusion won a general victory in this town yesterday. Our congratulations to Mr. Mitchel are fearless and sincere. The Sun has opposed him for reasons which have been stated with sufficient distinctness not only in our own columns but also by those newspapers supporting him, along with the remainder of the ticket, for the sake of the solidarity of the general movement which might have been led by Mr. Whitman or Mr. McAneny had the gods and Mr. William Randolph Hearst so willed. It is not a fitting time to recur to the apologetic and deprecatory aspects of the campaign for Mr. Mitchel. The supreme power is the people's vote; and the people have voted by a plurality of 90,000 or more to accept and expect good and entirely sane government at his hands.

The Board of Estimate, the citadel of honest and economical municipal government, is probably safeguarded for four years more against predatory and sinister assaults from any quarter. Subway extension and construction, the policy which counts more than anything else now in sight for the future and maintained supremacy of this metropolis, must go on as it would have gone on had Mr. Gaynor lived and been re-elected, with Mr. McCall continuing his good work as Commissioner of Public Service.

Thus fortunately, on the whole, ends a campaign of almost unprecented personal bitterness and vulgarity, and of quite unexampled departure from the usual process of political argument, selection, and mandate. The atmosphere is much better to breathe this morning. Matters are reassuming the normal perspective, and a nigh unanimously chosen District Attorney can continue under ordinary conditions his task of sifting the true from the false in the myriad charges that have been flying.

Now to Business.

From The Herald.

New York always takes its municipal election seriously, and the prophecy that the campaign just closed would be one of the most desperate in the city's history proves to have been a true one. For several weeks the forces of Fusion and the Democracy have been battling for the prize of governing the largest city in America and expending a budget in round figures of two hundred millions a year. The issue that controlled in the end was Tammany Hall. Tammany always has an overthrow after being in power for two or three administrations. The present administration has not been a Tammany administration, but Tammany had entrenched itself in many places through the early friendship of Mayor Gaynor and through its hold upon the State. The impeachment proceedings at Albany brought to the surface a very deep resentment against bossism and the known attitude of the National Administration did the rest.

Mr. John Purroy Mitchel, the Fusion nominee, has won a great victory over his opponents. Only the best wishes should go out to him in his hour of triumph. He will get plenty of good advice, and we have none to give him now. He is 34 years of age and in three short months he has been President of the Board of Aldermen, Collector of the Port of New York, and Mayor-elect.

These are honors enough to turn a head older than Mr. Mitchel's. He is in a great deal more danger now than he ever was before in his life. This danger is that of having that young head turned so completely that it will never get back in quite the proper poise. He is brilliant, aggressive, and industrious. He can help New York to be a greater and better city, and the only magician's wand he needs is sagacity guided by self-restraint.

The Extinction of Bossism.

From The American.

By electing John Purroy Mitchel Mayor of New York by a stunning majority the people of New York have declared their repudiation of "Chief" Murphy and his messenger McCall of government by contract, government by telephone, and all the machinery of public plunder.

The people of New York have won a glorious victory for independence and clean government over servility and corruption.

Great as this victory is, as evidenced by the overwhelming majority for Mr. Mitchel in this city and the overthrow of graft and the reaction throughout the State, it must only be one of many victories. In hewing a path of progress and efficiency, the people have glorious work ahead of them. There have been victories which have been followed by defeat. A repetition of such defeats must be made impossible.

Those in whom the people have put their faith must be faithful. The election of Mr. Mitchel proves that the people appreciate loyalty and do not forget to reward it. The elected trustees for all the people can so conduct affairs as to make any such wholesale defiance of public interests as this city and State have suffered in the last few years a future impossibility.

Let there be still more light! The people are now in a better position to get at the truth of corruption, to learn to the bitter end the methods by which they have been cheated and derided and despoiled than ever before. They can make Murphy impossible. They can make any boss like Murphy or any of his infamous predecessors impossible. They are in better position than ever before to complete the work of destroying the centres of public spoliation and of restoring the real power of government to their own hands. Let there be still more light!

Slaughter of Tammany.

From The Press.

In previous years Tammany has been defeated. Yesterday Tammany was slaughtered.

Mitchel, for Mayor, wins by 100,000.

The Board of Estimate—an even bigger prize than the Mayor's office—is torn out of Tammany's clutch when it was counted as a sure thing by Murphy, whatever else happened.

McCall's was the worst defeat. Undoubtedly this was because the voters of New York regarded him as the personal representative of Murphy. It was in the same way that Sulzer won his election to the Assembly on the east side.

McCall was the favorite of Murphy, and whatever his own personality and character McCall was trampled under foot. Sulzer, whatever his unfitness to fill the office out of which he was dragged by impeachment—to avenge the "wrongs" of the Tammany machine—was Murphy's foe, and Sulzer was lifted to victory.

Murphy has defiantly declared that, win or lose in this campaign, he would not surrender his Tammany boss-ship; but the voters of this city also decided yesterday that he will go.

The New Mayor.

From the Staats-Zeitung.

The election of John Purroy Mitchel as chief executive of the city was brought about in the first place through the fact that the citizenship was determined to feel that there should be at the head of the administration of the city's affairs a man whose personality would guarantee not only general ability but also independence of all restrictive influences of corruption.

The great vote polled by Mr. Mitchel may be interpreted as showing that the citizens of New York expect of their new chief not only an honest administration, but also a healthy, sober, reliable, rational, and, above all, liberal policy in the public service.

SEES END OF MURPHY.

Chicago Inter-Ocean Finds New York Has Real Civic Conscience.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 4.—The Inter-Ocean, discussing editorially the election in New York City, says:

"The election of John Purroy Mitchel, Fusion candidate for Mayor of New York, over Edward E. McCall, Tammany candidate, must hearten the lovers of good government throughout the country. That the great city was able, in spite of the fact that Tammany is strongly intrenched through many avenues of interest, to elect Mr. Mitchel by a majority of probably over 75,000 argues that there is real civic conscience in New York.

"To William Sulzer, who goes back to Albany in the lesser office of Assemblyman, the result should be the occasion of bitter joy. He may have such consolation as comes from the fact that his immolation probably led to Tammany's undoing.

"With Mitchel Mayor and Whitman District Attorney, it really looks as if Murphy is shelved, and it would not be surprising if the Tammany chieftain were forced to follow the example of his predecessor, Croker, and leave the country for its good."

DIDN'T DARE TELL ALL.

Hennessy Says if He Had He Would Have Been Thought Irresponsible.

At midnight last night John A. Hennessy issued this statement:

"The only thing in my mind when I began my part of the campaign was to force a fusion of the anti-Tammany voters. I know the city as well as any man who has lived in it for thirty years. New York always has been a sane city, but sometimes a good kick has been necessary to make its sanity get to a normally active state. I did what I could to get the patient awake. Were I a candidate the campaign from my standpoint would have been polite, not to say decorous.

"Mr. Mitchel, Mr. Prendergast, and Mr. McAneny furnished that to the finest point. There were gallant men in the contest that brought to them provocation every day. They lifted themselves above the hysterics every night. I got a little bit wide of a fairly decent mark, but did so in a good cause, believing that the city should be stirred to the point of knowing its real peril. A wholly decent campaign against Tammany would have lost the day. It had to be on my part half way straight from the shoulder, and I was under the handicap that fewer than 10,000 persons in the five boroughs knew me personally.

"I can say now, in all truth, that I didn't tell half the facts. To have told them all would have made the thinking electors believe that I was irresponsible. All the truth would have imperiled the Fusion cause.

"Let me say that two months before the fight was on I was pledged to go against Tammany for all I could do. Some men of nation-wide importance knew this. My first choice was Mayor Gaynor. My second choice was Mr. Whitman, and my third choice was Mr. Mitchel. All this is in the past. My elation to-night is not because of the defeat of Mr. Murphy. I am happy in the hope that finally we shall have a more Democratic Party with a conscience, with President Wilson on one end and Mayor Mitchel on the other. No Democrat of intellect will have reason to remain outside the party gates. For sixteen years I could not be elected a member of the County Committee in Kings. Now let us hope that the big men of Cleveland's time and some of the big men of David B. Hill's earliest days will be duplicated, so that, at least, if we as a party shall be in a minority we can make the other party walk on nearly a straight line and make impossible bipartisan agreements by the hidden methods of corrupt bosses."

"GREAT HOUR," SAYS MARKS.

Borough President-Elect Urges Permanent Fusion Against Tammany.

Marcus M. Marks, elected President of the Borough of Manhattan on the Fusion ticket, received the returns at the Aeolian Building, Forty-second Street, near Fifth Avenue. There were nearly 300 of his friends with him. After he had received assurances of his election Mr. Marks went to the City Club, where he gave out this statement:

"New York has taken the place she has been struggling for for many years. Her people have driven out the forces which have opposed those who have stood for decency and progress. This is a great hour for all good citizens who have the real interests of the city at heart. They have the spirit of independence in its best sense. They have sunk party feelings for the common good.

"Why be compelled four years from now to do it all over again? Let us keep shoulder to shoulder for the good of New York, and let us keep permanent the fusion of party forces which has destroyed Tammany Hall's hold on the city."

GIVES TAMMANY'S HISTORY.

Paris Figaro Devotes a Column to the New York Organization.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Wednesday, Nov. 5.—There is little comment in the Paris morning papers on the American elections. The Journal says:

"The election of Mr. Mitchel means the fall of Tammany and perhaps the coming of a new era of honest administration."

The Figaro devotes a column to the history of Tammany, which it calls "the most formidable organization of the kind that ever existed."

MAY END TAMMANY HALL.

Koenig Says It Is Doubtful if the Organization Will Survive.

Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the Republican County Committee, issued this statement from Republican headquarters at 104 West Fortieth Street last night:

"This is the worst blow delivered at Tammany Hall in many years. It is doubtful if that organization will recover from it. The people have taken matters into their own hands and in this election have rebuked Tammany Hall for the outrages it has perpetrated. The Republican Party is proud to have been affiliated with the Fusion movement and to have contributed the largest vote toward the election of Mr. Mitchel and his associates on the Fusion ticket."

TIFFANY & Co.

SILVERWARE AND JEWELRY

NEW YORK PARIS LONDON

De Pinna

FIFTH AVENUE at 36th STREET

Outfitters to Young Men, Boys, Misses & Children

Coats for Girls

A remarkable stock—remarkable not only for its breadth of variety, but for the richness of the materials and the beauty of the models.

Special—Scotch Plaid Coats, $14.

Rich colorings, heavy, soft fabrics that give warmth without weight. The style is particularly becoming and is especially suitable for school wear. Size 6 to 14 years.

Under usual conditions we should price this garment at $20—it is well worth that. But the materials were purchased at less than their worth and we are thus permitted to make the special price, $14.

THE "ANNIPED" SHOE for Boys and Girls — A Famous De Pinna Speciality

Arnold, Constable & Co.

Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled.—Telephone Gramercy 5100.

Rich Furs

High-grade qualities of the most fashionable Furs of the season, in unusually smart "Paris" models, especially prepared for Horse Show, Opera and all dressy occasions, at very moderate prices.

WHITE FOX SET
Pillow muff and novelty shape scarf. 108.00

WHITE FOX SET
Fancy muff and 2-skin scarf. 185.00

FOX SET—(Canary color.)
Fancy muff and novelty shape scarf. 185.00

GERMAN FITCH SET
Fancy muff and novelty shape scarf. 108.00

MOLESKIN AND ERMINE SET
Fancy muff and novelty shape scarf. 77.50

MOLESKIN AND ERMINE SET
Fancy muff and deep shawl collar. 230.00

WHITE FUR EVENING COATS—Full length. 85.00 to 100.00

HUDSON SEAL COATS
Plain, moleskin and Hudson Bay sable trimmed. 142.00 to 425.00

Imported, Hand-Made Sweaters and Scarfs

Strikingly smart models in the new colors and effects for women and misses.

"VERSAILLES" SWEATERS of pure Shetland wool, white or black, with self or contrasting trim; scarf to match. *Value $20.00* 17.00

SPORT SWEATERS of soft, fleecy cashmere wool, effective colorings. *Value $12.50* 10.00

"AUTO" SWEATERS of angora wool, coat or Norfolk model. *Value $12.50* 10.50

AMERICAN SWEATERS of pure Australian wool; distinctive models, in season's colorings. *Value $7.50* 5.00

An Unusual Sale of This Season's Latest Model

Tunics and Jackets

Direct from Paris—the creations of one of the most noted designers of out-of-the-usual styles.

SHORT MODEL TUNICS in jacket effects on net and chiffon, some beaded in all-over crystal beads and self-color embroidery in the following fashionable colors: Ochre, violet, taupe, petunia, apple green, rose pink, American beauty, sky, navy and corn flower blue. *Regular price $25.00* 14.95

SHORT JACKETS—Vest effects, on chiffon and net, elaborately beaded in all of the season's leading evening shades. *Value $20.00* 10.50

Neckwear and Flowers

GIRDLES—Crepe de chine, folded belt; long sash ends, finished with fringe. Evening shades. *Regularly $1.75* 1.35

COLLAR AND CUFF SETS—Fine batiste; dainty designs. White only. *Regularly $2.25* 1.75

MARABOUT COLLARS—Shaped; tasselled ends. Natural and black. *Regularly $3.95* 3.15

GUIMPES—Fine mousseline de soie, with plaited front, trimmed narrow chiffon embroidery, and Roman pearl buttons, (washable). *Regularly $4.95* 4.35

FICHUS—Fine bobbinette, edged full pleating. White only. *Regularly $1.75* 1.35

AUTOMOBILE HOODS—Plush, trimmed satin of contrasting shade; veil attached. *Regularly $5.25* 4.50

CORSAGE BOUQUETS AND BOUTONNIERES—Orchids, Gardenias, Pansies, Lilies of the Valley, and Sweet Peas—(very natural)—with full foliage. *Regularly 65c.* 45c

Broadway & 19th Street

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-66-68 FIFTH AVENUE — 46th & 47th STS.

FEATURE ATTRACTIVE VALUES IN MILLINERY

New Fur, Flower and Plume Trimmed Dress Hats, designed to complete the fashionable Fur-trimmed Tailleur suit or wrap—individual effects expressing new and clever treatment of the latest Paris styles— *Special at $25*

Charming Dress Hats with trimmings of gold and silver lace, metal flowers, Goura, Paradise, Pastel Plumes and Fur— *A wonderful assemblage at $30 & $40*

Muff, Stole and Hat Sets in combinations of Fur, with plain or Persian Velvets—the newest Parisian mode— *$50, $75*

Street, Motor and Misses' Hats Special at *$15 & $18*

ALSO FEATURE THIS DAY—

Fur-trimmed Wraps— $65, $75, $95
Usually $85 to $150

Brocade and Velvet Wraps—Usually $200 to $276— $145 & $165

Evening Gowns— $65, $95 & $125
Also—Import Model Gowns at greatly reduced prices.

Afternoon and "Bridge" Frocks—$65
Usually $75 to $95

Smart Fur-trimmed Suits—$58 & $65
Usually $65 to $95

Three-piece Suits—Usually $95 to $125— $75

Fur-trimmed Coats— $58 & $65

You'll work better, sleep better

this winter if pure out-of-doors air is admitted into your office—your sleeping-room—through

IDEAL WINDOW VENTILATOR AND DRAUGHT DEFLECTOR

They fool "pneumonia-and-cold causing" draughts because the fresh air is deflected toward the ceiling—where it is thoroughly warmed before being distributed to all parts of the room.

Inexpensive. Made of glass. Easily installed.

Telephone for representative to call.

IDEAL VENTILATOR CO.
120 Liberty St., New York
Phone Rector 1339

If you are not a wearer of ready clothes, it's because you haven't yet been sold the right kind. Sometimes a man, tired of tape-line trouble and expense, and impressed with the well-dressed appearance of friends who do it on half the money he spends, tries ready clothes once, and sadly says, "never again."

The trouble is, you haven't yet bought the right kind. Pay $25 for a suit or overcoat of our make: if you don't get more comfort, and more sense of value received than from any other equal amount of clothes money, return it to the dealer and get your money back.

We make suits and overcoats also at $18 and $20, and up to $50.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

Try it at any Wallach store—you just can't lose, and think what you have to gain in time and money saved!

Wallach Bros.
Broadway cor. 29th St.
246-248 W. 125th St.
Third Ave. cor. 122d St.

Braus
PICTURES—FRAMES
MIRRORS
TWO STORES
358 FIFTH AVE., N. W. Cor. 34th St.
717 FIFTH AVE., near 56th St.

SUFFRAGISTS HELPED GET VOTE OUT EARLY

Autos of Society Women Carried Fusionists to the Polls and Food to Watchers.

LITTLE VIOLENCE REPORTED

Four Settlement Watchers Assaulted and Driscolls Rotten-Egged—George Loft Challenged.

The most conspicuous feature of the balloting was the heavy vote of the early morning, according to election watchers in all parts of the city. Because of this morning rush and of the steady march of voters to the polls that continued until after 2 o'clock in the afternoon there was little or no trouble with the election machinery.

In many districts the voting was rushed through in such a handy manner that the last registered voter had put in his ballot before 3 o'clock. The last minute rush, with little or no opportunity to care for the tardy voters, so common in previous city elections, was almost eliminated.

For the splendid manner in which the voting proceeded the weather and those energetic women who were anxious to demonstrate their qualifications for the ballot shared credit equally, for these women, in their automobiles, brought out many voters who were for one reason or another disposed to ignore the inviting sunshine.

The weather was declared to be ideal by so good an authority as Edward E. McCall. At 10 A. M., when a brisk breeze was blowing from the northwest and the sun was shining, Mr. McCall said it was the finest kind of Democratic weather he had ever seen.

The temperature fluctuated between 49 degrees in the early morning and 56 degrees in the late afternoon. When the polls were opened at 6 o'clock a slight mist was falling. The sky was overcast and there was no promise of the sunshine which later made the day exceptionally pleasant among election days.

In spite of the mist and the raw wind large crowds were on hand to see the polls opened. The voting commenced with the first minute after 6 o'clock, and while many of those who had come early had a long time to wait, there was little or no disorder. The voting was often at the rate of a vote a minute, with the Sixth Assembly District, in which Mr. Sulzer was running for the Assembly, keeping well ahead of any other.

Riot Squad Not Needed.

At Police Headquarters a "flying squadron, consisting of 200 policemen ready to dash in automobile patrol wagons to any point from which a riot call might be received, was held in readiness throughout the day, but the looked-for riot calls did not arrive.

Tammany leader Foley had numerous little squabbles with Michael Roffrano, who aspires to the leadership of the Second Assembly District and has a clubhouse just across the street from the Foley's at 51 Madison Street. In front of both clubhouses automobiles were kept chugging while the rival leaders waited within for word that "workers" were needed in force at any polling place in the district.

Clement J. Driscoll's brother, Eugene, who has been in an election row every time an election has been held in recent years, met trouble yesterday the moment he put his head out of the door of Rofrano's Club House. Men said to be members of the Chick Trigger gang pounced upon Driscoll, toppled him over and kicked him into the gutter. Clement J. Driscoll announced that as he was certain the police did not intend to care for either him or his brother they would proceed to take care of themselves.

While Clement J. Driscoll was making this remark a bad egg and two decayed vegetables struck his coat. Small boys had thrown both, and they continued to throw things at Mr. Driscoll, who was formerly a Deputy Police Commissioner, until he sought shelter indoors. Both threatened to take the matter to court.

"The conditions are awful," Clement J. Driscoll said early in the day. "Gunmen are congregated everywhere by Tom Foley's orders. At Catharine and Madison Streets I saw fifteen men whom I know to be gunmen. They were awaiting the call of Tammany district leaders. They are ready for anything and appeals to the police against them are useless."

The uneasiness of the Driscolls was not generally shared in the downtown districts, and not many of the warrants ready at each polling place for possible repeaters were brought into use.

Driscoll Men Searched for Guns.

George Loft, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Thirteenth District, became involved in a squabble at the polling place at 394 Broome Street, where he attempted to vote. Mr. Loft's vote was challenged on the grounds that he did not live at 398 Broome Street, from which he was registered. This address, it was shown, was the Progressive headquarters for the district. Mr. Loft said he had sleeping rooms in his factory at 400 Broome Street, and was allowed to cast his vote.

The first indication that the weather and the women workers were accomplishing unusual results came in Manhattan at 11 o'clock A. M., when reports from all election districts were tabulated. They showed that more than half of the vote had been cast and that the record was a little better even than at last year's Presidential election.

On the lower west side Engine Company 12 was kept busy all day putting out small fires. A vicious dog made trouble at a polling place at Morris Avenue and 160th Street. Policeman Clemens of the West 125th Street Station, who tried to kill the dog, was bitten on the right foot. He was attended by Dr. Bailey of the Lebanon Hospital and was sent home.

While most of the election banners of all parties remained intact, occasionally the mobbing of a banner-carrying wagon afforded diversion for small boys. In James Street, near Madison McCall banners were stripped from a wagon and converted into a bonfire in the street. The Driscoll brothers were charged by ex-Sheriff Tom Foley with responsibility for this "outrage." Ex-Sheriff Foley felt so bad about it that he insisted that the police "frisk" the Driscolls and all their friends for revolvers. None was found.

Women Workers Active.

Rosia Spanier, a suffragette watcher on duty in the polling place of the Tenth Election District in the Fourth Assembly District, complained that she had seen some one drink out of a bottle in that place. She insisted that she was going to have a warrant sworn out for him.

Men from the University Settlement at 184 Eldridge Street seemed to be marked for punishment by gang leaders. Watchers from the Settlement sent word to the Lead worker before 10 o'clock that gangsters with caps so worn as to conceal their faces had assaulted them.

Leroy Peterson, who is employed by the Bureau of Municipal Research and lives at the University Settlement, was knocked down while on duty at the polling place at 150 Forsyth Street. He lost a front tooth and had his cheek laid open. The man who attacked Peterson was said to be a district leader, but Peterson was not confident enough of his ability to identify him to cause an arrest. Peterson said he was given no chance for resistance at all, but was set upon from behind.

The work of the women volunteers was carried on from more than six different headquarters, most of the workers having automobiles at their disposal. The automobiles were furnished by wealthy women members of the suffrage organizations and were operated in some cases by the owners themselves.

In the theatrical district the Misses Lillian Lorraine, Frances Cameron and Emily Lorens, in the interest of the McCall Theatrical League, turned out in an automobile to urge voters to "come early and avoid the rush." The visited most of the restaurants where stage folk breakfast and directed them where to find the proper polling place.

At the headquarters of the Honest Ballot Association, 51 East Forty-second Street, Miss Dorothy Perkins, daughter of George W. Perkins, Miss Margaret Schieffelin and Miss Helen Hartley Jenkins were on duty throughout the day. At noon the dispatched caterers' wagons to polling places with sandwiches and coffee for each of the

May Keep Women's League Going.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, who was in charge of the headquarters of the Women's Fusion League for Good Government, collected $50 and invested it in 1,100 sandwiches, which were dispatched to men on duty at the polls. It was announced at the headquarters of the league that the organization probably would be made permanent because of the general enthusiasm among the members over the good results accomplished yesterday.

The general transfer of Police Captains, which brought a stranger into each Election District, had a sad effect on traffic conditions in Forty-second Street, Park Row, and other congested neighborhoods. There were no traffic policemen in Fifth and Sixth Avenues and Forty-second Street yesterday afternoon, and none in Park Row. Automobiles worked their way through traffic tangles as best they could, while Park Row became a rendezvous for pushcarts, hand peddlers, and hurdy gurdies.

After the polls were closed the Police Captains were sent back to the districts from which they had been temporarily transferred, so that to-day the pushcart and traffic problems should be again under control.

McCALL AND MITCHEL VOTE.

Less Than a Minute Each Doing It —Murphy's Ballot with Boast.

John Purroy Mitchel and Edward E. McCall voted ballots bearing very nearly the same number at nearly the same hour in the morning. Mr. McCall's ballot was 182 and Mr. Mitchel's 178.

Both candidates walked to the polls and stood in line for twenty minutes or more while voters who had arrived before them cast their ballots. Mr. McCall looked worn out by his final week of campaigning, while Mr. Mitchel smiled pleasantly and spoke of an automobile trip he hoped to make through Westchester County as soon as he could complete the task of casting his ballot.

Mr. Mitchel was accompanied to the polls by George W. Kellogg, a college classmate of the class of '99 at Columbia University, while Mr. McCall was accompanied by a body guard and his secretary.

Mr. McCall left his home at 321 West Eighty-sixth Street at 10 o'clock with John Mackin, his bodyguard, on one side of him and Charles A. Hickey, his secretary, on the other. The trio arrived at the polling place, 562 Amsterdam Avenue, only to find a long line in waiting.

"I'm voting straight, and that means I'm voting against you, Henry," Mr. McCall remarked to Henry W. Foote, Republican election Captain. After voting Mr. McCall left for the Oakland Golf Club at Bayside, L. I.

Mr. Mitchel voted at 10:40 o'clock at Ninety-seventh Street and West End Avenue. He emerged from the booth within a minute after entering it, which indicated that he had followed Mr. McCall's precedent of voting straight.

Borough President McAneny, who expected to be chosen as Fusion's candidate for the Board of Aldermen cast ballot 203 at the polling place at Madison Avenue and Forty-ninth Street just before noon. In a voice husky from campaigning Mr. McAneny asked Election Captain Dunham of the Twentieth Election District how the voting was going and smiled when told there was a great deal of splitting. "I cheerfully voted for myself" was his only comment.

Eugene A. Philbin, Fusion and Tammany candidate for Supreme Court Justice, walked in a very earnest manner up to the polling place at Madison Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street. He voted in less than a minute and escaped all questioners.

Henry W. Davison of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., cast a ballot into the same box in which Mr. Philbin had voted only a few minutes after him.

Borough President Maurice Connolly, who worried because he was on the Democratic ticket and was conscious that McCall sentiment wasn't very strong, brought his six year old daughter Helen to the polls with him at Corona. He watched a string of men voting at the rate of one a minute and shook his head as he was counting on split tickets to win and did not think the rate of voting indicated much splitting.

Mr. Connolly cheered up later when informed that in other sections the voting was not nearly so rapid.

When Charles F. Furphy emerged from the Fourteenth Street wigwam to go to vote he seemed to be conscious of a need to cheer up the election workers.

"Tell 'em for me," he remarked as he was handed Ballot 377 at the polling place at 297 First Avenue, "that we will win by 150,000."

Judge Michael Blake, who accompanied Mr. Murphy, informed him that a photographer wanted to take his picture as he dropped his vote.

"How'll I pose?" asked Mr. Murphy.

"The way you did up at Syracuse when you tried to get President Wilson in the picture with you," suggested the man who had just voted. He did not linger around after making this remark. Mr. Murphy had four flashlights of himself taken as he held his ballot by a corner. As he left the polls he said he was going back to Tammany Hall to remain until the votes were counted.

William Randolph Hearst had Arthur Brisbane as his companion when he voted at Eighty-fourth Street and West End Avenue.

BROOKLYNITES VOTED EARLY.

No Serious Disturbances Reported in the Borough.

Brooklyn cast its vote quietly and early. No serious disturbances were reported from any part of the borough, and the police on duty in and around the polling places had an easy time of it. Most of the voting was done in the morning, two-thirds of the electorate visiting the polls before 2 o'clock in the afternoon. While there was much challenging of votes in some of the districts, there was no evidence that "floaters" or "repeaters" were at work. The Democratic district leaders received instructions to make extraordinary efforts to get out the Tammany vote, and in some sections house-to-house visits were made to round up those who had failed to appear at the polls.

John A. Hennessy, the man whose sensational disclosures turned the campaign inside out, appeared at the polling place at 679 Franklin Avenue, in the Nineteenth Election District of the Eleventh Assembly District, at about 9:30 o'clock. Friends whom he met there said that he voted a straight Republican ticket.

Herman A. Metz, the Tammany candidate for Controller, also voted early. He spent the afternoon at his home, 253 Clinton Avenue, and when the polls closed went to his campaign headquarters in Manhattan to receive the returns.

John McGovern, Brooklyn's famous "lone voter," lost some of this distinction yesterday. For several years he had been the only voter in the Fifty-fifth Election District of the Sixteenth Assembly District. Recently Herbert Cleal moved into the district and yesterday he shared the voting honors with McGovern. The returns last night showed that the result of the election in the district was a tie, McCall and Mitchel each receiving a vote.

AN HONEST ELECTION, SAYS WHITMAN AID

Mayor, Police, and Civic Organizations Uniting Put a Stop to Fraud.

NOTHING FOR COURTS TO DO

Two Complaints of Illegal Voting Against Sulzer Men—Few Arrests and Few Cases Hold.

Yesterday was the quietest Election Day in the courts of any recent municipal election. In expectation of a large number of mandamus cases, the Appellate Division had assigned four Supreme Court Justices to sit in special term at the County Court House. Few cases came up, despite the fact that Justice Gavegan's ruling holding it illegal for a voter to register elsewhere than from his domicile had been expected to increase court business.

Two of the cases which were heard at the County Court House caused speculation as to whether Sulzer enthusiasts had not been doing a little repeating in the Sixth Assembly District, where Sulzer was running for the Assembly. In one of the cases the unusual spectacle was seen of a straight-out Tammany man, a city job holder, appearing to complain that some one had voted in his name before he came to the polls. In the other, an organization Republican came to court with Harry Kopp, Republican nominee in opposition to the impeached Governor for Assemblyman from the Sixth District, with a similar complaint. Both men satisfied the court and got writs of mandamus directing the election boards to receive their votes. Both cases were in the Third Election District of the Sixth Assembly District.

The first complainant was Max Gordon, a Republican, of 176 Stanton Street. Harry Kopp acompanied him. The other was Isaac Kaplan, a Health Department Inspector and a Tammany man.

Complaints of citizens that their names had been voted on before their appearance being limited to these two was ample proof to political observers at the County Court House that there had been very little "repeating."

Concerning the general good order of the city, Arthur C. Train, appointed by District Attorney Whitman as head of the Election Bureau of the District Attorney's office, said last night:

"The reports received by the Election Bureau from the deputies assigned to the Magistrates' Courts throughout the city and from the police and from the various volunteer organizations, indicate that contrary to expectations this has been, on the whole, one of the most orderly and honest elections in the history of the city, although during the last two weeks there were many indications of widespread illegal registrations and prospective violence, bribery and illegal voting on election day.

"Half an hour after the polls closed there had been only forty-three defendants arraigned in police courts charged with a violation of the election law; (most of these without warrants) and in all except four cases the defendants were discharged.

"While there is reason to believe that a great deal of money has been spent in buying votes, there has been no real violence.

"The most notable feature of the day's activities has been the large number of nervous citizens who called up this office to explain that, although they had registered, they had decided not to vote for fear of arrest. Actual fraud has been reduced to a minimum and the police have preserved order. Why? Because, for the first time, adequate preventive measures were taken, and the Mayor, the District Attorney, the police and the independent organizations all worked together in harmony for honest elections. We know that any time New York wants an honest election it can have it."

Even the police courts were quiet, compared with previous election days. There were only forty-three arrests arising out of the election. These were due to mistakes in registration on the part of voters. Out of eight cases which reached General Sessions where Judges Rosalsky and Crain were sitting, only two prisoners were held. James Bender of 125 Bowery and Pierce Sherman of 194 Park Row each in $1,000 bail for illegal registration.

Alexander Wolf, the Republican district leader of the Fourth Assembly District, was arrested at the polling place at 101 Attorney Street by Patrolman Sammon on the complaint of Benjamin Freund of 51 Columbia Street, a watcher, on the technical charge of disorderly conduct. Freund complained that Wolf refused to give out ballots until 6:25 o'clock, and had thus delayed voting nearly half an hour. Magistrate McQuade, in the Essex Market Court, paroled Wolf in the custody of Samuel S. Koenig, his lawyer, and Chairman of the Republican County Committee. Wolf said Freund had been employed at the campaign headquarters of Assemblyman Aaron J. Levy, who was running for Municipal Court Justice. Wolf was a candidate for Congress in his district last year, running against Henry M. Goldfogle on the Tammany ticket, and Dr. Henry Moskowitz on the Progressive ticket.

Four Columbia University students were arrested in the morning at a polling place, 501 West 113th Street. They were among 115 Columbia students whose votes were challenged under the law which denies a vote to students except at their homes. The students arrested were Richard W. Young, William W. Cumberland, Eric Gensen, and James Fee, who had registered from 1120 Amsterdam Avenue. In the Harlem Police Court, Magistrate Campbell discharged them.

VOTERS COUNTED OUT.

Registered in Wrong Districts—Some Close Questions.

Supreme Court Justice Maddox of Brooklyn, before whom disputed election votes were argued yesterday, decided that twenty-eight voters in the Twenty-third Assembly District should not be allowed to vote. These voters registered in the wrong election districts.

Among the first of the cases to be heard by the Justice were those of Jacob and Samuel Marshall of 668 Rockaway Avenue. Their residence is on the boundary line of the Twenty-eighth and Thirty-fifth election districts of the Twenty-third Assembly District. The entrance to the building is in the Twenty-eighth election district, but eighty-five feet of the building is located in the other election district. The two Marshalls registered and tried to vote in the Thirty-fifth election district.

As the entrance to the building is in the Twenty-eighth Election District, and the water and land taxes are charged to this district Justice Maddox held that the Marshalls should have voted in that district.

The vote of Ernest Parbury of 544 Throop Avenue was challenged by the Republicans because he did not live in the election district the statutory period of thirty days before election. He rented his apartments on Oct. 1, but did not take possession until Oct. 9, because the work of painters delayed his moving. Justice Maddox decided he could vote. The court held he showed his intention to move on Oct. 1, and as he paid rent on his home from Oct. 1 he should be allowed to vote.

ARRAIGNED IN FLUSHING.

Four Charged with Attempts at Illegal Voting in Queens.

Four men were arraignd before Magistrate Conway in Flushing yesterday charged with having attempted to vote illegally. They were John Harrington of Maspeth Avenue, Maspeth; Hugh McClindon of 16 Prospect Avenue, Maspeth; John Bauman of 1653 Myrtle Avenue, Ridgewood, and Peter Yost of Maspeth Avenue, Maspeth.

Bauman was challenged because, as alleged, he has been only four months a resident of the county. The others, it was charged, gave wrong addresses. All were held in $1,000 bail.

WOMEN RAN A POLL.

Had Men Sign Ballots for Suffrage at Columbus Circle Booth.

One of the polling booths which held the biggest crowds all day yesterday, was opened by Dr. Mary Halton, leader of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District, in an automobile at Columbus Circle. The women put up a ballot box made of cardboard at 10 o'clock in the morning, and by 4 o'clock in the afternoon they had 1,500 ballots in it, all signed by men who pledged themselves to vote for the women's enfranchisement in 1915. The women offered to take anti votes, but not an anti would sign. Gen. Stillman Neale, who was one of the speakers for the women, had a bad fall in the afternoon when one of a large crowd of boys who gathered, kicked over the platform upon which he was standing.

Other speakers, in addition to Dr. Halton, were Mrs. Ella Guilford, Miss Ida Craft, Mrs. J. Remington Chartres, Miss Klatschen, Miss Ida Almquist, Miss Marie Murphy, Miss Elizabeth M. Becker, and Miss Elsie Bendson. Two men came out of the crowd, after hearing the women, and spoke for suffrage. One was from California and the other from New Zealand, and both told of the good work of the women in their home territory. There were some antis in the crowd, who made protests.

"Nature intended woman for the home," said one man, "and God will take care of her there."

"You ought to go down on your knees and beg pardon of your Maker for trying to be a man," said another to Mrs. Guilford.

An anti-suffrage woman stayed around all day and harangued the crowd.

JULIUS IN THE WRECKAGE.

Harburger, Told He's Beaten, Is Willing to Hear It's a Mistake.

Sheriff Julius Harburger for the first time in many years said last night that he had nothing to say. But the Sheriff recovered himself quickly and added that if he were actually beaten—the enormity of the possibility being very hard to grasp—why, then it was the will of the people.

"I heard I was beaten," said Mr. Harburger, "and I went to bed. But if you hear any good news call me up. There may be a mistake, you know."

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At the 5 Brill Stores Is Now On

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For $18.00, $20.00 Winter Overcoats

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Among the Overcoats: blue, gray, brown and heather mixture chinchillas, pencil stripes and kerseys, meltons, Shetlands and friezes in an immense variety—long coats, short coats, self collars, velvet collars and shawl collars; single breasted or double; belted and plain; many with patch pockets, in fact, anything you can think of. At $15.

$20.

For $30 Winter Overcoats

Of splendid quality and unusually good style; smart, distinctive, well tailored Chinchilla Overcoats with belts or without; tweeds, vicunas, kerseys and cheviots, in brown, grays, blues, heather mixtures, blacks and Oxfords. Wonderfully good values at $20.

$10 & $15 Overcoats on Sale at 4 Stores Only. Not at 49th.

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Tan Russia Calf Skin Blucher Lace..$6.00
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ZEALOUS WATCHERS DELAYED THE VOTING

Most of Them Columbia Students, but Election Board Office Relieved Confusion.

ASKED TOO MANY QUESTIONS

Superintendent of Elections Voorhis Reports Orderly Day and Remarkably Heavy Early Vote.

In spite of the bitterness which has characterized the campaign on both sides, yesterday's election, according to Supt. Voorhis of the State Board of Elections for the Municipal District of New York, was one of the quietest and most orderly in his experience. There was little or no trouble at the polling places, and the vote cast was unusually heavy.

"The first and only complaint which was brought to my attention," said Mr. Voorhis, "was when I was notified at my home, at 6:30 in the morning, that the volunteer Fusion watchers in the Eighteenth Election District of the Nineteenth Assembly District were causing a delay in the voting, which during the early hours was very heavy. The watchers were for the most part Columbia College students, and in their enthusiasm they believed that it was necessary to submit to all of the voters whom they sought to challenge the entire list of questions prescribed for registration. These questions include age, birthplace, length of residence in the State, county, and election district, place of residence, where the person voted from last year, whether or not he is a householder, and similar inquiries. They were very profuse in their challenges, and the complaint was made that they were delaying the vote.

"I sent an Inspector from this office up to the polling place, which was in Amsterdam Avenue, near 116th Street, and he explained that while it was permissible to ask all of the prescribed questions, it was not mandatory upon a watcher to do so—that, as a rule, one or two were sufficient. The matter was straightened out, but at 10 o'clock hostilities were renewed, and I sent another election official to the district, who remained and instructed the watchers in the best way of properly identifying a man who sought to vote. After about an hour things were working smoothly and he returned.

"There was some trouble early in the morning in the Second Assembly District, but it was not called to my attention and no report was made to this office. I understand that Clement J. Driscoll, the former Deputy Police Commissioner, was assaulted and pelted with eggs and vegetables as he was leaving a polling place at 65 Madison Street. I also heard that another man named Robert Brenzl was attacked in front of the Home Rule Democratic Club at 48 Madison Street. I did not learn of these occurrences until I saw them in the newspapers.

"The most remarkable thing about this election was the heavy vote in the early morning hours. I voted shortly before 8 o'clock in the Eleventh Election District of the Fifth Assembly District, and my ballot was No. 87. The same conditions prevailed all over the city, even in the silk-stocking districts. At 10 o'clock my reports indicated that a large proportion of the entire registered vote had been cast. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon more than 75 per cent. of those qualified to vote in this election had cast their ballots."

Mr. Voorhis said that his office had about seventy-five warrants for the arrest of illegally registered voters, and that he did not know how many of the warrants had been executed. He said that District Attorney Whitman had secured about 400 such warrants, which was an unusually large number for the District Attorney's office to handle on Election Day.

WORK FOR HONEST BALLOT.

Contemplated Frauds Checked — Some Watchers Assaulted.

Many challenges were made yesterday by watchers for the Honest Ballot Association in the cases of voters who were not arrested. In other instances the challenged voters were arrested, and upon investigation were permitted to go without being taken into court.

Harry Warner, who was registered from 284 Seventh Street, gave his address when he attempted to vote at the polling place at 82 Avenue D as 91 Avenue D, and was promptly challenged by a watcher for the Honest Ballot Association, Herman Rosenbloom, and was arrested. It developed that Warner lived at the corner of Seventh Street and Avenue D, and that both of the addresses which he had given were correct, as the house had two entrances.

A frequent source of trouble at polling places in the forenoon was the disputes which arose between the Boards of Election Inspectors and watchers. The Honest Ballot Association men declared that many of the boards had refused to admit watchers inside the rails and had also refused to put challenges when requested. For this reason threats were made that several Boards of Inspectors would be arrested after the polls had closed, but so far as is known this threat was not carried out.

Early in the morning three Honest Ballot Association automobiles trailed a band of suspected floaters in other machines, who had left a rendezvous on East 125th Street. The men were followed for several hours, but as they made no effort to vote illegally no arrests were made. A corps of fifty lawyers and three score Yale students, who had volunteered their services, were kept busy visiting polling places at which trouble had been reported.

H. G. Rogers, a Yale student and volunteer watcher of the Honest Ballot Association, was set upon by gangsters in the polling place at 59 Norfolk Street and badly beaten. He was taken to the University Settlement, where his wounds were dressed.

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon there was an attempt made by a band of about forty roughs to drive away would-be voters from several of the polling places in the Sixth Assembly District, where William Sulzer was the Progressive candidate for the Legislature. Several Honest Ballot watchers notified the police, with the result that reserves from the Fifth Street Station dispersed the trouble-makers. Four arrests were made.

James S. Thompson, who said he was a publisher and lived at 825 West 178th Street, which is a section of high-class apartment houses on Washington Heights, was arrested when he tried to vote at 91 Willock Street in the Sixth Assembly District by Charles Lees of the Honest Ballot Association. He was so frightened by his arrest that he was unable to explain intelligibly why he had come down from the upper West Side to vote in the district were Sulzer was a candidate.

Patrick Harden, 43 years old, of 280 Delancey Street, a Tammany election captain, was arrested by Detectives Hackett and Leiding, who had been summoned by Honest Ballot watchers to investigate an alleged attempt at vote-buying. The charge placed against Harden was that of violating the Sullivan anti-weapon law. One of the detectives noticed a black-jack bulging in his hip pocket. The arrest occurred at the polling place of the Ninth Election District of the Fourth Assembly District. Sidney Davidson, a watcher for the Honest Ballot Association, had been busily engaged in challenging almost every voter whom he found enrolled as a Democrat. Finally, he challenged Gustav Anderson of 633 St. Anne's Avenue, and Luke J. McAvoy of 652 Bergen Avenue, an Election Inspector, directed the police to arrest Davidson on the ground that he was interfering with and obstructing the election. Pointing to Anderson, whom the prisoner had just challenged, McAvoy remarked: "That man has voted in this election district for seventeen years."

William K. Anderson, an Honest Ballot watcher, was assaulted by a ward politician in the Ninth Election District of the Second Assembly District at 120 Cherry Street. L. H. Bigelow, Jr., ex-Captain of the Yale 'Varsity football team and President of the Mitchel College Men's League, and Harold A. Content, Assistant United States District Attorney for the District of New York, who witnessed the assault, ran to Anderson's aid and arrested his assailant. On the way to the Fifth Precinct Police Station three other gangsters attacked the party and tried to rescue the prisoner.

Led by Bigelow, who is 6 feet 3 inches in height, the Honest Ballot party arrested all four men and took them to the police station, where they were locked up on a charge of assault.

Anthony F. G. Lucas, an Honest Ballot Association watcher, through his attorney, Albert S. Bard, brought a civil action for $5,000 against Harry Faas of 15 East 118th Street for false imprisonment. Lucas challenged Faas in the Fifteenth Election District of the Twenty-sixth Assembly District, whereupon, at the suggestion of the Inspectors of Election, Faas caused the watcher's arrest. The Honest Ballot Association last night announced that criminal charges would be brought against the Inspectors responsible for the arrest of the watcher.

E. Stagg Whitin, Managing Director of the Honest Ballot Association, and Assistant District Attorney Train issued this statement last night:

"The election has been quiet. Some fraudulent votes got by, but fewer than ever before. We attribute this to the long and careful preparation to avert the evil which many organizations like ourselves and the detective force of Dan Costigan have been making for weeks.

"The results of the Honest Ballot Association work can not be measured by the number of arrests and challenges. The real test is the number of fraudulent votes prevented from being cast. Through the organization of the watchers, the courage of our men, and clever detective operations we have demonstrated that the underground system of fraud can be broken down, that guerrillas can be frightened into inactivity and that much can be done to prevent honest votes from being offset by trickery and fraud."

GOOD ORDER IN THE BRONX.

Lively, with 11 Tickets in the Field, but No One Overwrought.

Contrary to predictions from many sources the first election held in the Bronx for a county ticket of its own was attended with little excitement at the polls yesterday. This was not due to a dearth of watchers. The fact that there were eleven tickets in the field kept things lively. They were, however, few votes contested and the arrests which reached the courts did not exceed a score.

The question as to whether the Bronx was a county or a borough until 1914 so far as the election laws are concerned, was brought before Police Magistrate Deuel on the arrest of Chester Sweet, a dentist of 789 Ogden Avenue, charged with attempting to vote in the Second Election District of the Thirty-fifth Assembly District on a residence of 2 months and 10 days in the Bronx.

Sweet had, according to his attorney, established a residence of more than one year in New York County at 2,031 Seventh Avenue, and had voted from there at the election of last year. He moved to 789 Ogden Avenue, and on the supposition that the Bronx was until 1914 a borough requiring only 30 days' residence for suffrage, registered and attempted to vote.

When brought before Police Magistrate Deuel his liberation was asked for on the ground that the requirement of four months' residence did not hold in the Bronx until it became a county. Eli Neumann of the State Attorney's office opposed this motion, quoting a decision of Attorney General Carmody to the effect that the Bronx, so far as the election was concerned, had the county requirements in the voting for its county officers. Judge Deuel asked the attorneys to submit briefs to him on Nov. 17 and placed Sweet under $100 bail, which was given.

Timothy P. Dwyer, an accountant of 657 Bryant Avenue, and Emil Heimberger, a musician living at 1,088 Bryant Avenue, applied to Judge Brady in the Morrisania Court for an order requiring the Board of Elections of the Thirty-ninth Election District of the Thirty-second Assembly District to show cause why their ballots should not be accepted. Both said that they had been allowed to register in the district in which they attempted to vote, but that when they came to cast their ballots were refused on the ground that the residences did not comply with the registration limits. Attorneys James A. Donnelly and John J. Hymes, for the Democratic County Committee, opposed the granting of the order. Justice Brady refused the application on the ground that the election laws did not offer any remedy for a mistake in registration except on or before the second Saturday preceding Election Day.

Another case brought before Justice Brady was that of Forrest Hagerman, who when he went to the Thirty-fourth Election District of the Thirty-fifth Assembly District to vote found that some one had previously cast a ballot for him. An examination of the registration signature and the ballot signature disclosed the fact that although the person who voted for Hagerman had been able to imitate his handwriting he had spelled the name with two gs. Justice Brady ordered that Hagerman's ballot be accepted and that one be drawn unopened from the ballot box and destroyed to balance the additional ballot.

SHONTS COULDN'T VOTE.

He Thought He Had Registered When He Identified Himself at His Hotel.

Those persons who live in hotels, and who several weeks ago tried to describe the color of their own eyes and answer other questions on the blanks sent around to hotels by the Board of Elections, found yesterday that that was not the same as registering. Of course a great many had realized that this was to serve merely as identification when it came to registering, and had taken the precaution to visit the proper barber's or undertaker's shop and answer the questions of the election officials in person, and sign their names. Others did not, and among them was Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

Mr. Shonts went early to the florist's shop at Fifty-eighth Street and Madison Avenue yesterday morning, in excellent humor. When he came out, his expression was different. He had not been allowed to vote for the reason that he was not registered. It developed that Mr. Shonts, who lives at the Plaza, had described himself with much care on the list which was turned over by the hotel to the election officials and had understood that this was the same as registering.

Only one resident of the Ritz-Carlton was on the list sent to the Election Board—Elisha Dyer. He had registered and he voted early.

DAVE MARION'S BIG BET.

One of His Shows Against a Box of Cigars—He Wins.

Dave Marion, owner and producer of several burlesque shows, broke all records on election betting at long odds. Mr. Marion was for Mitchel.

He was so firmly persuaded that the Fusion candidate would win that when the clerk on the desk at the Hotel Somerset talked McCall Monday evening, Mr. Marion roared with laughter.

"Why," he cried, "I'll tell you what I'll do with you, young fellow. I'll just bet you one of my shows against a box of cigars."

The clerk reflected. He knew the quoted odds were four to one, and he strongly suspected that even one of Mr. Marion's less successful shows would be worth more than four boxes of cigars.

"Done," said the clerk.

And the world of theatrical managers is no larger than it was Election Eve. But it was a good bet.

CLARK DEFENDS WILSON.

Flouts Cummins's Charge of "Treason" in Tariff Work.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Speaker Clark came to the defense of President Wilson to-day against the attack by Senator Albert B. Cummins, of Iowa, in which the latter charged that Mr. Wilson "committed treason" when he framed his tariff policy and "influenced" members of Congress to stand by the administration bill.

"Terminology," said the Speaker, "has not yet reached such perfection as to be an exact science, but it is closely approximating it. Therefore, a plain, matter-of-fact citizen is surprised, even amazed, to discover a man of the official standing of Senator Cummins accusing President Wilson of treason on account of his endeavor to bring Democrats into line on the tariff. That is certainly a most serious accusation. What is more, it is not true. However much Senator Cummins may condemn the President, 'treason' is not the right word to describe the President's performance. The constitution thus defines treason:

> Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort.

"Whatever the President said or did touching the tariff, such cannot be constructed as failing under that definition. It's queer that so distinguished a lawyer as Senator Cummins should have been led into making such an astounding accusation.

"There was much hard work, but not mystery, about making the tariff bill. It was shaped in the Ways and Means Committee; it was amended in caucuses and debated over two weeks—amendment and speech being absolutely free. It was amended and debated in the House over two weeks, amendment and debating being absolutely free. All of us from the President down made suggestions as to particular items. Chairman Underwood and myself and members of the committee and other members put in a good deal of time and labor reconciling members who objected to particular items, and we put in time and labor trying to change rates on particular items where we thought injustice was being done.

"We were trying to hold our members together on a tariff bill containing over 4,000 items and to redeem the tariff promises of the Baltimore platform. Now, if the rest of us did those things, what hindered the President from doing the same things? And how can the making of suggestions by him be construed into 'treason?'"

PRIEST TO SELL PAPERS.

Father Pyplatz Rejects $50 Monthly Pension from Benevolent Society.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Rather than continue to accept $50 a month from a benevolent society which pensions priests, the Rev. Michael C. Pyplatz, for thirty years pastor of the St. Joseph Polish Catholic Church, will sell newspapers on Chicago's streets. He came here yesterday from Desplaines, Ill., where he had been in retirement since last May. He has decided to put up a news stand at State and Madison Streets. This inscription will hang above the stand:

"This is Father Pyplatz, who for thirty years served his people in St. Joseph's parish at Armitage Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, South Chicago."

The retired clergyman declared that it was not just to the benevolent society to take its money when he was able to work.

From an Eminent Lawyer

S. W. DERR, Esq.,
Supt. Dining Car Department, N. J. C. R. R.,
New Jersey Central Building, New York.

Dear Sir:

I take pleasure in expressing my appreciation of the excellence of the food and service on your Dining Car No. 1194, on which I took breakfast this morning.

There are many travellers who are very prompt to express their dissatisfaction where any occasion, real or imaginary, occurs, but I find that few persons will take the trouble to acknowledge when they are well and satisfactorily served. I do not see any particular in which your service could be improved.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) Name on request.

Trains leave for Philadelphia from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M. on the hour and at midnight, with sleepers from Liberty Street. Ten minutes of the hour from West 23rd Street. Superior dining service at dining hours.

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Bedsteads, Springs, Mattresses, Etc.

On Sale, Today, at Economies That Are Possible in Our Greenhut Building as Nowhere Else.

$22.50 Brass Bedsteads, at $15

As illustrated. 2-inch continuous post; 7-inch filling rods; heavy mounts; can be had in all regular sizes; bright or satin finish.

$12.50 Layer Felt Mattresses—50 lbs.; roll edge; fancy-striped ticking; good quality; today, at.... $9.50

$5.50 "Ever-Clean" Vermin-Proof Springs—constructed so as to prevent vermin from getting into cracks; roll edge; supported by steel bands; all sizes; today, at..... $4

$9 "Greenhut Special" Wit-Edge Springs—heavy woven wire fabric with woven wire side to prevent mattress slipping; helical spring ends; heavy steel frames; today, at..... $6.70

$10 Rex Felt Mattresses—made in our own sanitary bedding factory; today, at $7.75

$6 Sag-Proof Wit-Edge Link Spring—guaranteed for 10 years; today, at..... $4.50

$25 Genuine Ostermoor Roll-Edge Mattresses, at $15

"Built—not Stuffed"

(Manufactured by the Ostermoor Co.) made of white layer felt; covered in fancy cretonne ticking; 4-6 size.

GREENHUT BUILDING
$3.75 Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains *a Pair*, $2.50
$6.50 Irish Point Lace Curtains *a Pair*, $4.75
A most unusual offering—and a timely one. Beautiful patterns in novel effects and designs. The choicest decorative effects of the season. Sale today.

GREENHUT BUILDING
This $7.75 Gas Reading Lamp $5.50 *Today, for*

Standard of cast metal in a handsome scroll design, finished in brass and black. Shade is 13 inches in diameter, with 8 bent art glass panels in green amber or amber green, with bead fringe to match. Complete with Welsbach burner, mantle and six feet gas tubing.

Other Big Sales for Today

MAIN BUILDING

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' $12 TO $18 WINTER SUITS AND OVERCOATS—at..... $10

MEN'S MACKINAW COATS—all sizes; at $4.25 & $7.95

MEN'S FANCY VESTS—values to $4; at..... $1.35

WOMEN'S FALL AND WINTER COATS—values $16.50 to $22.50; at..... $11.75

WOMEN'S STUNNING NEW BLOUSES—of net, cotton etamine, crepe, voile and batiste; special, at..... $1.98

$6.50 FITTED REAL SEAL LEATHER HAND BAGS—at..... $4.75

Also special prices on Leather Game Cases, Correspondence Cases, Music Rolls, Collar Pouches, etc

WOMEN'S $3 HIGH HEEL SHOES—at..... $1.79

WOMEN'S $3 "KON-KAVE" HEEL SHOES—at..... $1.95

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S $2 and $2.50 HIGH AND REGULAR-CUT BUTTON SHOES—at..... $1.49

12½c CRASH TOWELING—a yard..... 8c

Also special prices on TOWELS, TABLE DAMASK, SCARFS, BED SHEETS, NAPKINS, BED SPREADS, CENTREPIECES, BLANKETS, COMFORTERS, ETC.

25c DOUBLE-FACED COLORED CANTON FLANNEL—a yard... 9c

HIGHEST GRADE GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS at New York's lowest prices.

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ROOM-SIZE RUGS—Wiltons, Axminsters and Velvets in newest weaves, at special prices.

STOVES AND OTHER HOUSE WARES specially priced in our great November sale of House-furnishings. Guaranteed goods—lowest prices in New York.

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B. Altman & Co.

have effected extensive reductions in the prices of Women's high-cost Trimmed Hats, including Paris models as well as designs originated in the establishment.

A special offering for this day (Wednesday), in the Millinery Department on the Third Floor, will consist of a number of

Trimmed Velvet and Plush Hats

in smart, effective styles for Autumn and Winter wear, at the very attractive price of $12.00

Special Sales of

Black Peau de Souris, Women's Blouses and Women's Knitted Underwear will also be held this day (Wednesday).

Women's Silk Afternoon and Evening Dresses

now being shown in generous assortments at unusually attractive prices, include a large number of Imported Dresses reflecting the latest Paris fashions.

Among the Dresses marked at special prices are the following:

Afternoon Dresses, actual values $40.00 to $68.00 . . . at $28.00 & 42.00

Evening Dresses, actual values $48.00 to $75.00 . . at $32.00 & 48.00

Afternoon and Evening Dresses, actual values $85.00 & 110.00 . . . at $65.00

B. Altman & Co.

have on sale, in the Velvet Department, the latest Paris shades in the fashionable Dress fabric, Silk Duvetyn.

The Dressmaking Department

is prepared to make to order, in workrooms in the establishment,

WOMEN'S THREE-PIECE SUITS

at the following exceptional prices:

Broadcloth Suits . . . at $100.00
Silk Plush Suits . . . at 125.00
Karakul Cloth or Duvetyn Suits at 150.00

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There is no other place so delightful as this for Autumn or Winter holidays.

Golf, Tennis, Horseback Riding —all the Exhilarating Pastimes

are at your command in this incomparable climate.

Bracing mountain air, tempered by the warm southern sunshine, gives you health as well as pleasure. And the

Scenic Magnificence of

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BRYAN EVASIVE ON MEXICO NOTE

Denies an Ultimatum Was Sent to Huerta, but Gives No Particulars.

DICTATOR KEEPS SILENT

But Mexican Capital Hears He Has No Choice but to Resign at Once.

FOREIGN DIPLOMATS INQUIRE

Berlin Papers Attack the United States, Alleging That It Is Working in Favor of the Oil Trust.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Beyond a formal statement that no "ultimatum" had been delivered to President Huerta by this Government, Secretary Bryan declined to comment to-day in any way on the Mexico City dispatch printed this morning that the United States had called on Gen. Huerta to resign and not to install as his successor any man who was intimately associated with him.

In answer to questions, Mr. Bryan said his denial was intended to be comprehensive in its application to the report that there had been an "ultimatum," but he refused to go into particulars or to indicate whether any communication embracing a new American policy had been made to the Mexican Government.

This is the Secretary's denial:

"I have made it a rule not to discuss newspaper reports concerning international matters; but the nature of the dispatches from Mexico this morning suggests a departure from the rule at this time. No ultimatum has been sent to Mexico, and it is unfortunate that the press should give credence to such a report. The harm done by speculations, or even inaccuracies, in regard to domestic questions is limited because the people are acquainted with the subject and can make allowances; but as misstatements in regard to international matters may lead to serious consequences I feel justified in making the above denial."

Senators in the Dark.

In view of the attitude of Mr. Bryan and the absence of President Wilson, it is difficult to obtain any satisfactory idea of what move may have been made by this Government that would have justified the Mexico City press dispatch. Senators who have shared the confidence of the Administration in connection with Mexican affairs have no knowledge of any drastic action by this Government, and beyond the fact that the American battleship division in eastern Mexican waters is to be augmented, no preparations have been made by the Navy Department to meet an emergency calling for a display or the use of force.

Even Senator Bacon, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, according to information obtained to-day, had no knowledge that an important move had been made in connection with the Mexican situation. This statement appeared to be inconsistent with Mr. Bacon's hint in the Senate yesterday that vigorous action by President Wilson might be expected soon, but it came from a source of authority that guaranteed its correctness.

But in spite of the negative statements made here to-day, the belief was prevalent that Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Charge d'Affaires in Mexico City, had made inquiries of the Mexican Government which foreshadowed an intention on the part of the United States to insist that President Huerta should make good his solemn promise not to remain in office even if he received a majority or a plurality of the votes cast for President in the election of Oct. 26. The report here is that Mr. O'Shaughnessy pressed the Mexican administration in a pointed way as to how soon Gen. Huerta would make a formal declaration that he would step down and out and that the Mexico City dispatch was based on some knowledge of that character. However, the true status of the matter remains a mystery on account of the refusal of the State Department to be more explicit in its statement on the subject.

Denial to Foreign Envoys.

Secretary Bryan admitted this afternoon that the denial of an "ultimatum" had been communicated to one and perhaps two foreign diplomatic representatives in Washington, who had made personal inquiry to-day. He also said the denial had been formally sent to all the Governments that had diplomatic representatives in Mexico City.

Mr. Bryan was plainly provoked over the "ultimatum" story. He intimated broadly that he suspected it had been instigated from elsewhere than Mexico City, and said that investigations of previous news dispatches dated London had indicated that they were in reality put out in this country. No elucidation of these remarks was furnished by Mr. Bryan.

For the first time it was admitted at the Navy Department to-day that the four United States battleships which arrived at Vera Cruz to-night would not relieve other battleships due to return to home ports to afford shore leave for their officers and men. The ships now at Galveston, it was said, would remain there "indefinitely." This was the only disclosure to-day that appeared to have any significant bearing on the Mexican situation.

The battleships at Vera Cruz have been alternating in going to Galveston to give their men shore liberty, so that of the four vessels in Rear Admiral Fletcher's original division, three always were in Mexican waters. With the arrival of the squadron at Vera Cruz the American war vessels on the East coast of Mexico include seven battleships, the cruiser Tacoma, and the gunboat Wheeling.

Although the permission granted by the Mexican Senate for American warships to remain in the territorial waters of Mexico for six months expired on Oct. 28, no notice for them to remove themselves from Vera Cruz and other ports has been received by this Government. Officials to-day made no secret of the administration's intention to ignore any such warning.

Reports that the War Department is rushing purchasing supplies for an army of 500,000 men are unfounded.

SECRECY IN MEXICO CITY.

Huerta and All Concerned Silent on Wilson Demand.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 4.—Developments in connection with the demand for Huerta's resignation are moving slowly.

An American official said to-day that while no actual ultimatum had been sent by President Wilson, he thought such would be the outcome in the event that the recent inquiries and negotiations failed. He said that these negotiations were in an incipient stage.

The international situation is extremely strained, and it is said that the relations between Mr. O'Shaughnessy, the American Chargé d'Affaires, and Minister Moheno are serious. Huerta got 500,000 pesos from the Yucatan State Government to-day.

Señor Moheno, Minister of Finance, issued a statement to-night, in which he said the German, Russian, and Norwegian Ministers had called on him and assured him that they had held no conference with John Lind at Vera Cruz and indicated that they were not in accord with the policy of the United States toward Mexico. The Norwegian Minister, Michael Lie, said the whole story of their conference was untrue and that he had held no conference with Mr. Lind at Vera Cruz.

A strong rumor was current to-day to the effect that Zacatecas was captured this afternoon, the attack having begun yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 4.—The undercurrent of conversation at the National Palace to-night carried rumors regarding President Huerta's attitude in the face of Washington's demands that he retire, but the President himself preserved an enigmatical reserve.

Huerta's intimates are familiar with the terms of the communication, which they regard as practically mandatory. The memorandum from the administration at Washington says that unless Gen. Huerta retires immediately and thereafter has nothing to do with the conduct of affairs or the formation of a new government the President of the United States will issue an ultimatum, which, if rejected, will cause him to call upon Congress to authorize him to use sterner methods.

The language caused Huerta's friends to regard the American communication in itself as conclusive, since Gen. Huerta has no choice regarding further participation in Mexico's official affairs.

In the memorandum it is impressed upon Gen. Huerta that his retirement from the Presidency and non-interference on his part are the only steps which will be acceptable to the American Government. He was pointedly reminded that any attempt upon his part to leave as his successor any of those men connected with the coup d'état by which he obtained the Presidency, or to utilize in the proposed Government any of those chosen in the recent elections, even those named as Congressmen, would result in the definite breaking off of all relations.

It is suggested that Gen. Huerta be succeeded by some man or by some small group of men who will conduct the affairs of government temporarily, somewhat on the line of a commission form of government, and that it be understood that this man or group of men shall immediately take steps to call new elections in order to establish a permanent government.

Gen. Huerta is reminded that the United States is anxious to avoid trouble, as much for the welfare of Mexico as to preserve international peace. He is finally urged to abandon power, and to do it immediately, since the American Government, it is indicated, will tolerate no further temporizing.

WARSHIPS REACH VERA CRUZ.

Admiral Bousch's Squadron Arrives —Diaz Aids Held in Custody.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Mex., Nov. 4.—The battleships Rhode Island, New Jersey, and Virginia, Rear Admiral Bousch commanding, arrived here at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon, anchoring outside the harbor in line with the Louisiana and the Michigan.

Thousands of persons watched the arrival of the ships from the waterfront, commenting bitterly on their warlike appearance. The Nebraska has joined the New Hampshire at Tampico.

Felix Diaz's companions on the Japanese Commission have arrived on board the Zaragosa, under arrest, and will be taken to the capital.

Because of the uncertain conditions in Mexico City many American families and other foreigners are expected to seek refuge here at any moment. The financial conditions all over the country are pitiful. The Custom House receipts here have fallen off considerably.

TROOPS FOR FORT BLISS.

Tenth Cavalry Going by Rail—Other Commands Moving.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 4.—Troops of the Second Cavalry are being held under marching orders at Fort Bliss, and more troops are expected to reach the border from Fort Leavenworth, Fort Sheridan and Fort Meyer within the next week. The Second Cavalry was ordered to proceed by transport from Galveston to Fort Ethan Allan, Vermont, but the order was countermanded.

The Tenth Cavalry, which was ordered to move by transport, has been ordered to go by rail to the border. The Fifteenth Cavalry is preparing to move by rail to Fort Bliss and the Fifth, Thirteenth and Second are already on the border patrol west of El Paso.

An aeroplane has been set up on the Fort Bliss drill grounds and an aviator has been making trial flights and instructing officers in the use of the machine.

Nothing had been heard to-night from Chihuahua, where Villas was expected to attack. All the available troops in Juarez have been sent to Chihuahua.

DIAZ TO STAY IN CUBA.

Secretary Says He Will Remain There for the Present at Least.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Nov. 4.—Felix Diaz refused to-day to make any statement for publication further than what he said last night. However, José Sandoval, his secretary, said that Diaz had not yet determined what his future action would be, but that he probably would remain here for some time.

Diaz and Emeterio Garza, Huerta's recent private envoy to the United States, held a conference to-day, but neither would discuss the conversation.

ADVERTISEMENT.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. If you want rest and comfort for tired, aching, swollen, sweating feet, use Allen's Foot-Ease. It relieves corns and bunions of all pain and prevents blisters, sore and callous spots. Just the thing for Dancing Parties, Patent Leather Shoes, and for Breaking in New Shoes. It is the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Try it *to-day*. Sold everywhere, 25 cts. *Don't accept any substitute.* For FREE trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

GERMANS DENOUNCE OUR MEXICO POLICY

Papers Declare That It Benefits Nobody but the Standard Oil Company.

THINK HUERTA WILL FIGHT

Attitude of Government "Correct," but It Thinks We Ought to Inform It Before Intervening.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—Up to a late hour this evening the German Government was without any official knowledge of President Wilson's reported ultimatum to Huerta, and the Foreign Office was inclined to be somewhat puzzled as to why it was not reported either to the German Embassy in Washington or the American Embassy in Berlin.

The German official view is that, in accordance with Secretary Bryan's request, the European powers should refrain from independent action until President Wilson has determined upon his own policy, but that they have a right to expect that they will be formally notified before America resorts to active intervention and also acquainted with the nature of the steps to be taken. The German Government vigorously disavows the hostile attitude of the German press.

Though the attitude of the Kaiser's Government toward the American policy continues to be entirely correct and loyal, German opinion, as reflected in press comment on the reported ultimatum, is uncompromisingly hostile. It is necessary to hark back to the days of the Spanish-American war to find a counterpart of the abuse now being leveled at the United States.

This is not confined to any one section of the press or to the professedly anti-American elements like the Pan-Germans, and is most bitter in Liberal organs such as the Berliner Tageblatt, the Vossische Zeitung, and the Börsen Courier.

To-night's editorials in these journals all intimate that the American procedure in Mexico is a hypocritical, freebooting policy, conceived mainly in the interests of the Standard Oil Company. Nowhere is there a semblance of appreciation of the restraint that President Wilson exercised, or an expression of hope that the extreme measures now reported to have been found necessary may be successful. There is, indeed, an undertone of malicious hope that they will end in a humiliating fiasco.

The following extracts from to-night's press indicate the trend of the anti-American expressions. The Tageblatt says:

"Every Mexican knows that the final goal of the American policy is to impose a more or less veiled protectorate over the republic which stands between the United States and the other already half-yoked States bordering on the Panama Canal.

"Huerta is not a sympathetic personality, but the fact remains that this 'immoral' man, against whom this ex-Professor of Princeton wants to mobilize a quarter of a million troops, is just the strong man whom Mexico needs at this hour. He would have restored order if he had been let alone, and the foreign commercial interests in Mexico, with the exception of those of the Standard Oil Company, would have fared best.

"It is by no means certain that American public opinion underestimates, as President Wilson does, the gravity of the military enterprise on which he is about to enter."

The Vossische Zeitung says:

"President Wilson may well have issued reluctantly an ultimatum which is not designed to evoke special joy anywhere except in the camp of the Standard Oil Company. Some such action was necessary, because the precarious prestige of the United States in the eyes of other republics south of the Rio Grande is at stake.

"Huerta clearly recognizes the perils which the Mexican game involves for his northern neighbor. He has hitherto done what he has pleased, with little regard for the wild West tone that has echoed across his northern frontier. That he has succeeded to a certain degree is revealed by the Lind tragi-comedy, which began with thunder and lightning and ended in an inglorious fizzle.

"Huerta's surrender is now hardly conceivable. He is much more likely to let Uncle Sam bite into the sour apple."

The Börsen Courier says:

"The wobbling, aimless Mexican policy of the United States has almost made American diplomacy the laughing stock of the world. Huerta can hardly be blamed for ignoring Uncle Sam's ultimatum as another of these North American utterances behind which there is no determination to substitute deeds for words.

"The underlying motives of American policy are to rob Mexico of political independence, but primarily of economic sovereignty. If Washington desired merely the restoration of order it would have recognized Huerta long ago."

The Berliner Neueste Nachrichten, which is usually diametrically opposed to the Liberal and Radical journals quoted in the foregoing, says:

"Apparently the Yankees now think they have encircled the Mexican jaguar Huerta on all sides, and that the time has arrived to deliver him a vital blow. With an ostensibly invincible army on the frontier and a fleet of battleships at Vera Cruz, the glorious Bryan, who was going to administer American diplomacy so that war would vanish from the face of the earth, appears to think that the moment has dawned to open fire on Huerta."

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—The communication made to Provisional President Huerta by the United States Government caused a decided flurry on the Berlin Stock Exchange, as well as in newspaper circles, but less impression on the German Foreign Office, where the belief was expressed that Washington would scarcely have taken such a step without previously consulting the European Governments in accordance with Secretary of State Bryan's recent assurances.

No communication regarding the matter had been received at the Foreign Office up to 5 o'clock this afternoon either from Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, or from United States Ambassador Gerard. The Foreign Office is greatly interested in the re-establishment of order in Mexico, and would like to see it brought about.

The policy of President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan in Mexico has resulted as was to be expected, says the Tageblatt to-day, in commending on the Mexican situation, and has left the United States with no alternative except to employ force or to back down ingloriously. The newspaper expects there will be a speedy landing of troops at Vera Cruz, but it fears that President Wilson underestimates the military difficulties in Mexico. The belief that the policy of President Wilson was mistaken is also expressed by the newspaper which says that while Gen. Huerta may be an unsympathetic personality, yet he is the strong man whom Mexico needs.

The Vossische Zeitung joins with the Tageblatt in inferring that only the oil interests will be pleased over President Wilson's decision.

The Lokal Anzeiger, on the other hand, is more sympathetic, saying it is not surprised that Washington has become weary of the comedy played by Provisional President Huerta, and of the bogus elections for the Presidency.

"We Germans have an urgent interest in seeing a strong hand finally establish order in Mexico," says the Taegliche Rundschau. "No matter to whom the hand belongs we demand that it interfere and do its duty. If this is not done the United States alone will bear the blame."

THINK WE MUST INTERVENE.

London Papers' View—War Always Seemed Likely, Says The Chronicle.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 5.—The Times in an editorial article on the Mexican situation says:

"While opinion on this side was from the first incredulous about the issue of an ultimatum, it never supposed that the story need be wholly without foundation."

Referring to the general belief in Washington that, although no ultimatum has been dispatched, a communication of some kind has been sent, The Times says it seems probable enough, as does the further surmise that the substance of the communication may not be very unlike that ascribed to the imaginary ultimatum. The Times concludes:

"If President Wilson can secure a firm Government and an honest Government in the neighboring republic without a preliminary season of bloodshed and chaos, he will have performed a very remarkable diplomatic feat, but the damage done to American interests by the long-continued disorders in Mexico is so great that we can understand his attempting it."

The Daily Chronicle in an editorial maintains that President Wilson sent what in substance was an ultimatum to Huerta. It says:

"The reported denials of Messrs. Bryan and O'Shaughnessy seem to refer to the form only. The communication of Mr. O'Shaughnessy to Gen. Huerta is in effect the same as an ultimatum. Either Huerta must surrender or the United States must undertake a Mexican war." The Daily Chronicle adds:

"European nations, such as Great Britain and Germany, although they have large business interests in Mexico, cannot conceivably contemplate going to war there. We cannot think of sacrificing a single soldier, let alone an army, in such quarrels. British capitalists have not, and do not, claim the right to have British blood shed on their behalf."

After declaring that President Wilson adopted a course of which war always seemed the most probable outcome, The Daily Chronicle continues:

"If the United States will spend its strength in order to make Mexico a civilized country, on the level of, say, Cuba, we and all other outsiders can only wish the enterprise well. The United States is sure of the sympathy and passive support of all the interested powers. It will not have and does not desire their active co-operation."

LONDON Wednesday, Nov. 5.—The London morning papers in editorial articles on the Mexican situation express the belief that, although the report of the nature of the Washington communication may have been inaccurate, President Wilson will ultimately be driven to intervention.

The Morning Post says: "It is more important for the United States to secure good government in Mexico than in any of the small States, and if this end can only be achieved by intervention her people will not be daunted by the cost."

The Daily Express contends that delay only increases the difficulties and that the United States must either act and rescue Mexico from chaos, or the Monroe Doctrine must be revised.

FRANCE MAY OFFER MEDIATION

Inclined to Extend Services to United States and Mexico.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The French Government is considering the possibility of offering its friendly services to the United States and Mexico.

Nothing had been done, it was understood, beyond making informal inquiries at Washington and Mexico City as to whether anything could be done to ease the present tension and perhaps arrive at a satisfactory arrangement.

CARRANZA NOT PLEASED.

"I Consider Armed Intervention in Mexico a Great Mistake."

NOGALES, Mexico, Nov. 4.—"I consider armed intervention by the United States or any other power a great mistake," said Gen. Carranza, leader of the Constitutionalists, last night, when informed of the reported demand of the United States for the immediate retirement of President Huerta.

The Constitutionalist leader declined to make any further comment until he had heard from his agents in Washington.

ELDER DIAZ A FLORIDAN.

Has Leased Winter House at Miami, Near W. J. Bryan's Place.

MIAMI, Fla., Nov. 4.—Porfirio Diaz, ex-President of Mexico, will live in Miami this Winter, according to Rafael Ruesga, Mexican Consul here, who says he has leased a home for Gen. Diaz near Secretary Bryan's place.

Ruesga, who is a nephew of Diaz, says the exile will arrive here early in December with his family.

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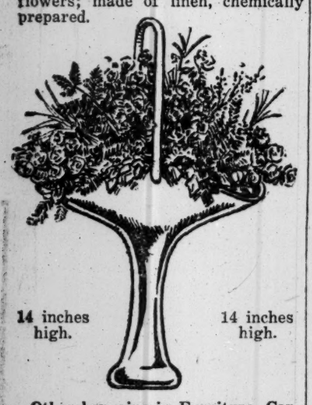

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DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

THEOLOGIAN SCOFFS AT 'RITUAL MURDER'

Prof. Kokovtzoff, a Relative of the Russian Premier, Aids the Defense of Beiliss.

ANTI-SEMITIC PAPER ANGRY

Disgusted by the Exhibition Made on the Stand by Father Pranaites —Another Paper Satirical.

KIEFF, Nov. 4.—The defense scored to-day in the trial of Mendel Beiliss, who is charged with the murder of the boy Yushinsky. Profs. Kokovtzoff and Tihomiroff, theological experts, ridiculed the idea that the Jews practiced "ritual murder." Prof. Kokovtzorr, who is attached to St. Petersburg University and is a relative of the Russian Premier, said:

"We're told that the body of a child had been drained of its blood, and, were it proved to me that this had been done by a Jew, the supposition that the crime had been perpetrated for the purpose of eating the body would be less absurd to my mind than the theory of rutial murder."

The witness could find nothing in the Talmud, he said, which directed the ritual murder of Christians.

The Prosecutor's questions indicated that he attached much weight to the evidence of Father Pranaites.

When the court reassembled to-day counsel for the defense insisted that the charges of "ritual murder" should be thrashed out. The defending attorneys declared that they were not responsible for the raising of the charges of ritualism, but, now that they had been brought forward, the discussion of the subject must not be artificially curtailed. The Presiding Judge therefore ordered the resumption of the testimony of theological experts.

The anti-Semitic newspaper Klevlianin to-day publishes another bitter article on the exhibition made in his testimony by Father Pranaites, formerly a Jew and now a Catholic monk. It prints extracts from the testimony of that witness, whom it calls "the neophite."

The Kievsky Mysl draws a satirical picture of Beiliss, an insignificant employe in a brick works, as lost amid a procession of Kings, Emperors, prophets, and heathen gods, but adds that this is at the expense of Russia, which will have to blush before the judgment of history for the "monk neophite" Pranaites.

FOR CHEAP PACIFIC CABLES.

Japanese Government Is About to Enter Into Negotiations.

TOKIO, Nov. 4.—In consequence of the growing commercial and other relations between Japan and the United States, and of the forthcoming opening of the Panama Canal, the Japanese Government purposes to enter into negotiations with the object of obtaining reduced rates for telegraphic communication across the Pacific Ocean.

Much of the telegraphic business, it is pointed out, is now relayed by way of Europe, which is a less expensive mode of transmission, but Japanese officials believe that the interests of the United States and Japan require the establishment of a cheaper system of direct communication.

Rev. E. A. Neville Dies in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 4.—The Rev. Edmund A. Neville, an Episcopalian minister here, died at Saltillo, capital of the State of Coahuila, last night while traveling to Mexico City after a visit to the United States. In the United States he had held charges in Sedalia, Mo.; Cincinnati, Ohio, and New Albany and Muncie, Indiana. At one time the Rev. Mr. Neville attracted wide attention because of his experience with cannibals in New Guinea, where he was stationed as a missionary. He witnessed the killing and eating of his fellow missionaries by savages who detained him a year and a half.

Harrison to Visit Mindanao.

MANILA, Nov. 4.—Governor-General Harrison will start next Sunday on a tour of inspection of Mindanao, prior to the appointment of a Civil Governor. The American troops are being withdrawn from that territory, but the Mindanao scouts and constabulary remain, and the Legislature has authorized the allotment of five extra companies of constabulary to replace the Americans.

O'Brienite Returned Unopposed.

CORK, Nov. 4.—John Guiney, a brother of the late Member of Parliament for the Northern Division of County Cork and an adherent of the Independent Nationalist William O'Brien, was to-day elected unopposed as a member of the House of Commons.

REFUSE BAIL TO ALTMAN.

Appeal to Austrian Officials Fruitless—More Arrests.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, Nov. 4.—It is learned that the American Ambassador's appeal to the Foreign Office on behalf of Sam Altman, agent here of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, accused in connection with the alleged emigration frauds, has been fruitless.

The Austrian authorities definitely refuse to release Mr. Altman on bail.

VIENNA, Nov. 4.—The newspapers report wholesale arrests and the closing of the North German Lloyd and Austro-American emigration offices at Lemberg, Czernewitz, and Cracow.

The Cunard company's agents, it is also reported, have been warned by the Government against irregularities.

RAFAEL CARRERA INDICTED.

Cuban Supreme Court's Action Alarms Other Former Officials.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Nov. 4.—The Supreme Court to-day indicted Rafael Carrera, who was Secretary of Public Works under Gen. Gomez's Presidency, and fixed bail at $10,000. Carrera is charged with falsifying public documents and with the malversation of public funds.

As a result of the court's action considerable uneasiness is felt in certain circles in the capital. It is feared that the Menocal administration intends to investigate the records of other officials who served under the late President.

PRAISES JOHN R. MOTT.

James Bryce Presides at a Luncheon in His Honor in London.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The Right Hon. James Bryce, ex-Ambassador at Washington, presided to-day at a luncheon in honor of John R. Mott, Chairman of the Continuation Committee of the World's Missionary Conference, whom he introduced to an enthusiastic company as one of the few persons "who are prophets in their own country."

Throughout the world, Eastern as well as Western, there was, said Mr. Bryce, no name which would so soon open the hearts and command the confidence of Christian workers and students as that of John R. Mott.

M. LANEL PROMOTED.

M. d'Anglade to Succeed Him as French Consul General Here.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The French Consul General at New York, Etienne Marie Louis Lanel, was to-day appointed Minister to Brazil. He is to be succeeded at New York by Marie Gabriel Georges Bosseront d'Anglade, Consul General at Barcelona.

M. Lanel has occupied Consular positions in the United States since 1903. He was at San Francisco from that year till 1907, when he was transferred to New York.

IN HONOR OF ROOSEVELT.

President Ordonez of Uruguay Gives a Banquet at the Palace.

MONTEVIDEO, Nov. 4.—After spending twelve hours in Montevideo, Col. Theodore Roosevelt left here to-night for Buenos Aires on board the scout ship Uruguay.

During his brief sojourn here Col. Roosevelt was the guest of the President of the republic, José Battle y Ordonez, who gave a banquet in his honor at the Palace. The Cabinet Ministers, the diplomatic representatives, and several members of the Roosevelt party were among the guests.

BELFAST WON'T PAY TAXES.

Business Men Meet and Resolve to Defy a Home Rule Parliament.

BELFAST, Nov. 4.—A resolution to pay no taxes under an Irish Home Rule Parliament and to make government under its rule impossible by unflinching and continuous obstruction of the law was passed here to-day at a demonstration of 6,000 business men of Ulster. Those present included representatives of leading firms with an aggregate capital of upward of $650,000,000.

Venezuela to Exhibit at the Fair.

CARACAS, Nov. 4.—The Venezuelan Government has promised official participation in the Panama-Pacific Exposition. The special commissioners of the exposition, who arrived at La Guayra recently, succeeded in obtaining this promise after a conference with various Government officials and Members of the Chamber of Commerce. The Acting President, Dr. José Gil Fortout, gave a dinner to the commissioners, at which the subject was discussed. The commissioners sailed to-day for Brazil.

Coal Dust Caused Dawson Horror.

DAWSON, N. M., Nov. 4.—Coal dust was the predominant force in the explosion that wrecked Mine 2 of the Stag Canon Fuel Company Oct. 22 and resulted in the death of 263 men, according to a statement issued to-day by Rees H. Beddow, State Mine Inspector. It has not been determined what ignited the dust. Mr. Beddow says in the last ten days experts have been searching for gas, but have not found enough anywhere in the mine to show in a safety lamp test.

TWELVE KILLED IN LYONS-PARIS TRAIN

Marseilles Express in a Collision Near the Capital—Seven Coaches Destroyed.

MANY PERSONS ARE INJURED

Wreckage on Fire—Doctors Urgently Summoned—No Americans Among the Victims.

PARIS, Wednesday, Nov. 5.—The Marseilles-Lyons-Paris Express was in collision late last night with another train.

Seven coaches filled with passengers were practically reduced to splinters. The wreckage is now burning.

The numer of dead, which at first was estimated at between forty and fifty, is now said to be not more than twelve.

The accident occurred near Melun, twenty-seven miles from Paris. All the doctors in Melun were requisitioned, and others have been urgently summoned from the surrounding towns.

At midnight, in addition to the dead, many injured had been taken from the wreckage.

There were no Americans on the wrecked express.

FATAL CRASH OF TRAINS.

Passengers Imprisoned in B. & O. Wreck, Which Catches Fire.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 4.—A Baltimore & Ohio passenger train crashed into a freight train to-night at Alexander Station, fifteen miles south of this city, and it is reported that many of the passengers were imprisoned in the wreckage, which caught fire.

Owing to lack of telephone facilities in the vicinity of the accident, nothing definite is known except that a fireman has been killed. It is feared that there are a number of dead and injured.

ICE-CRUSHED LINER SAFE.

Manchester Commerce Battles Way Through Storm to St. John's.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, Nov. 4.—Listing heavily to port and with her bow crushed in as far as the forward bulkhead, as the result of her collision with an iceberg, the Furness Line freight steamer, Manchester Commerce, entered the harbor to-day.

As previously reported, the Manchester Commerce, which was bound from Montreal for Manchester, under command of Capt. Couch, with a crew of forty men, struck the berg head-on about 100 miles east of Belle Isle at 2 o'clock on Sunday morning. The night was very dark and the berg loomed out of the blackness so suddenly that there was no time to change the course of the steamer, which crashed at full speed into the mountain of ice.

The steel prow of the liner was crumpled up like a piece of tin as far aft as the collision bulkhead and the decks were covered with fragments of ice from the berg.

Capt. Crouch made a hasty survey of the damage, notified his agents at Montreal of the accident, and headed his ship for St. John's, into which he battled his way through a heavy storm.

The vessel carried about 6,000 tons of general cargo. Her lower hold, above which the water did not come, was filled with timber, while the grain, flour, and other foodstuffs were on the deck above.

REFORM PASTOR RESIGNS.

The Rev. C. H. Priddy of Stamford Ill as Result of Efforts.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Nov. 4.—The Rev. Arthur H. Goodenough, District Superintendent of the Methodist Church, announced to-day that the Rev. Claude H. Priddy, pastor of the local church, had resigned. It appears his health has broken down as a result of his efforts to "clean up" the town. His letter of resignation did not mention his whereabouts nor where he intended going.

"Mr. Priddy," said Mr. Goodenough, "has been under an intense nervous strain for a long time. He went to Indianapolis a week or so ago to attend a convention in the hope that the trip would benefit his health. It apparently has not had that result."

At Mr. Priddy's home all information as to his whereabouts or condition was refused. It was said that he had suffered a breakdown because of overwork. It is believed that he is in a sanitarium.

Before coming to Stamford Mr. Priddy was pastor of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church of Brooklyn, N. Y. Previously he was connected with a church in Portland, Me. While in Maine he started a crusade which resulted in the present Maine boxing law.

FORBID AMUNDSEN LECTURE

Action of Prussian Authorities Causes Anger in Scandinavia.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 4.—The prohibition by the Prussian authorities of a lecture by Capt. Amundsen at Flensburg, Schleswig, has caused general indignation in Denmark and Norway. It is regarded as the more surprising because Capt. Amundsen is on friendly terms with the Kaiser.

It is understood that the explorer will lecture at Flensburg, but that the audience will be specially invited. This the authorities cannot forbid.

GARRISON LEAVES CANAL.

Returning Here Impressed by Visit —Won't Predict Completion.

PANAMA, Nov. 4.—The American Secretary of War, Lindley M. Garrison, and party sailed from Colon for New York this afternoon. Prior to his departure from Panama the Secretary gave his impression of the canal.

"I think," he said, "it is a work of magnificent import, magnificently done. I have seen everything susceptible of inspection, and, literally, it is an instance of one marvel succeeding another. The people of our country are justified in feeling the utmost pride in the successful accomplishment of this most remarkable work."

The Secretary, asked if he had anything to say as to when the canal would be opened to commerce, replied: "No, I do not think it wise to indulge in prophecies of any sort. Machinery of a character more extensive and complicated than any heretofore used, and obstacles of a character never before encountered, are factors which make it unwise to predict. No doubt, however, all that human ingenuity can accomplish in the way of speed and successful effort is being done, and that day is not far distant when prediction will no longer be necessary."

With reference to the future organization for the operation of the canal, the Secretary said:

"I have obtained the views of each of the Commissioners, with the exception of Lieut. Col. Gaillard, whose illness prevented me from doing so in his case, and also the views of others whose experience would be useful. But I am not ready to indicate my own views as yet. I shall give the matter the most careful consideration before recommending to the President what I think proper to do under all circumstances.

"I have talked with Col. Goethals and Gov. Metcalfe, and am pleased to find that there is absolutely no truth in certain rumors that there was any disagreement between them, and I am very sorry that any one should have indicated that anything of the kind existed.

"I had the privilege of being received by the President of the Republic of Panama and his Cabinet, and have discussed with the officials of the republic various matters of interest to the two countries."

HENNING TELLS OF FLIGHT.

Funk Conspiracy Witness Describes How He Was Taken Care Of.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—When the trial of Daniel Donahoe and Isaac Stiefel for conspiracy to defame Clarence S. Funk, former general manager of the International Harvester Company, was resumed to-day, John C. Henning continued his story of how he consented to let his wife's name be used in the suit against Mr. Funk.

He brought in the names of C. C. Palmer of Canton, Ill., and W. D. Bennett, a lawyer of Chicago, when he testified that he and his wife stayed two weeks in Bennett's Chicago apartment in Nov., 1911, and that they then separated, Henning to go to Peoria, Ill., to work at a sinecure furnished by Palmer, while Mrs. Henning traveled.

Donahue came to see him twice at the Bennett flat, Henning said, and arranged for him to go to Canton with Palmer. Henning did not like Canton, so it was fixed for him to go to Peoria, where Palmer opened a real estate office in which Henning pretended to work and received $25 a week.

"I was known in Peoria as George B. Stephens," said Henning. "Donahoe came down in December and had me sign some papers. He told me that my wife was in Mudlavia, Ind."

Henning ended his direct testimony by telling of his flight from Chicago after the failure of the alienation suit against Mr. Funk. He told of camping in the woods near Hines, Minn., with C. C. Palmer for three months. He kept in touch with Donahoe, he said, and traveled from place to place until he was arrested in Minneapolis Oct. 2 last.

PRISONERS SEIZE A RIFLE.

Shots They Fire Scare Attendants in Jersey County Jail.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Nov. 4.—Some of the prisoners broke out of the main part of the County Jail in this place to-day, and entering the store room, found a gun and fired it off. They made no effort to escape.

The six prisoners who were involved in the affair were all inmates of the hospital ward. The gun was one of those purchased by the County for the Mt. Hope strike.

CHINESE PRESIDENT EXPELS 300 DEPUTIES

Martial Law in Peking—Many Arrests—More Summary Executions Expected.

RECALLS ELDER STATESMEN

Yuan Shih-kai Asks Ministers Who Served Under the Manchus to Resume Their Old Offices.

PEKING, Wednesday, Nov. 5.—The struggle between Parliament and President Yuan Shih-kai has brought about drastic action by the President, which, in the opinion of many, will have a serious effect on parliamentary government.

Lengthy Presidential proclamations were issued at midnight expelling the Kow-Ming-Tang Party, numbering more than three hundred members, from Parliament. The proclamations recount the difficulties with which the Government has been struggling since the Manchu regime, and describe disasters which are certain to follow if parties such as the Kow-Ming-Tang are permitted to exist.

The Kow-Ming-Tang Party was formerly headed by Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, the first Provisional President of China, who is now in exile, but at the time of the recent rebellion it was required by Yuan Shih-kai to dismiss its Southern leaders. Nevertheless, members of the party continued to fight in Parliament for the curtailment of Yuan's authority.

A crisis in the situation was reached last week when the draft of the proposed Constitution made the President absolutely dependent upon the Parliament.

Martial law is in operation in Peking; the authorities are engaged in making arrests, and summary executions, which have been numerous since the rebellion began, will, it is understood, continue.

Preparations are under way for the Elder Statesmen, who served under the Manchus, to resume their positions in the Cabinet.

At various legations the opinion is held that only by strong action can the President prevent the disruption of China by her own people. Very little has been accomplished by Parliament, which, since it convened, has devoted its time to opposing the President, while disorders are spreading.

M. Shidehara Transferred.

TOKIO, Nov. 4.—Kijuro Shidehara, Counselor of the Japanese Embassy at Washington, has been transferred to a similar position in London. He is to be succeeded at Washington by Yagoro Miura, at present Secretary of the Embassy at Paris.

McMANIGAL UNDER KNIFE.

Dynamiter Having Tell-Tale Scar Removed from His Forehead.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 4.—The poor health of Ortie E. McManigal, the self-confessed dynamiter, was the reason District Attorney John D. Fredericks gave to-day for ordering the release of the untried co-worker of the McNamara brothers.

"McManigal has been in poor health for some time," said Mr. Fredericks, "and he has been taken out of jail on the advice of a physician. He may be back in a few days, a few weeks, or a few months.

Mr. Fredericks would give no further information, but the jail attendants said McManigal's appetite and constantly increasing girth and weight indicated that his illness might have been due to overeating. They said he had gone to a hospital, but it was to have a surgical operation performed to remove a scar from his forehead. He wanted to get rid of the scar so his former associates might not recognize him.

GOMPERS DENOUNCES MANN

Assails English Labor Leader for Attacking American Federation.

Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor issued a statement yesterday denouncing the utterances of "Tom" Mann, the English labor leader who is lecturing in this country in support of the propaganda of the International Workers of the World. The statement also attacked James A. Emery, whom Gompers accuses of being the lawyer-spokesman for the National Association of Manufacturers.

Gompers branded as maliciously false the statement by Mann made recently in Chicago that the American Federation of Labor was nothing more than a labor trust, and that it had not a sympathetic understanding of the needs of the great army of unskilled laborers. He accuses Mann of attacking an organization which the workers have built in order to protect themselves, and injecting himself into American affairs under the guise of a friend.

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Lv. New York (Penna. Terminal)	4:35 P. M.	
Lv. Washington	10:55 P. M.	
Ar. New Orleans	8:00 A. M.	(2nd Morning)
Lv. New Orleans	11:00 A. M.	(2nd Morning)
Ar. Los Angeles	9:45 P. M.	(4th Evening)
Ar. San Francisco	1:00 P. M.	(5th Afternoon)

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WOOD SUBPOENAED BY WHITMAN'S MEN

Former Lobbyist Denies That He Was Contemplating Flight to Avoid Testifying.

DID NOT VOTE IN ALBANY

Remained Indoors at Home Here While Process Servers Were Searching for Him There.

Eugene D. Wood, formerly in the inner ring of Tammany Hall, and a lobbyist at Albany, who was named by John A. Hennessy as the main source of the information on which he based his story of the McCall-Brady-Murphy-Plunkitt dicker for a Supreme Court nomination in 1902, was served with a subpoena in the John Doe inquiry at 8:55 o'clock last night by Assistant District Attorney John Kirkland Clark and one of District Attorney Whitman's process servers. The subpoena calls upon Wood to appear before Chief Magistrate McAdoo in the Criminal Court Building at 3 P. M. to-morrow.

The serving of the subpoena came on the heels of a rumor that Wood would sail for Europe on the Cunarder Lusitania at 1 o'clock this morning. This rumor reached District Attorney Whitman at 8:30 P. M. He communicated with Mr. Clark, and in just twenty-five minutes Mr. Wood had accepted service.

Mr. Clark reached the Wood home at 200 West Seventieth Street at about 8:50. There were a number of Mr. Whitman's men around the house, and they told Mr. Clark that they had not seen Mr. Wood leave the house during the evening. Some of the men had been there for two days, and they were certain, they said, that no "heavy-set, big-faced, white-haired man" has left the house during the last two days.

"Have you tried the door?" Mr. Clark asked one of the men.

"Oh, yes," he replied. "It's no use doing that, for they will tell you that Mr. Wood is not at home."

Didn't Intend to Run Away, He Says.

Mr. Clark, with a process server by his side, went up the stoop and rang the doorbell. A woman responded and said she was Mrs. Wood.

"I'd like to see Mr. Wood for a minute," said Mr. Clark.

"He is not at home," said Mrs. Wood. "Really, he's not at home."

"But I know that he is at home," persisted the Assistant District Attorney.

Mrs. Wood retreated and the door was closed. A little later Mr. Wood himself came to the door and the process server placed the subpoena in his hand.

Mr. Wood assured Mr. Clark that he had not been trying to avoid service, and as for going to Europe, that was absurd, he said.

Earlier in the day and all day Monday it had been said at the Wood home that Mr. Wood had gone to Albany to cast his vote. That suggestion was also taken up by Mr. Whitman, and he lost no time in dispatching men to Albany to serve Mr. Wood there. The Albany home of the former lobbyist, which is directly across from the Executive Mansion, was watched all day yesterday. The polling place where Mr. Wood was expected to cast a ballot was also watched. But Mr. Wood did not appear and so lost his vote. This information was telegraphed to Mr. Whitman and led him to take extra precautions at the uptown home.

At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon a reporter for THE TIMES called up Columbus 1333 and a man who said that he was Eugene Wood answered the telephone.

"I thought you were in Albany," said the reporter.

"I was, but I got back early," replied Mr. Wood, apparently in very good humor. "You know, it doesn't take all day to get down from Albany. Why, I used to come down to the races in New York from Albany and return the same day. It's only a few hours, you know."

"Have you been subpoenaed?" the reporter asked.

"No, but I expect to be," said the voice over the telephone. "I want it understood that I am not trying to dodge any subpoena."

"Of course I didn't want to get mixed up in this political campaign if I could help it," he added, "but I did nothing to evade being served. I suppose they will find me all right, and I want to say that District Attorney Whitman can get me any time he wants me. I'll be at home at 200 West Seventieth Street."

It was inferred from Mr. Wood's talk at that time that the former lobbyist expected to be questioned about other things than the meeting Hennessy alleges Wood brought about between Charles F. Murphy and Anthony N. Brady and the subsequent meeting between Edward E. McCall and George Washington Plunkett at the Hoffman House in 1902. According to Hennessy's testimony at the first session of the John Doe inquiry before Chief Magistrate McAdoo last week, Wood not only arranged these meetings, but was present at both.

"I don't want to talk about that now, and if I have anything to say later I will tell you," Mr. Wood said to the reporter in the afternoon.

Thinks Inquiry Will Be Short.

Mr. Wood did not appear to be seriously impressed with the importance of the John Doe inquiry. When told that it might last all Winter, he said that he had a different opinion.

"It will be all over in a little while," he volunteered.

In this opinion Mr. Wood differs from District Attorney Whitman, who has planned a course which will take months to work out. W. W. McLaughlin, Jr., who testified on Monday, brought into the record several persons whom Mr. Whitman wants to question. These include Miss Violet McLaughlin, younger daughter of former Police Inspector McLaughlin, who was in the room, according to her brother, when her father exhibited a photograph of a check for $21,000 signed by "McCall." Two lawyers, who acted for ex-Inspector McLaughlin at various times, according to young McLaughlin, were James E. McGowan and a man named Hyde.

Mr. Whitman has been informed that the Mr. Hyde referred to is James W. Hyde of 10 Wall Street. That Mr. Hyde told a TIMES reporter that he knew nothing whatever of the circumstance or of the people concerned in it. According to young McLaughlin, a Mr. Hyde wrote a letter to Judge McCall threatening suit if the amount of a loan made in 1902 by ex-Inspector McLaughlin to Judge McCall was not paid.

Mr. Whitman may also call representatives of the Fifth Avenue branch of the Lincoln Trust Company. It was in this bank, McLaughlin testified, that his father and his sister had accounts. Mr. Whitman, it is expected, will ascertain when, if at all, the elder McLaughlin deposited a $21,000 check during the year 1908.

"We will follow up every clue that we have come cross," said District Attorney Whitman yesterday. "No one will be spared."

FOOTBALL INJURY FATAL.

Gay Lived Three Days After His Neck Was Broken in a Tackle.

PHOENIXVILLE, Penn., Nov. 4.—George H. Gay of Blackinton, Mass., formerly a star player on the Ursinus College team, died in a hospital here today from a broken neck received in a football game last Saturday. Gay was playing full back on the Union Club team against the Pottstown eleven and was running with the ball when he was tackled from behind. He was thrown heavily and became unconscious. He was carried from the field and the game was continued. At the hospital it was found that he was paralyzed. His father, a sister, and a brother arrived here yesterday and remained with the young man to the end.

Gay was to have been graduated next June. The Union Club, a semi-amateur team of Phoenixville, has disbanded for the season.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Stands for Vases Not Dutiable with Vases as Entireties.

The Board of United States General Appraisers sustained a protest yesterday filed by A. A. Vantine & Co., in which objection was made by the importers to the action of Collector Mitchel in assessing bronze vases and wooden stands as entireties under the Tariff act of 1909. The Collector held the articles to be entireties, and returned them for duty at 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 199, as manufactures of metal. It was maintained by the protestants that the stands were dutiable separately at 35 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of wood. In sustaining the contention, Judge Fischer said that were each vase and stand made specially for each other they would be properly classifiable as entireties. In the case before the board, however, it was shown that the goods were purchased separately, made by different manufacturers, and their combined use optional. The testimony was to the effect that the stands are suitable, and, in fact used, for almost anything that requires a stand to set it off.

Hirschbach & Smith failed in a contention relating to cotton underwear in part of Lever lace. Duty was taken by the Collector at New York at the rate of 70 per cent. under Paragraph 350 as goods made on the Lever or Gothrough machines. Duty was claimed at 60 per cent. under Paragraph 349 as cotton lace wearing apparel. The importers asserted that the quantity of Lever lace entering into the manufacture of the articles was so insignificant that it should be disregarded in determining the classification of the articles for dutiable purposes.

JAIL FOR WAVING RED FLAG.

Fitchburg Editor Appeals Against Sentence of Thirty Days.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Nov. 4.—A sentence of thirty days in the House of Correction was imposed to-day upon John H. Karvonen, editor of a Finnish newspaper, convicted in the District Court of violating the new "forbidden flag" law by carrying a red flag in a Socialist parade here yesterday.

Karvonen appealed and will test the constitutionality of the law.

DICTAPHONE PUT IN SMITH'S OFFICE

A Hidden Operator Recorded Many Talks in Queens Candidate's Headquarters.

NEEDED CAMPAIGN FUNDS

Main Fusion Body Provided No Sinews of War—Smith Denies Alleged Conversations.

According to the Connolly Campaign Committee of Queens Borough a dictaphone installed in the headquarters of L. C. S. Smith in the Plaza Court Building in Long Island City during the campaign recorded conversations bearing on Smith's canvass for the Borough Presidency of Queens as the nominee of the Fusion-Cassidy alliance in opposition to Maurice E. Connolly, the regular Democratic nominee. Connolly was elected after a remarkable campaign. The Connolly Campaign Committee stood sponsor for the record given below of conversations recorded by a hidden operator in the last weeks of the campaign.

It became known yesterday that the genuine Fusion movement in Manhattan had repudiated the Cassidy brand of Fusion in Queens, and that Smith and his followers received no campaign funds from the Fusion general headquarters. All through the record of conversations runs one theme, money. The lack of campaign funds was made plain.

Contributions, according to the record, came in at times in sums of $5. Then there was a sudden burst of prosperity, and contributions of $10 were received. Then there was a contribution of $100, and then one of $500.

"We have no money to pay these fellows," said a voice resembling an ex-Senator's, according to the operator, "so let them work and promise it to them."

The recital of the dictaphone conversations begins with Candidate Smith himself in the speaking rôle. Mr. Smith took up the theme of money, and is represented as saying that there would be plenty of money for expenses on election day. He was speaking to a visitor in his private room at the time. He said Mitchel would carry Queens.

Several one-sided telephone conversations are then given. It was evident that Smith was receiving encouraging election news. In a conversation about delivering handbills in the Ridgewood neighborhood Smith objected to a person named, saying that his picture was in the Rogue's Gallery.

Disturbed by Cassidy Letter.

A conversation is recorded over a letter which it is alleged Cassidy wrote the voters in which he said that the "coming election is a very important one to me." This letter was sent to the voters over Cassidy's signature. Cassidy asserts he wrote, "this is a very important election to you," meaning the voter, but in the thousands of copies with which the Connolly forces deluged Queens the word is "me" instead of "you." There is an account of a conversation over this Cassidy letter, and the assertion is made that the substitution of the word "me" for "you" was a base forgery.

"That letter should have read, 'vote for Smith,'" says a voice, "but they changed that 'you' to 'me.'" Then the dictaphone talks about forgery. A one-sided telephone conversation is recorded, with "Joe" at the other end of the wire.

"You know that fellow Will Smith?" said the voice at the telephone. "The Bull Moose and Republicans have been after him, so you look out."

"They tell me," said another voice at the telephone, "that letter of mine was the neatest thing they ever got."

"Hello, Tom. No, he will be in any minute. Smith denies the statement that he will be satisfied if he does as well as Cassidy, but says he did guarantee better administration than either Cassidy or Connolly. Now Smith wants that put straight."

Funds were coming in slowly, according to the dictaphone, and here is what it said of the situation.

Enter unknown. Voice of one in authority in room, speaking to visitor: "Sit down and tell us what you are going to do. Go to Harry Peace and have him come into this proposition. Where one man is going around it is all right. Three or four cannot do it. You have a bad case and you have got to get money if you got to commit murder to get it."

The Need of Money.

There were many calls over the telephone for former representative Dr. John J. Kindred, but the dictaphone always said that he was "out." Then the dictaphone again got back to a question of money. One man walked into the office and bewailed the shortage of funds. The dictaphone said those in the office then took an account of funds. A man in the office said he had $1,000, another man said he could raise $500, another man said he "would dig up" $2,000.

Continuing the conversation voices said that it would be necessary to raise money to get votes for Smith. One voice said they didn't want checks for they were too easily traced.

"Get nothing but cash," continued this voice. "I have about $800 in cash now, and will have to raise some money on a note. I'd hate to wake up Wednesday morning and find we are beat. We have got to take Harvey into consideration and the garbage contract. I do not know what we will get out of Harry Pease."

"Give us $2,500?" said an excited voice in Smith's office. "They turned us down on Saturday. What are we going to do with $2,500 in 161 election districts—about $15 in each district?"

This was followed by a telephone message to 226 Gramercy. This was said to 226 Gramercy:

"You have got to come across with some money. We have only got $2,500; the Fusion Committee have not come across and we have got to get some money. Now you see if you can't send us some money this afternoon; that's all."

"What do they think we are?" inquired a voice in the room at the close of the telephone conversation.

More conversations regarding money are recorded. Those interested said the managers over town had "thrown them down." Several times over the telephone the question was asked of the man at the other end:

"Do you know a big man who will come across a little?"

The names of many men well known in Queens frequently came into the conversations.

When Mr. Smith was seen last night at his home, 59 Woolsey Street, Astoria, and asked what he had to say about the dictaphone conversations, he merely laughed.

"I have no knowledge that any dictaphone was in my headquarters," he said, "and I want to say that the conversations alleged to have been overheard through the use of such an instrument never took place."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Fair Wednesday; slightly cooler in the interior. Thursday, fair; moderate north and northeast winds.

South Carolina—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, probably cloudy; moderate winds, becoming north and northeast.

Georgia—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; probably local rains; light to moderate northeast and east winds.

Florida—Fair Wednesday, except rain in south portion. Thursday, local rains, except fair in northeast portion; moderate northeast winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Unsettled Wednesday and Thursday; probably occasional rains; light to moderate northeast and east winds.

Eastern Texas—Local rains Wednesday; colder in east portion. Thursday fair except rain near the coast; moderate east winds.

Western Texas—Fair Wednesday; warmer in north portion. Thursday fair.

Utah—Fair Wednesday. Thursday probably local rains.

Oklahoma—Clearing Wednesday. Thursday fair.

Arkansas—Local rains Wednesday. Thursday fa.r.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Ohio—Fair Wednesday. Thursday fair, warmer; moderate variable winds, becoming southeast.

Indiana—Fair, somewhat warmer Wednesday. Thursday fair, moderate variable winds becoming south.

Illinois—Fair Wednesday; warmer in north and central portions. Thursday fair; moderate winds becoming south.

Lower Michigan—Fair, somewhat warmer Wednesday. Thursday increasing cloudiness, moderate winds becoming south.

Upper Michigan—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday, increasing cloudiness; moderate south winds.

Wisconsin—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; moderate to brisk south and southwest winds.

Minnesota—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; probably colder in north and west portions; moderate to brisk south and smouthwest winds.

Iowa—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

Missouri—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, without decided temperature change.

North and South Dakota—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled and colder.

Nebraska—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday. Colder Thursday in west portion.

Kansas—Fair, somewhat warmer Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

CHANDLER ON THAW CASE.

Ex-Senator Says New York Erred in Indicting the Fugitive.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 4.—Another brief was filed to-day with Gov. Felker in behalf of Harry K. Thaw by Judge William C. Chase. It holds that the case now stands as it did when the first requisition was filed, because it is not made clear whether Thaw is wanted for a crime committed in Dutchess County or New York County.

Ex-Senator William E. Chandler issued a statement to-day holding that it was not good law to charge Thaw with a crime in an effort to get him back into New York State. Mr. Chandler said:

"There undoubtedly is sufficient reason for asking and obtaining Thaw's delivery to New York in the fact that he is fleeing from the justice of his original committal to the insane asylum. Why not then demand his delivery for that reason, why all the tumult that New York lawyers have made by transforming the simplest case in the world into one of needless complications and absurd propositions pretending to have some color of legal support?

"It is all right to indict Roger Thompson and others for conspiracy to enable Thaw to flee from justice, and to convict and punish them, but Thaw, as an adjudged crazy man, cannot be so indicted or tried without arousing an outcry among lawyers throughout the world. Indict and punish an insane man for escaping from his asylum? It is a most preposterous idea, and should gain no foothold in criminal law."

Bernard M. Jacobs, Mr. Jerome's assistant in this State, says that his chief will not file any further briefs in the case. A decision by the Governor is not expected until Tuesday of next week.

OIL SHIP IN DISTRESS.

Yacht with 32 Aboard Sends S. O. S. Calls Off Texas Coast.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 4.—"S. O. S." signals were received here to-day from the yacht Wakival, with a crew of thirty-two men, bound from New Orleans to Tampico, indicating the vessel was being pounded to pieces on the shore somewhere near Aransas Pass. The tug Senator Bailey has gone to the rescue.

The yacht is the property of the Huasteca Petroleum Company and was formerly owned in New York by L. Harkness. The Senator Bailey should have reached the vessel two hours after leaving here.

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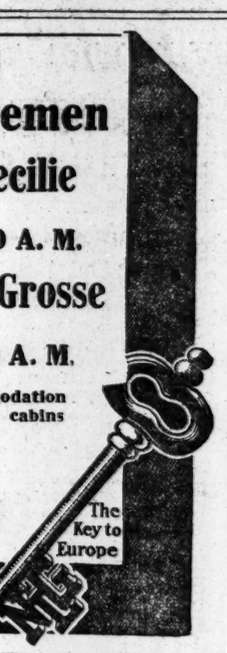

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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MARY S. WHITE, Plaintiff, against VALERIE FRANK, Thomas Howard, Rose Howard (wife of Defendant Thomas Howard,) Henry Atlas, Alice Rochelle, Florence Kaimus, John T. Scott, Abraham Freeman, Benjamin I. Mandel, Joseph Wallman, Isadore M. Levy, Samuel Blechman, Philip Chester, Joseph Kemp, "William" E. Knabenschuh, (name "William" is fictitious, as Plaintiff is ignorant of that part of the Defendant's name,) Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, June 16th, 1913.

CANNON & CANNON, Pltff's. Attys., Office and Post Office Address, 135 Broadway, New York City.

To Alice Rochelle, Defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to the order of Hon. Nathan Bijur, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 2d day of October, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 3d day of October, 1913.

Dated New York, October 4th, 1913.

CANNON & CANNON, Attys. for Pltff. Office and Post Office Address, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

New York Supreme Court, New York County, Alfred de Bertin, formerly known as Alfred Bertinasco, Plaintiff, against Emilie Frey Bertinasco, also known as Mrs. Franz Menotti, Defendant.—Trial desired in New York County. Action for divorce.—Summons—

To the above named defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, September 17th, 1913.

Anthony J. Griffin, Attorney for Plaintiff, O. and P. O. address, 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Emilie Frey Bertinasco, Defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Nathan Bijur, Justice of the Supreme Court, dated September 29th, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Clerk's Office, New York County, City of New York.

Anthony J. Griffin, Attorney for Plaintiff, O. and P. O. address, 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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Minnewaska..Nov. 15, 10 a.m. | Minneapolis Dec. 6

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A.M. 18th Street

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ZEELAND.....Nov. 5 | VADERLAND..Nov. 19
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†Ivernia, Dec. 10, 10 a. m.
†Caronia, Dec. 13, 10 a. m.
Mauretania Dec. 16, 6 p. m.
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Pres. Grant ...Nov. 21, 11 A. M.
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LAWSON BULLDOG WINS HIGHEST AWARD---RACING---ATHLETICS---GOLF RESULTS

IRISH BOY BEST IN BULLDOG SHOW

Surprise When Lawson Entry, Dreamwold Centaur, Is Beaten at Palace.

Followers of bulldogs came in for what was admittedly the surprise of the season yesterday with the award of winners and best dog in the show to Thomas W. Lawson's Dreamwold Irish Boy at the annual exhibition of the Bulldog Club of America, which was held in New Grand Central Palace, with a host of fanciers present as spectators and exhibitors.

Young Mr. Lawson, who showed the entries from Dreamwold, was both pleased and chagrined at the result of the placing of Irish Boy. He admitted being satisfied that his entry had been accorded such high honors, but asserted that he fancied that another of his nominations, Dreamwold Centaur, was by long odds a better dog and should have been accorded the chance of competing for the honors of premiership.

It was pointed out that at the Danbury show last month George Raper of England, an expert on the breed, had placed Centaur ahead of everything in the show for all breeds, with Irish Boy the reserve. It was agreed that Centaur looked as well as upon the occasion of the Connecticut exhibition and that an unwitting error had been made in setting Centaur back in the open dogs so as to preclude any chance for his coming again under the observation of the judge for even winners.

It was in the open division that Daniel P. Ritchey's Berties' Best was accorded the distinction of a win over the champion of the Dreamwold Kennels, Centaur. Later, when the winners came up for adjudication, Irish Boy upheld the honor of his kennels by defeating John H. Horrax's Cintra John. Just prior to this win Irish Boy had disposed of, among others, that famous champion, Deodora Monarch, an animal which is admittedly all dog from the experts' standpoint.

Charles Hopton sent a little seventeen-pound beauty, Rodney Rosemaid, into the ring in the contention among American-bred dogs and bitches not exceeding twenty-eight pounds and over 12 months of age, and scored what he stated was the most satisfactory win of his career. Giving away from nine to eleven pounds to each of the other entrants, the eye of the judge was filled, apparently, early in the proceedings, to the end that he quickly found for the Hopton entry, which is soon to be sent to England to make bids for titles with the best of that country. Two specials also fell to the lot of Rodney Rosemaid, which is the granddaughter of a former champion of her owners, Woodcote Hermit.

Mrs. Charles L. Watson gathered in two of the classes for miniatures when Highpoint Pee Wee won the blues of the limit and open classes, following these wins with the corraling of several of the specials to which she was eligible.

Another miss who disported herself with distinction was Paul Scardon's Beaming Belle, which figured largely among the bitches in the latter classes after most of those of ordinary class had been disposed of. She went through the specials like a real champion, and gathered in more ribbons than probably any other exhibitor in the show before the judges had parted with all of the awards.

Dreamwold (the Lawson Farm) showed the best team in Shoreham Shock, Dreamwold Juanita, Dreamwold Centaur, and Dreamwold Irish Boy, and had no trouble in annexing the honors for the best four belonging to any individual exhibitor.

Daniel P. Ritchey who has lately gone in generously for dogs of this breed, garnered the brace honors with Bertie's Best and Lady Henley. First of the winners of the day was Ralph R. Littlefield's Lord Roberts On-the-Path, a puppy which is said to have a world of promise, and all the earmarks of a champion, according to the experts. His class was shown, when, in the American bred division, with champions barred, he showed third to Buttons II and Weathered Oak.

By the time the fields had reached the limit and open classes Bertie's Best and Cintra John, the latter the entry of John E. Horrax gave early indication of some warm battles to follow when the "winners" were to come up for decision. Open dogs showed the first occasion for the contention which was manifest and which brought about the undoing of the morning nomination as to the champion of the show.

It was in this division that Ritchey's Bertie's Best was placed over Companion Dreamwold Centaur. The sharps gathered about the ring gasped with amazement, all over the place knots of puzzle looking experts were to be found shaking their heads over what they were agreed upon had been a mistake. Young Mr. Lawson asserted that he could not make out what was intended, as it was his idea that Centaur was the best dog in his breed in America, in which he had, as a concurring authority, the decision of George Raper last month. Some balm for his disappointment was given, however, when in the "winners" Irish Boy was placed best.

There was no apparent stopping of Beaming Belle, and any class which got away from the Scardon entry failed to show that she was nominated. This resulted in the bitch sweeping all before her and eventually being chosen "winners," with Ritchey's Lady Henley reserve.

One of the entries of the show which created quite some discussion because of its size was Mrs. Pater Karr's shrimp, a two-pound mite which had been whelped May 4 of this year. When this puppy showed in the ring the bigger bitches sniffed around her and tried as best they could to make matters unpleasant, as though jealous of her size.

It developed, however, that instead of being a bulldog the mite was a miniature Boston terrier and that she had been named by mistake. After being sent out of the ring the "pup" came in for as much attention as some of the previous winners.

The winners of the various classes were as follows:

Puppies, Dogs.—Won by Ralph R. Littlefield's Lord Roberts On-the-Path; E. Hudson Austin's Chango Rey, second; De Welles Kennels' De Welles Beau, third; Mrs. Walter Sickels's Son of Mars, fourth.

Novice, Dogs.—Won by Ralph R. Littlefield's Lord Roberts On-the-Path; Dreamwold Farm's Dreamwold Breezer, second; Inwall Kennels' Inwall Spike, third; A. Liagre's Loriot, fourth.

American-Bred Dogs, champions barred, under 45 pounds.—Won by W. T. Drew's Buttons II.; E. B. Reynolds's Weathered Oak, second; Ralph R. Littlefield's Lord Roberts On-the-Path, third; Dr. J. W. Vaughn's Newington Cerberus, fourth.

American-Bred Dogs, champions barred.—Won by W. T. Drew's Drewstons Pike; Rossbert Kennels' Moston Gladiator, Jr., second; T. J. Parvin's Nieko, third; W. E. Oakley's Bobby O., fourth.

Limit, Dogs, under 45 pounds.—Won by Daniel P. Ritchey's Bertie's Best; Inwall Kennels' Kilburn Bertie, second; Dreamwold Farm's Dreamwold Dragon, third; E. B. Reynolds's Weathered Oak, fourth.

Limit, Dogs, 45 pounds and over.—Won by John E. Horrax's Cintra John; Mrs. C. N. Platt's Wroxham Silent Marquis, second; Inwall Kennels' Culford President, third; Mrs. J. Harson Rhoades's Wee Nugget, fourth.

Open, Dogs, Under 45 Pounds.—Won by Daniel P. Ritchey's Bertie's Best; Dreamwold Farm's Companion Dreamwold Centaur, second; Harry Rushton's Woodcraft Bertie, third; W. T. Drew's Buttons II., fourth.

Open, Dogs, 45 Pounds and Over.—Won by Dreamwold Farm's Dreamwold Irish Boy; John E. Horrax's Cintra John, second; Robert Labban's Champion Deodora Monarch, third; Harry Rushton's Woodcraft Mahomet, fourth.

Winners, Dogs.—Dreamwold Farm's Dreamwold Irish Boy; John E. Horrax's Cintra John, reserve.

Junior, Dogs, Over 6 Months and Not Exceeding 2 Years, Bred in United States or Canada.—Won by Inwall Kennels' Inwall Beaming; Paul Kuhlbar's Elmstone Boy, second; Paul Scardon's Billy Beaming, third; Albert Liagre's Loriot, fourth.

Green Dogs, American Bred, Never Shown in A. K. C. Shows.—Won by Paul Kuhlbar's Elmstone Boy; Paul F. Lustig's Moston Bimbo, second.

Open, Dogs, Bred by Exhibitor.—Won by Mrs. Reid's King Collar; Rossbert Kennels' Moston Gladiator, Jr., second; Inwall Kennels' Inwall Beaming, third; Edwin B. Reynolds's Weathered Oak, fourth.

Puppies, Bitches.—Won by B. S. Loewenstein's Lady Medhurst; De Welles Kennels' De Welles Kitty Bellaire, second; Mrs. C. N. Platt's Miss Astoria, third; C. E. A. Poppe's Lady Scraps McGraw, fourth.

Novice, Bitches.—Won by De Welles Kennel's De Welles Kitty Bellaire; John M. Jensen's Moston Buntie, second; Inwoll Kennel's Inwoll Supt Yawlat, third; John R. Staats's Thornbury Marchioness, fourth.

American-Bred Bitches, Champions Barred, Under 40 Pounds.—Won by J. W. Irwin's Floss; Dreamwold Farm's Mavourneen Mica, second; De Welles Kennel's De Welles Kitty Bellaire, third; T. J. Parvin's Magnet Lucky Star, fourth.

American-Bred Bitches, Champions Barred, 40 Pounds and Over.—Won by Paul Scardon's Beaming Belle; Inwoll Kennel's Blushes, second; J. Klimpl's Dolly Grey, third.

Limit, Bitches, Under 40 Pounds.—Won by Daniel P. Ritchey's Lady Henley; J. W. Irwin's Floss, second; Dreamwold Farm's Mavourneen Mica, third; Dreamwold Farm's Dreamwold Madora, fourth.

Limit, Bitches, 40 Pounds and Over.—Won by Paul Scardon's Beaming Belle; Harry Rushton's Woodcraft Sentress, second; Dreamwold Farm's Shoreham Shock, third; W. T. Drew's Blue Bonnet, fourth.

Open, Bitches, Under 40 Pounds.—Won by Daniel P. Ritchey's Lady Henley; Harry Rushton's Woodcraft Baroness, second; Dreamwold Farm's Mavourneen Mica, third; Dreamwold Farm's Dreamwold Madora, fourth.

Open, Bitches, 40 pounds and over.—Won by Dreamwold Farms' Shoreham Stock, Dreamwold Farms' Dreamwold Juanita, second.

Winners' Bitches.—Paul Scardon's Beaming Belle, Daniel P. Ritchey's Lady Henley, reserve.

Junior, Bitches, over 6 months and not exceeding 2 years, bred in the United States or Canada.—Won by Paul Scardon's Beaming Belle; B. S. Loewenstein's Lady Medhurst, second; De Welles' Kennels De Welles Kitty Bellaire, third; Mrs. C. M. Hamilton's Hewlett Lady Orry, fourth.

Green Bitches, American bred, never shown in A. K. C. Show.—Won by B. S. Loewenstein's Lady Medhurst; Mrs. C. M. Hamilton's Hewlett Lady Orry, second; C. F. A. Poppe's Lady Scraps McGraw, third; George Boyne's Gibson Girl II., fourth.

Open, Bitches, bred by exhibitor.—Won by Paul Scardon's Beaming Belle; De Welles Kennels' De Welles Kitty Bellaire, second; Dr. Roy H. Peck's Lady Babbie Dial, third; Inwoll Kennels' Inwoll Alice Sit-by-the-Fire, fourth.

Brace class.—Won by Daniel P. Ritchey.

Team class.—Won by Dreamwold Farms.

Miniatures, not exceeding 25 pounds and over 12 months of age.—Won by Charles G. Hopton's Rodney Rosemaid; W. T. Drew's Dreustone Midge, second; B. M. Frank's Rockhill K., third; J. A. Sentance's Oaklands Lou, fourth.

Limit, Dogs and Bitches.—Won by C. L. Watson's Highpoint Pee Wee; T. S. Connor's Chapel St. Shrimp, second; John E. Horrax's Vivian Verax, third; Dreamwold Farms' Uxbridge All Trumps, fourth.

Open, Dogs and Bitches.—Won by C. L. Watson's Highpoint Pee Wee; T. S. Connor's Chapel St. Shrimp, second; John E. Horrax's Vivian Verax, third; W. J. Sprankle's Kurious, fourth.

SCHEUSEL WINS RUN.

Forty Sunday School Athletes in Prospect Park Race.

Thirteen Brooklyn Sunday schools, members of the Sunday School Athletic League, were represented yesterday in the election day handicap road run of the league, contested over a four-and-a-half-mile course, starting from Carroll Street and Seventh Avenue, extending around Prospect Park and finishing at the starting point. The starting line showed a crowd of forty boys taking handicaps ranging from four minutes down to the scratch man, E. Beardsley, who was last off.

The Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal team headed the list from the City of Churches and romped away with the premier team honors with the low mark of forty points. Four places only counted in the team score, and the winning team got home runners in fourth, fifth, fifteenth, and sixteenth places. The second team prize went to Wyckoff Heights Presbyterian Church, with four points more than the leaders. The other prize-winning team was St. Timothy's Protestant Episcopal, which totaled forty-six points.

Individual honors went to P. Scheusel of the Wyckoff Heights Presbyterian Church, who had a handicap of 2:30. His actual time for the course was 25 minutes. While the race was finishing and the runners were being checked it was learned that George Fredericks, running under the colors of St. Timothy's Methodist Episcopal, had recently been suspended by the Amateur Athletic Union for professionalism, and this was avoided on the race. This advanced all the following runners one position further in the point standing. Had not the incident been detected when it was it would have given the first team honors to St. Timothy's Methodist Episcopal Church.

The race proved somewhat of a hard test for the Sunday School athletes and of the two score which started only twenty-seven managed to travel the full route. Many of the boys still in their teens found the distance and pace too strong and fell by the wayside before the three-mile post was reached. At this stage only thirty were checked in, three of whom failed in the home stretch.

E. Beardsley of the Central Congregational Church, who is one of the league's best distance men, was placed on the mark of honor, and although he failed to get within hailing distance of the winner, accounted for the fast time put in, covering the course in the actual time of 24:20. Scheusel, the winner, showed a good sprint toward the end. At the start he got off with a pack of six from the two-minute mark and made good inroads to the front. He overhauled the leading distance man, E. T. Beeden of the Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal Church, at about three and three-quarter miles and in the latter part outsprinted the others, winning by more than 100 yards. Three hundred yards separated second and third, with the others coming in at short intervals.

Beardsley, the only starter from scratch, ran a creditable race. The athletes do not engage in much hill and dale work, but Beardsley showed the work of a polished cross-country runner and finished his jaunt in perfect condition. The order of finish and team scores follow:

	Hdcp.	Actual Time.
P. Scheusel, Wyckoff Heights Presbyterian	2:30	25:00
H. W. Foster, Janes Methodist Episcopal	2:00	24:45
G. Hollock, St. Timothy's Methodist Episcopal	2:00	25:18
E. J. Beeden, Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal	4:00	27:25
T. G. White, Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal	2:30	25:56
L. S. Donaldson, Emanuel Baptist	3:00	26:34
E. Lutz, Wyckoff Heights Presbyterian	4:00	27:58
A. B. Barker, Baptist Temple	2:00	25:58
H. H. Daisley, Central Congregational	2:00	26:10
E. Beardsley, Central Congregational	Scratch	24:20
J. Dynon, St. Timothy's Methodist Episcopal	2:30	26:58
E. Reich, St. Timothy's Methodist Episcopal	2:00	26:35
G. Buchbauer, Prospect Heights Presbyterian	2:30	27:35
U. Maguire, Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal	1:00	26:25
C. B. Mount, Franklin Avenue Methodist Episcopal	0:30	26:13

TEAM SCORES.

Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal	40
Wyckoff Heights Presbyterian	44
St. Timothy's Protestant Episcopal	46

MONTCLAIR GOLF IN THREE DIVISIONS

All-Day Competition for Big Field of Contestants—The Winners.

Morning and afternoon sweepstakes, in addition to a thirty-six-hole selected score competition, all in three divisions, gave more than a hundred Montclair golfers plenty to do yesterday. E. F. Miller, with 90, 12—78; T. L. Gallagher, with 87, 14—73, and A. W. Vogt, with 103, 28—75, led in their respective divisions in the morning, while in the afternoon the honors were divided among J. B. Kremer, with 95, 12—83; L. N. De Vausney, with 92, 16—76, and Vogt, with 101, 28—73. J. Hodson, Jr., was the first division winner in the selected score competition, with 77, 3—74, while Gallagher, with 80, 7—73, topped the B division, and S. L. Von Wie won the third set, with 90, 20—70. The scores follow:

MORNING SWEEPSTAKES.—Class A.—E. F. Millar, 90, 12—78; C. J. Turner, 85, 6—79; F. I. Kent, 89, 10—79; J. W. Surbrug, Jr., 91, 10—81; A. L. Pierson, 93, 12—81; W. E. Marcus, Jr., 86, 5—81; R. C. Kerr, 92, 12—81; J. Hodson, Jr., 88, 6—82; J. Z. Baton, 92, 10—82; F. W. Dyer, 84, 2—82; E. J. Swords, 93, 9—84; M. D. Ras, 97, 12—85; A. F. Stone, 98, 9—89.

Class B.—T. L. Gallagher, 87, 14—73; C. V. Drew, 91, 14—77; A. R. Copper, 105, 18—87; Charles Gowing, 96, 16—80; W. R. Hotchkins, 98, 18—80; B. T. Wilcox, 98, 18—80; A. L. Pierson, Jr., 100, 16—84.

Class C.—A. W. Vogt, 101, 28—73; A. D. Brower, 99, 24—75; Henry Pickler, 102, 26—76; R. L. Curry, 112, 25—77; W. W. Hubbard, 106, 28—78; J. J. Mangan, 109, 20—89, and W. H. Loftus, 110, 20—90.

SWEEPSTAKES, AFTERNOON.

Class A.—J. B. Kremer, 95, 12—83; W. E. Marcus, Jr., 87, 3—84; C. J. Turner, 90, 6—84, and E. J. Swords, 97, 9—88.

Class B.—L. N. De Vausney, 92, 16—76; T. L. Gallagher, 94, 14—80, and A. R. Copper, 100, 18—82.

Class C.—A. W. Vogt, 101, 28—73; T. E. Oliver, 108, 26—82; C. E. Merrill, 110, 25—85, and C. W. McDonald, 107, 24—83.

SELECTED SCORE COMPETITION.

Class A.—J. Hodson, Jr., 77, 3—74; W. E. Marcus, Jr., 77, 3—74; R. C. Kerr, 80, 6—74; F. I. Kent, 80, 5—75; E. F. Millar, 85, 6—79; C. J. Turner, 82, 3—79; A. L. Pierson, Jr., 86, 6—80; F. W. Egner, 88, 5—83; A. F. Stone, 88, 5—83; E. J. Swords, 88, 5—83; J. B. Kremer, 89, 6—83.

Class B.—T. L. Gallagher, 80, 7—73; E. L. Haddow, 82, 7—75; N. M. Goodlet, 84, 7—77; Charles Gowing, 89, 8—81; A. R. Copper, 91, 9—82.

Class C.—S. L. Van Wie, 90, 20—70.

GOLF ON NEARBY LINKS.

The new nine holes of the Great Neck Golf Club course were formally opened yesterday. The links were thronged, and the visitors were favorably impressed with the enlarged course, which is over 6,000 yards in length and abounds in sporty features. The Election Day Handicap played over the full eighteen-hole course was won by Grant Campbell, who has qualified to play Thurston Ely in the final for the club championship. E. B. Martin is the runner up in the President's Cup, play for which was concluded yesterday. This competition has been contested on the point system throughout the season. Martin scored 8 points, I. T. McKnight 6, and Floyd Curtis 6.

C. A. Nesmith won the Outcault Golf Cup at the Flushing Country Club yesterday. The trophy was contested for under unique conditions. In the morning a handicap was played, the two contestants returning the lowest net scores to qualify for the final, with the privilege of selecting partners in the order of the finish. C. A. Nesmith returned the lowest net score, 94, 21—73, and selected Gardiner White. H. Ashmore, who was second with a score of 110, 30—80, selected M. P. Lewis as his partner. Nesmith and White won by 2 up and 1 to play.

J. P. Kirwin win the Election Day Handicap at the Oakland Golf Club, the low net score being returned by R. M. Tarleton. The leading scores were: J. P. Kirwin, 87, 16—71; C. S. Goff, 85, 10—75; B. M. Baruch, 94, 19—76; R. M. Tarleton, 85, 9—77; D. Shuttleworth, 104, 27—77; Cyril Scott, 96, 17—79; George Holden, 106, 27—79; F. H. Moore, 98, 18—82; H. M. Popham, 102, 15—87.

Defeating William Watson by the narrow margin of 1 up, Wallace N. Sinclair won a leg on the Baltusrol Cup at the Baltusrol Golf Club yesterday. There was a variety of other competitions on the card, one being an eighteen-hole match play handicap against bogey, which was won by Henry Allsopp, who finished 2 up. B. J. Donnor and Sinclair tied for second, each being 3 down. There was also a prize offered for a best-ball foursomes competition over the thirty-six-hole route, the selected score for eighteen holes counting. This was won by F. S. Brown and Marshall Abbott with a 74, two strokes better than F. A. L'Hommedieu and Daniel Adams, Jr. Henry Allsopp and W. H. Bennett finished all square with T. C. Watkins and H. R. Townsend in the final match of the foursomes tournament, and will have to play over. Allsopp won the sweepstakes with a card of 80, 10—70.

The qualifying round for the Autumn Cup also was run off, the following becoming eligible: J. A. McElroy, 97, 18—79; Dr. D. W. Granberry, 86, 6—80; Stephen P. Nash, 84, 4—80; E. C. Carter, 94, 9—85; C. H. Smith, 104, 18—86; A. H. Donner, 101, 14—87; Daniel Adams, Jr., 99, 11—88; Dr. John R. Shannon, 103 13—90; Wharton Green, 98, 8—90; John E. Wyth, 110, 19—91.

A large field turned out to complete in an eighteen-hole medal play handicap at the St. Andrew's Golf Club yesterday. The result was a tie between C. M. Fowler, Jr., and Isaac M. Seligman, with respective cards of 90, 12—78 and 94, 16—78. There was also a thirty-six-hole competition for a prize presented by James Bertram. This was won by Charles H. Brown, the former Hudson River champion, with 166, 8—158. The handicap scores: C. M. Fowler, Jr., 90, 12—78; Isaac M. Seligman, 94, 16—78; C. H. Brown, 83, 4—79; Carl Pickhardt, 107, 27—80; K. R. Ward, 87, 6—81; F. S. Robins, 106, 25—81; Henry C. Turner, 101, 18—83; Ralph Horton, 111, 27—84; George W. Elkins, 102, 18—84; B. B. Lawrence, 100, 16—84; J. D. Githridge, 99, 14—85; H. K. Pritchitt, 96, 9—85; Harry Bashford, 96—10—86; John B. Carse, 113, 27—86; Elihu Root, Jr., 100, 14—86; R. L. Harrison, 99, 12—87; A. W. Brand, 95, 6—89; L. A. Ripley, 106, 13—93, and A. W. Howard, 106, 11—95.

An eighteen-hole medal-play handicap in two classes furnished the diversion of the Apawamis Club yesterday. Findlay S. Douglas, former national champion, winner of the Piping Rock tournament, and of the sweepstakes yesterday with a card of 81, 2—79, donated the prize for those with handicaps of nine or less. H. H. Raymond presented the trophy for those with an allowance of more than nine. The Douglas Cup was won by Herman S. Graves with a card of 81, 6—75, while R. Wayland Smith took the Raymond award with 92, 15—77. The scores: Douglas Cup.—Harmon S. Graves, 81, 6—75; W. A. Pratt, 89, 9—80; C. F. Matthewson, 87, 7—80; F. S. Keeler, 93, 7—86; C. M. Sheafe, 94, 6—88; H. A. Sherman, 96, 8—88. Raymond Cup.—R. Wayland Smith, 92, 15—77; T. A. Dent, 94, 14—80; H. F. Waldon, 92, 10—82; H. A. Sherman, Jr., 97, 13—84; Howard E. White, 97, 10—87.

Handicaps and sweepstakes in both morning and afternoon furnished the attraction at the Forest Hill Field Club yesterday. R. Kuebler, with a card of 87, 14—73, led the field in both events in the morning, while J. B. Garfield, with 78, 5—73, won the afternoon handicap, and John J. Radel, with 79, 5—74, took the sweepstakes. The scores: Morning Handicap.—Robert Kuebler, 87, 14—73; C. S. Voorhis, 85, 11—74; L. S. Owen, 88, 14—74; W. J. Vance, 90, 16—73; T. L. Cameron, 92, 16—76; T. J. Lintott, 90, 15—75; A. E. Allsopp, 83, 7—76; J. J. Radel, 82, 5—77; A. H. Gussman, 97, 9—88.

Afternoon.—J. B. Garfield, 78, 5—73; J. J. Radel, 79, 5—74; C. L. Cameron, 92, 16—76; S. S. Gaylord, 94, 16—78; L. S. Owen, 95, 14—81; T. J. Lintott, 96, 15—81; Tom Allsopp, 96, 15—81.

Election day was celebrated by Dyker Meadow golfers, with a thirty-six hole medal play handicap. Edward F. Hunt, the club champion, won the gross prize with 167. Dr. D. W. Bierbaur with 176, 34—142, took the net, while second net went to Dr. N. P. Rathbun, with 182, 34—148. The scores: Dr. B. W. Bierbaur, 176, 34—142; Dr. N. R. Rathbun, 182, 34—148; L. S. Spindler, 170, 20—150; L. R. Bowden, 175, 16—158; E. B. Miller, 188, 28—162; B. S. Ashby, 190, 28—162; F. W. Fitch, 179, 16—163; Edward F. Hunt, 167, 2—165; M. A. Bates, 183, 18—165; L. H. Smith, 184, 16—168.

H. W. Maxwell, with a card of 81, 8—73, won the Election Day Cup at the Nassau Country Club yesterday. There were about fifty entries, of which the following returned cards: H. W. Maxwell, 81, 8—73; Russell Armstrong, 94, 16—78; G. V. Brokaw, 92, 15—77; Harvey Murdock, 90, 13—77; W. E. Kimball, 92, 14—78; R. T. McGusty, 99, 20—79; W. C. Becker, 92, 13—79; F. C. Pratt, 91, 12—79; C. S. Carter, 90, 11—79; C. Runyon, 92, 12—80; A. C. Rounds, 100, 20—80; D. A. Loring, Jr., 90, 10—80; Judson Lounsberry, 99, 17—82, and T. D. Hooper, 89, 5—84.

Four-ball competitions occupied the entire day at the Englewood Country Club yesterday, and that they proved a popular form of diversion was shown by the fact that more than 150 members turned out. In the morning the Class A award was won by F. W. Sibley and William C. Freeman, with 75, 9—66, and the second class by Charles N. Harris and Louis K. Shiller, with 84, 15—69. W. S. Staffen and J. R. Boyce were the Class A winners in the afternoon, because of their 76, 6—70, while in the second set, Arthur L. Marvin and Thomas W. Lamont with 88, 14—74, topped the list.

Members of the Haworth Country Club competed in a thirty-six hole medal play handicap yesterday, only those whose allowance was 25 or less for an eighteen-hole round being eligible. Ira M. Hedges, with 189, 30—159, was the winner of the W. H. Marshall prize, while Irving Brown took second award, offered by C. T. Moore, with 189, 28—161.

Donald McAleenan had rather a successful day yesterday in the various competitions at the Fox Hills Golf Club. With a card of 97—25—72, he led the field in the qualifying round for the Brooklyn Cup, while the same score was also sufficient for him to win first prize in the eighteen-hole medal play Election Day handicap. Furthermore, he tied with R. H. Sasseen in Class B of the bogey competition, finishing one down. While similar honors fell to Dr. Pearcy won in Class A. B. T. Allen, former Staten Island champion, won the Captain's trophy donated by J. Harold Slater. Conditions called for thirty-six holes medal play on a scratch basis, and Allen went around in 83 and 82 for a total of 165. Thomas D. Conroy and B. S. Bottome led the best ball foursomes with 75—4—71. The following qualified for the Brooklyn Cup:

Donald McAleenan	97	25 72
R. A. Sasseen	95	19 76
Walter P. Wheeler	97	20 77
John F. Moult	101	24 77
W. W. Van Loan	86	8 78
E. H. Sykes	100	21 79
H. F. Ives	93	14 79
S. W. Keeting	100	20 80
Morton L. Pearcy	85	4 81
B. T. Allen	83	2 81
H. S. Payne	91	10 81
H. B. McClellan	95	13 82
Lloyd Phipps	90	8 82
F. J. Palmer	90	8 82
J. R. Percival	96	14 82
H. L. Wyatt	93	10 83

F. W. Cobb won the October prize for Class B players at the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club yesterday when he defeated Dr. F. S. Irwin by 2 up and 1 to play. Medal play handicaps at both thirty-six and eighteen holes were run off. David Nevius winning the first named with 197, 40—157, while William Ziegler Sanford took the latter with 99, 24—75. The scores:

Thirty-six Holes.—David Nevius, 197, 40—157; W. L. Crow, 185, 24—161; C. H. Quereau, 194, 30—164; C. P. Hunt, 190, 20—164; D. L. Hedges, 195—30—165.

Eighteen Holes.—William Ziegler Sanford, 99, 24—75; D. L. Hedges, 99, 24—75; David Nevius, 97, 20—77; H. P. Little, 106, 27—79; Joseph Pickhardt, Jr., 86, 7—79; W. L. Crow, 92, 12—80.

R. A. Green, E. J. Coughlin, and E. A. Tauchert were involved in a triple tie in the eighteen-hole medal-play handicap at the Tountakah Country Club yesterday, with returns of 89, 19—70, 90, 20—70, and 89, 19—70. R. D. Benson and E. H. Sewell won the best ball sweepstakes with 91, 21—70. The scores: R. A. Green, 89, 19—70; E. J. Coughlin, 90, 20—70; E. A. Tauchert, 89, 19—70; R. D. Martin, 99, 24—74; J. S. Edwards, 101, 27—74; B. C. White, 82, 6—76; W. H. Bedding, 103, 27—76; R. A. Van Tassel, 93, 17—76; William White, 91, 14—77; A. M. Walters, 99, 22—77; C. Smith, 99, 22—77.

Best Ball Sweepstakes.—R. D. Benson and E. H. Sewell, 91, 21—70; E. Garrison and B. T. Whittier, 93, 18—75; William Adams and A. M. Walter, 92, 17—75; R. Rust and C. Johnson, 93, 18—75; H. Rust and C. H. Sinclair, 92, 17—75; R. E. Kipp and W. L. Clark, 89, 13—76; G. A. Green and H. E. Giles, 82, 6—76; T. L. Curtis and F. W. McMullin, 98, 21—77.

Several competitions were decided at the Glen Ridge Country Club yesterday, co-incident with a thirty-six-hole medal play handicap. There were sixty-nine entries and five net prizes were provided. Harry D. Smith took the award for the best selected eighteen-hole score, with 80, 3—77, while E. W. Condon won the cup for the man taking the least number of puts for the day, 16 had 69 for thirty-six holes. The following returned cards: Harry Schneider, 182, 30—152; L. E. McCoy, 192, 38—154; Dr. E. A. White, 199, 44—155; C. W. Swinn, 191, 36—155; Charles Ames, 188, 32—156; R. C. Thompson, 186, 28—158; R. C. Stevens, 198, 38—160, and J. S. Ogilvie, 196, 36—160.

Cross-Country Golf at Plainfield.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Nov. 4.—The golf season closed at the Plainfield Country Club to-day with a cross-country tournament. Each team was allowed one-half of the regular four-ball medal play handicap. Twenty-five cards were returned as follows: L. G. Carman and D. O. Rogers, 51, 5—46; D. H. Barrows and W. H. Rogers, 50, 3—47; George Homann and W. W. Corlell, 61, 14—47; A. J. Watson and H. R. Stockton, 50, 3—47; H. F. Fox and J. A. Lane, 58, 10—48; S. H. Patterson and E. T. Willson, 54, 6—48; W. T. Kaufman and E. B. Shoemaker, 53, 5—48; J. R. Shoemaker and Sidney Hough, 56, 6—50; W. T. Glenney and M. J. Dumont, 52, 2—50; W. Lester Glenney and Frank Orrenhart, 53, 3—50; R. S. Rowland and J. Whitney Baker, 53, 3—50; W. C. Klaenicke and H. E. Moore, 62, 12—50; W. G. Cooke and D. W. Taylor, 61, 11—50; H. C. Munger and George Holstein, 58, 8—50; W. M. Ailing and C. M. Church, 59, 9—50; G. F. Earle and L. H. Gates, 62, 11—51; H. T. Eaton and O. H. Fleming, 60, 8—52; G. T. Rogers and Charles Hedman, 66, 14—52; C. C. Riggs and Arthur Murphy, 57, 5—52; B. C. Kenyon and J. R. Evans, 61, 9—52; L. H. Van Buren and James Middleditch, 64, 12—52; Frank Wallace and Leighton Calkins, 57, 3—54; J. B. Erickson and H. D. Hibbard, 60, 5—55; G. S. Clay and H. G. Phillips, 67, 11—56, and J. P. Stevens and N. C. Barnhart, 71, 11—60.

SMALL FIELDS MAR SPORT AT BELMONT

Meadow Brook Race Meeting Draws Big Society Crowd to Terminal Course.

From a racing standpoint the two-day meeting of the Meadow Brook Steeplechase Association at Belmont Park Terminal, Queens, L. I., was the most unsatisfactory of the last season. Out of a total of ten races on the two days' schedule, only forty-two horses started, making an average of four horses to each race. In three of the five events yesterday only two horses started, and the races were little more than a procession.

From an attendance standpoint, the races at Belmont Park Terminal yesterday was a pronounced success. Society from the Long Island colony, New York, and vicinity was well represented and more than 2,500 persons witnessed the day's sport.

Five events were scheduled for decision and in three of these only two horses started, while the scratches in the other races reduced the fields considerably. The first and the fourth events were the only races in which there was any real competition. In the first race, with four starters, Former, with Fred Alpers in the saddle, was a hot favorite, with Johnny, ridden by J. Tucker, the second choice. The race was practically a walkover for Johnny, which won by four lengths from Norbitt, an outsider.

The Retribution Challenge Cup, a steeplechase affair at three miles, brought out two starters, with Herculoid a 1 to 3 favorite. At the fourth jump Adventurer fell and Herculoid galloped over the remainder of the course.

With six horses named for the Long Island Hunts Steeplechase, only two accepted the weights, with J. Benson Rose's Meadowsweep a 1 to 2 favorite. The event proved to be a repetition of the previous race. Meadowsweep fell at the second jump and Toreador, entered and ridden by Sidney W. Fish, covered the course and secured the first money.

The fourth race, the Tonkaway Steeplechase, at two miles, introduced a new English jumper, Peregrine Pickle, entered by F. Ambrose Clark, which made a show of the field. Starting at 7 to 5, an equal favorite with the Chamblet Stable's Handsallaround and Bill Andrews, the latter's imputation, ridden by Mr. Clark, was rated along for the first mile, and then went to the front. From this point there was only one horse in the race. Peregrine Pickle came home the easiest of winners by ten lengths. Handsallaround was second, five lengths ahead of Cherry Melotte.

The closing race was another farce. Henry W. Warner's Nosegay was a prohibitive favorite, with Speculator, the only other starter in the Stayers' Handicap Plate, at two and a half miles over the flat. Speculator went to the front for the first half mile, when Nosegay assumed the lead and, coming away, won by ten lengths under a strong pull. The summary:

FIRST RACE.—The Lynbrook Handicap of $200, for polo, hacks and hunters, and horses owned by the United States Government or officers of the U. S. Army; to be ridden by officers of the United States Army or gentlemen riders; about six furlongs on the turf.—Won by Paul D. Cravath's b. g. Johnny, by Griffon-Beneme, 138, (J. Tucker,) 7 to 5 and 2 to 5; Charles R. Fleishman's b. g. Norbitt, 143, (B. Gatins,) 10 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; A. Ludlow Kramer's b. g. Culvert, 160, (E. Tucker,) 3 to 1 and 1 to 2, third. Zellwood and Former also ran. Won by four lengths, half a length between second and third.

SECOND RACE.—The Davidson Challenge Cup, presented by Mrs. A. Butler Duncan, to be held by the winner until the next running of the race, purse $400, for hunters four years and upward; gentlemen riders; about three miles.—Won by Mrs. Charles Pfizer's b. g. Herculoid, by Saville-Harpist, 1 to 3 and out; Adventurer, 154, (J. Funk,) fell. Only one horse finished.

THIRD RACE.—The Long Island Hunt's Steeplechase of $250, including cup, value $150, presented by the Meadow Brook Hunt, for hunters; gentlemen riders; about three and a half miles; and rails.—Won by Sidney W. Fish's b. g. Toreador, by Beau Gallant-Carmen, 182, (S. W. Fish,) 11 to 5 and out; Meadowsweep, 172, (J. Park,) fell. Only one horse finished.

FOURTH RACE.—The Tonkaway Steeplechase Handicap of $500; about two miles.—Won by F. Ambrose Clarke's b. g. Peregrine Pickle, by Perigord-Ardent, 142 pounds, (Clarke,) 7 to 5 and out; Miss Chamblets's br. f. Handsallaround, 136, (I. Ryan,) 7 to 5 and out, second; Greentree Stable's br. m. Cherry Melotte, 148, (E. Fidler,) 2 to 1 and 7 to 10, third. Doreen III., and O'Connor also ran. Adventurer fell. Won by ten lengths; five lengths between second and third.

FIFTH RACE.—The Stayers' Handicap of $200, for hacks and hunters and horses owned by the United States Government or officers of the United States Army; about two and a half miles on the flat.—Won by Henry W. Warner's ch. g. Nosegay, by Nasturtium-Eppie, 150 pounds, (Lopez,) 2 to 5 and out; John Tucker's ch. g. Speculator, 158, (G. Tucker,) 8 to 5 and out, second. Won by ten lengths.

WATCHUNG HUNT RUN.

Stiff Fencing for Holiday Riders Over Course Near Plainfield.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Nov. 4.—Fast galloping and stiff fencing marked the Election Day run of the Watchung Hun

COLLEGE AND HIGH SCHOOLS FOOTBALL GAMES AND PRACTICE

POLY AND MANUAL FOOTBALL VICTORS

Four High School Teams Play Double-Header Before 15,000 at Ebbets Field.

A double-header in football is a brand new idea and they tried it yesterday at Ebbets Field in Brooklyn, with four high school elevens as contenders. It was almost too much football for one afternoon, because before the whistle blew at the finish of the second game the toes of some 15,000 spectators were just about frozen. The bargain day of interscholastic gridiron strife attracted a big crowd and as most of the spectators were high school students there was a great conglomeration of noise. The drug stores of Brooklyn did a rushing business last nigh selling throat lozenges for not a boy or girl who attended Ebbets Field yesterday was able to talk above a whisper after the games were over.

Poly Prep defeated Boys' High School by a score of 13 to 0, and Manual Training High School beat Erasmus High by a score of 12 to 0. The first game showed Poly Prep to have a powerful team which should have subdued Boys' High by a greater score. They used mostly old-fashion football, tearing the Boys' High lines to shreds with their energetic back field, but they had the disastrous habit of fumbling, which was costly at the wrong moments.

Francis Xavier du Tremblay, the Poly Captain, was the star of the game. The little quarter back ran back punts in zig-zag fashion through a broken field and used good judgment in smashing his back field players through the line. Poly Prep took a hold on the game early in the first period. After a few minutes of play, when Boys' High had held Poly safe, du Tremblay punted. The ball sailed serenely into the outstretched arms of Hand, the Boys' High quarter back. He muffed the ball. Caffery quick as a wink, fell on the leather on the ten-yard line.

Poly Prep lined up and du Tremblay barked out a signal. Taking the ball under his arm, Tremblay shot around the end and planted the ball on the one-yard line. Next he gave the ball to Meenan, who jammed his way through the line for a touchdown, and du Tremblay kicked the goal.

In the last period Poly got going and held a procession down the field, hammering the Boys' High line hard and often. In the last jam for a score Fullback Hardenbrook carried the ball over for a touchdown.

The Manual-Erasmus game was a bitter, even fight for three periods and in the last period the Manual backs cut loose and shoved the Erasmus team down the field with undeniable aggressiveness. Manual's first score came after a spectacular forward pass. Parisette tossed the ball to Larson, who carried it twenty yards to the six-yard line, and vigorous line pounding by Palmer and Dingwell consumed the short space to the goal line, Dingwell rushing the ball over for a touchdown. Just before the game ended Manual again smashed the Erasmus line to bits and carried the ball down the field, Bonenau, the right end, taking it over for a touchdown on a puzzling criss-cross play. Manual missed both tries at goal.

This bargain day of football was an exact reproduction of one of the big college games. There was enthusiasm galore, also cheer leaders, a couple of brass bands and a never-ending chorus of school songs. Enthusiasm ran riot and there never has been a time when there has been more noise. Erasmus Hall High School boys and girls, led on by the cheer leaders, barked continuous yells of encouragement at the boys who were fighting on the gridiron.

As far as football was concerned none of the four teams was coached up to that point of perfection which they will show at the end of the season. The games were marred by constant fumbling and mistakes of judgment. Poly Prep, especially, had numerous chances to score, for their team was far superior to Boys' High and yet they collapsed at the crucial moment, when touchdowns were within their grasp.

Erasmus and Manual were pretty well matched. It was anybody's game up to the last period. Erasmus' captain, Ty Halstead, suffered a twisted ankle and was taken out of the game, and his absence was felt. The game when school boy limped along the side lines and implored the coach to let him get back into the struggle, but this privilege was denied. He was too badly used up. And in the Boys' High-Poly Prep game Capt. Rubenstein of the Boys' High eleven was badly injured and had to retire from the game.

There was much spectacular playing in the Poly Prep-Boys' High game. Du Tremblay carrying off the individual honors. He was all over the field and it was not his fault that the players fell down at crucial moments. He had some fine line smashers in Ryder, Meenan, and Hardenbrook, and for that reason resorted to line smashing tactics, when the open game would have netted greater results.

Orrell was later substituted for Ryder, and this lad, weighing only 127 pounds, did great work for the short time he was in the game. Wollenweber and Ballelsen did fine work for Boys' High, but they were outclassed. Ballelsen did the punting for Boys' High and got away many high spirals. One of the prettiest plays of the game was a long forward pass in the second period, which Du Tremblay shot to Quinn for a twenty-five-yard gain.

In the second half Du Tremblay made a dazzling quarter back run around the end on a fake kick play which carried him down the gridiron thirty yards on a snake-like journey. The last period saw the Poly Prep back field smashing incessantly into the Boys' High line. Ryder, Orrell, Meenan, and Hardenbrook banged into the opposition for gains of five and ten yards at a clip. In this rush for the second touchdown their course down the field was not even checked. They kept everlastingly at it and hammered out a touchdown by sheer strength.

The interest in the Erasmus-Manual game was centred in the work of Fuerstein, the Manual quarter back. Twice he reeled off runs of 40 yards and used his star punter Parisette with telling effect. In the fourth period of this game, Parisette made a fine forward pass of 20 yards to Larsen which landed the ball on the six-yard line. Then Palmer dived head first into the line for a 4 yard gain. Dingwell then took the ball and in one mad plunge carried it over.

The second touchdown came as the result of one long zealous rush from midfield right down to the goal line. Under the shadow of the Erasmus goal, the Erasmus boys made a decidedly stubborn stand. The Manual line plungers were stopped short in their triumphant march. Then the brain of quarter back Feuerstein began to work. He sprang the criss-cross play, right end Boenau taking the ball from Dingwell, and he shot over to one corner of the field and carried the ball over for the second score. The scores and line-up:

Boys' High S.	Position.	Poly Prep.
Newman	Left end	Caffery
Bancroft	Left tackle	Sutton
Coyne	Left guard	Pendleton
Barshofsky	Centre	Warbasse
Rubenstein	Right guard	Redmond
Rothman	Right tackle	Bronder
Taylor	Right end	Quinn
Hand	Quarter back	Du Tremblay
Ballersen	Left half back	Ryder
Wallenweber	Right half back	Meehan
Clark	Full back	Hardenbrook

Touchdowns—Meehan, Hardenbrook. Goals after touchdown—Du Tremblay.

Referee—Mr. Way, Swarthmore. Umpire—Mr. Fultz, Brown. Head linesman—Mr. Farrier, Dartmouth.

Time of periods—13, 12, 10 and 10 minutes.

Manual.	Position.	Erasmus.
Ackerman	Left end	Gulick
McGarry	Left tackle	H. Halstead
Firschurg	Left guard	Ellis
Somborn	Centre	Jackson
Parisette	Right guard	Cole
Weller	Right tackle	Castellaros
Boenau	Right end	Tompkins
Olssen	Quarter back	Olson
Dingwell	Left half back	Tuttle
Larson	Right half back	Marshall
Palmer	Full back	Halstead

Touchdowns—Dingwell, Boenau.

Referee—Mr. Fultz, Brown. Umpire—Mr. Farrier, Dartmouth. Head Linesman—Mr. Fitzpatrick, Yale.

Time of periods—10, 10, 13 and 12 minutes.

DE WITT CLINTON WINS.

Manhattan Schoolboys Beat Commercial High in Brooklyn.

Sterling playing by the back line gave De Witt Clinton High School a decisive victory over the Commercial High School eleven yesterday morning at Commercial Field. The Clinton lads rolled up a score of 22 to 0 against the Brooklyn schoolboys without giving them any real chance to retaliate. Several rallies were started by the Commercial team, but they lasted through only a few plays at a time, and the New Yorkers were never in danger of losing the game.

Clinton's gains were all made by straight line plunges, in which their back line was given plenty of opportunity to work in earnest. Gilmore was frequently called back from right tackle to assist the backs, and he added materially to the ground-gaining machinery. Heinsohn, the quick Clinton quarter back, relied entirely upon sending his backs through gaps in the line and frequently carried the ball himself for repeated gains. The same agility was shown when it became necessary to break up the formations of the Commercial team, which was especially weak except on the forward line. Once, however, the slowness of Clinton's tackles gave rise to Commercial's hopes when Becker broke through a scattered field in the third quarter and ran forty yards to Clinton's twenty-yard line, when he tripped and fell. But for this mishap he would have made a touchdown.

Scoring by the New Yorkers began in the first period, when they traversed almost the entire length of the field by plunges through the Commercial defense. At Commercial's twenty-three yard line Heinsohn tried a drop kick which failed, and the ball passed to Commercial on their twenty-yard line. In the next play Williams fumbled, a favorite pastime indulged in by the Brooklyn team throughout the game, and Gilmore recovered it on Commercial's five-yard line. Then Powers took the ball over for the first touchdown. In the second quarter, after a series of close formation plays, Powers made a long forward pass to Fowler, bringing the ball to Commercial's six-yard line. Heinsohn advanced the ball a yard and Gilmore broke through left tackle for the second touchdown. Both goals from touchdown were missed by Grunow.

A fumble by Hillary in the third period paved the way for a field goal for Clinton. Hillary fumbled the kick-off and Snow recovered on Commercial's thirty-five yard line. Snow, Gilmore, McKenzie, and Heinsohn pushed the ball down to the twelve-yard line directly in front of the uprights, and it was an easy matter for Heinsohn to get the ball through for a field goal. This was followed by a touchdown made after Clinton had fumbled on Conimercial's one-yard line and recovered in time to save a tally, which was made by Gilmore in the next play. Commercial's last determined rally came in the finial period. Following Becker's long run Commercial worked the ball from Clinton's twenty-yard line to the thirteen-yard line, from where Hager fell back to try a field goal. He was not as successful as Heinsohn, and the pigskin flew wide of the posts. Following this futile effort Commercial's hopes were abandoned. The line-up:

Clinton.	Position.	Commercial.
Fitzpatrick	Left end	Johnson
Christgau	Left tackle	Anderson
Grunow	Left guard	Rabinowitz
Stanton	Centre	Roscoe
Moore	Right guard	Hamburger
Gilmore	Right tackle	Downes
Fowler	Right end	Hillary
Heinsohn	Quarter back	Becker
Power	Left half back	Williams
McKenzie	Right half back	Gordon
Snow	Full back	Hager

Touchdowns—Powers, Gilmore, (2.) Goal from touchdown—Grunow. Goal from field—Heinsohn Substitutes—Leiken for Rabinowitz, Robertson for Hamburger, Pirl for Fitzpatrick, Bishop for Fowler, Fitzpatrick for Pitt. Referee—A. Farrier, Dartmouth. Umpire—Mr. McElroy, Cornell. Time of periods—Twelve and a half minutes.

COMMERCE SCORES ON BRONX ELEVEN

Morris High School Boys Defeated on Polo Grounds in Championship Game.

The High School of Commerce football eleven, one of the leading contenders for the scholastic championship of the City of New York, found Morris High a difficult proposition in the Election Day game at the Polo Grounds, but managed to win by the score of 7 to 0. A touchdown by Gunther before the first perio dhad been half played and a goal by Quinn represented all the scoring of the game and during the remainder of the contest neither team got the ball within fifteen yards of its opponent's goal line. A crowd of about 2,000 persons, made up principally of students and alumni of the two schools, witnessed tne game.

A 35-yard run by Quinn, whose work was one of the features of the game, made the touchdown possible. The ball had traveled back and forth near the centre of the field, with no apparent advantage to either team, when Quinn made his dash around the left wing of the Bronx eleven and brought the ball almost to the goal line before he was downed. The slight garde in the outfield section of the Polo Grounds worked to the advantage of the Manhattan boys at this stage and they quickly pushed the ball over the line.

Morris's best chance came in the second period and it was also the ersult of a spectacular run. Erwig got the ball on a punt at his own 35-yard line and by fast running and spectacular dodging he carried it a distance of fifty yards, being downed at Commerce's 15-yard line. With their goal line in danger the Commerce line showed its real strength and two line plunges gained nothing. The forward pass was then resorted to, but two attempts at this play were failures and the ball went to Commerce at the 15-yard line. Quinn got a punt away for thirty-five yards and the danger was over.

In the third and fourth periods the ball was between the 25-yard lines most of the time. Commerce excelled in rushing, but the attack was not sustained enough to make a touchdown seem likely until the last few minutes of play, and then a forward pass intercepted by Morris ended the rally. Another run-back after a punt, this time for forty-five yards, was made by Erwig in the final period.

Both teams resorted to the forward pass frequently, but with little success. It was more popular than punting after two or three line plunges had failed to gain. The majority of the passes were intercepted or incompleted, but Commerce got one successful pass away in the final period for a gain of twenty yards. Huggenwig and Quinn did the punting for the two teams, with the former having a slight advantage. The Morris eleven carried more weight than the Morris teams of recent years and Commerce had little, if any, advantage in this respect.

It was the first game played on the newly arranged gridiron at the Polo Grounds, which is sodded from end to end. The base lines and all the sections of uncovered ground used for baseball are hidden under a layer of turf and the playing field presents a fine appearance. The goal posts are located in centre field and near the plate, and there is plenty of space on the outfield end for placing temporary stands. The lumber for these stands is already on the field. A large press box has been built in front of the right field wall, extending all the way from the end of the outfield bleachers to the boxes behind first base. The ground was soft yesterday and the players found much difficulty keeping on their feet on end runs, but it should be in good condition o rthe big games to come. The line-up:

Commerce.	Position.	Morris.
Schneider	Left end	Guidone
Montgomery	Left tackle	Schweidle
Tansil	Left guard	Sherwin
De Boer	Centre	Treyer
Wagner	Right guard	Ellis
Hagemeyer	Right tackle	Sokolower
Hooper	Right end	Graeb
Gunther	Quarter back	Manly
Quinn	Left half back	Erwig
Clapp	Right half back	Stone
Parkington	Full back	Huggenwig

Touchdown—Gunther. Goal from touchdown—Quinn. Substitutions—Finger for Montgomery, Tornstein for Tansil, Kamen for De Boer, Parkes for Wagner, Wittner for Gunther, Foster for Quinn, De Boer for Kamen, Josephs for De Boer, Knubel for Ornstein, Greunlinger for Schneider, Worden for Foster, Eustis for Treanor, Starch for Schweidle, Huggenwig for Starch, Schweidle for Huggenwig.

Referee—Edward Thorpe, De La Salle. Umpire—Mr. Levine, Pennsylvania. Linesman—Mr. Wilson, Leland Stanford. Time of periods—Twelve and one-half minutes.

Lafayette Defense Shows Weakness.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., Nov. 4.—The Lafayette teams worked on March Field this afternoon until darkness came. Immediately after supper they went into executive session to plan more fully the policy to be used in the game against Pittsburgh on Saturday. Lafayette feels that her chances in this game have been greatly improved in the past week. The principal feature of work was a scrimmage in which the 'Varsity scored a touchdown without much trouble, but in which the defense was weak and the scrub team made three first downs in the single time in which they carried the pigskin. After the touchdown had been made Coach McCaa put the 'Varsity entirely on the defensive in order to build up this weak department. The scrubs were given the ball on the twenty-yard line, and with as many downs as they wished, were instructed to carry the ball over. The scrub team used the plays of other colleges to accomplish this. The forward pass predominated, and the 'Varsity showed better guarding power in this exercise than they did in the regular scrimmage.

Navy Quarter Back in Doubt Yet.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 4.—The Naval Academy coaches gave the regular backfield, with the exception of Matchell at quarter back, a rest this afternon. Miles was at full back and Failing and Alexander at the halves. Nichols, who played so well for a short period against Lehigh and who is giving Mitchell a hard tussle for the position, played quarter back on the scrub. He did good work, though showing a tendency to carry the ball himself too often. Mitchell led the attack of his team and did the kicking. He also received most of the punts, handling the ball with certainty, and once ran back more than thirty yards. The team is in splendid physical condition and anticipating Saturday's game against Bucknell with much interest. A hard game is expected, but the Navy is confident of a victory. Every place on the team is now practically settled except that of quarter back, where there is little to choose between Nichols and Mitchell.

Dartmouth Getting In Trim.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 4.—Hard work continued at Dartmouth to-day in an effort to get the eleven in fighting trim. There is an atmosphere of listlessness surrounding the team that is anything but pleasing to the coaches. "Bill" Randall has been brought to the front to assist in whipping the men into shape. According to Cavanaugh it is now too late to let up and hard work must continue if Dartmouth is to win against Penn this coming Saturday.

Loudon, Hogsett, and Ambrose were on the field to-day, but the latter took no active part in the practice. In the brief scrimmage against the second team, Curtis crossed the scrub goal for the lone touchdown of the afternoon. The 'Varsity also scrimmaged against the freshmen and could not score.

Indians In Hard Work Again.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 4.—The Carlisle Indians jumped into hard football work this afternoon under the direction of Coach Glenn Warner. The afternoon's practice started, as usual with fundamentals, which included about everything on the football calendar. The hardening process is kept up as a matter of form, however, but Warner insisted this afternoon on carrying out the falling on the ball and tackling exercises with exactness. Charging was also emphasized. Six new formations were put through the signal drill, until every man appeared proficient. A scrimmage between the 'Varsity and Assistant Coach Lone Star's scrubs occupied thirty minutes and was a fiercely contested battle from start to finish. Garlow's kicking was more accurate than heretofore. He booted thirteen out of fifteen goals successfully from all kinds of angles.

FORDHAM CRUSHED AGAIN.

Villa Nova Batters Down Bronx Collegians, 43 to 0.

Fordham suffered another defeat from its great rival, Villanova, in the annual Election Day game yesterday afternoon at Fordham Field by the score of 43 to 0. The contest, which, despite the uneven score, proved interesting, was witnessed by the largest crowd of football enthusiasts that has ever visited the local gridiron. The contrast in the playing of the two teams was very noticeable.

Villanova's teamwork was splendid. Its plays were cleverly masked and the old criss-cross and delayed pass plays worked for repeated gains, easily deceiving the Fordham defense. The interference given the man with the ball by the visitors was admirable, and rarely was the runner downed before many hands had touched him.

The remarkable ability of the Quaker backfield men to keep on their feet when tackled and to shake off the tacklers, and the wide knowledge of football displayed by the eleven, spoke well for Coach St. Germain, the former Carlisle and Yale centre. On the other hand the Fordham runner was left unaided, and as a result could never gain more than five yards. The expected feature of open-field playing by the Bronx collegians proved a miserable failure, because of the utter lack of protection given to the runner and the ease with which the Villanova forwards broke through, smashing formations in their inception and blocking Robin's punts repeatedly.

When the first period ended 0 to 0, Fordham's hopes were high. But when, shortly after the resumption of play, Capt. Forst went over the line for the first touchdown and Prendergast kicked the goal and they then repeated before the completion of the half, making the score 14 to 0, the Maroon contingent sighed, but were not discouraged. The Villanova backs got working in earnest in the second half and tallied twice in each of the succeeding quarters, and Prendergast, after three failures, kicked a goal from placement from the twenty-five-yard line in the final period.

Half Back Forst uncorked a fifty-yard dash through the entire Fordham eleven in the third period and repeated with a run of thirty-five yards in the fourth. Penrose was good for fifteen yards every time he was sent around right end, and Prendergast averaged ten yards in smashes off tackle. In the last quarter Prendergast hurled the leather oval thirty yards into the awaiting arms of Quarter Back Hogan, who just had to step over the goal line. Capt. Mulvey and Wymand played the best for Fordham. The line-up:

Villanova.	Position.	Fordham.
J. Reap	Left end	Carey
Regan	Left tackle	Dunn
Kiely	Left guard	Mulvey
Sutliff	Centre	Wymard
T. Reap	Right guard	O'Brien
Carroll	Right tackle	Kane
Hanlon	Right end	Viviano
Hogan	Quarter back	O'Connell
Penrose	Left half back	Robin
Forst	Right half back	McDonnath
Prendergast	Full back	Granfield

Score by quarters—0-0, 14-0, 28-0, 43-0.

Touchdowns—Forst, (2,) Prendergast, (2,) Kelly, Hogan. Goals from touchdowns—Prendergast, (3,) Reap. Goals from field—Prendergast.

Substitutions: Villanova—Kelly for Hogan, Gilson for Regan, Ward for Kelly, Goodwin for Penrose, Hogan for Hanlon. Fordham—Conklin for Viviano, Grady for Carey, Cotter for Kane, McAviney for McDonough, Viviano for Brady. Referee—Harry Fisher, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Schwartz, Brown. Head linesman—Mr. Cochens, University of Michigan. Time of quarters—Twelve minutes.

ON THE SOCCER FIELDS.

Columbia Defeated by Bensonhurst In Field Club League.

Giving a splendid exhibition of soccer football in the championship match of the Field Club League series at Van Cortlandt Field yesterday afternoon, Columbia nevertheless went down to defeat before the eleven of the Bensonhurst Field Club, three goals to two. Bensonhurst established a good lead of 2 to 0 in the first half, owing to a strong wind which blew in the faces of the collegians. In the second period, the wearers of the Blue and White took matters in hand in earnest and also tallied a brace of goals. The visitors, however, scored a third which decided the issue in their favor. The line-up:

Columbia.	Position.	Bensonhurst.
Krefeld	Goal	Rathgaber
G. Dast	Right back	Fegan
Laguardia	Left back	Watson
Mason	Right half	Barriskill
Hamilton	Centre half	Slater
Schwarz	Left half	Muir
Collingwood	Outside right	Hall
Peck	Inside right	Pert
Colquhoun	Centre	Taylor
Shanholt	Inside left	Macphee
F. Day	Outside left	Pereira

Referee—C. Creighton. Linesmen—S. G. Kistler and Mr. Jessup. Goals—Pert, (2,) Pereira, Bensonhurst; Shanholt, (2,) Columbia. Time of halves—Forty-five minutes.

Champions and ex-champions met in the Staten Island-Crescent A. C. soccer match played on the grounds of the former at Livingston yesterday afternoon, when a tie at one goal apiece ended a hard-fought game, which disturbed the position of neither team in the championship table of the Field Club Football League. The line-up:

Staten Island.	Position.	Crescent A. C.
Ross	Goal	De Baum
Hilder	Right back	Dodwell
Van der Zee	Left back	Charlwood
Eastwood	Right half	Jeffers
Banning	Centre half	Armstrong
Leggett	Left half	Maclennan
Kaufmann	Outside right	Pert
Thomas	Inside right	Taylor
Nicoll	Centre	Humphreys
Menzies	Inside left	Livesey
Roughton	Outside left	Philip

Referee—Frank Davies. Linesmen—Messrs. Radford and H. Kaufmann. Goals—Armstrong, Crescent A. C.; Kaufmann, Staten Island. Time of game—Halves of forty-five minutes.

At Bay Ridge, yesterday morning, the team of the Manual Training High School played seven members of the Crescent A. C. in a soccer match and succeeded in winning by the score of 3 goals to 1, after leading in the first half by 2 to 0.

With Dr. G. Randolph Manning, President of the U. S. A. Football Association, refereeing the game, the soccer players of Stuyvesant High School suffered their first defeat in the postponed match with Commercial High School of Brooklyn in the P. S. A. L. championship series at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday The Stuyvesant boys played splendid football, but lost the game by a score of 2 goals to 1.

Thanks to a "penalty" awarded to them in the first half, the soccer team of Erasmus Hall of Brooklyn took the P. S. A. L. championship game from De Witt Clinton High School by the score of 1 goal to 0 at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday. The deciding play occurred toward the end of the half and the penalty was due to handling on the part of one of the defending backs. The free kick from within, the penalty arose which followed, got by Goalkeeper Tichinsky and resulted in the winning goal being scored then and there. Davidson, Erasmus Hall's centre, negotiated the kick.

In a National League game played at West Side Park in Jersey City yesterday afternoon, the eleven of the Brooklyn Football Club fairly romped away with the honors by the score of 5 goals to 1 after having shot five goals in succession before the home team was permitted a point.

The St. George's Football Club experienced little difficulty in defeating the Lenox Rangers by the score of 6 to 1 at Lenox Oval yesterday afternoon. The score at half time was 3 to 1 Jackson and Dixon shot two goals apiece for the winners, while Mc-Williams and Loney scored once each. Shanholt tallied for the Rangers.

Soccer elevens representing the Montclair Athletic Club and the Richmond County Field Club contested a Field Club League championship fixture at Montclair, the result being a draw. Neither side scored a goal in the ninety minutes of play.

The Princeton 'Varsity soccer eleven yesterday defeated the Central Y. M. C. A. team at Princeton by 8 goals to 1.

DAVIS WINS AUTO RACE.

Report That Barney Oldfield Was Killed Unfounded.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 4.—Olin Davis won the Los Angeles-Phoenix and San Diego Exposition automobile race today, reaching this city at 1:48 P. M.

Davis finished the 574-mile drive in 18 hours and 47 minutes.

Vice President Marshall and Gov. Hunt were at the finish line when Davis, who is virtually a novice at race driving, arrived.

The report that Barney Oldfield, one of the leaders in the race, had been killed twelve miles east of Yuma, proved unfounded. The report of Oldfield's death was spread when he "side swiped" a rancher's buggy on the road east of Yuma. The rancher's horse ran away and the man was injured.

TRINITY COLLEGE DEFEATS N. Y. U., 9-0

New Yorkers Take a Brace, but Are Not Strong Enough to Win.

Trinity College of Hartford, Conn., football team defeated New York University yesterday on Ohio Field by the score of 9-0. The game was closely contested from start to finish. New York took quite a brace and held the visitors time and again. Both sides were guilty of much fumbling.

The chief ground gainer for Trinity was the full back Hudson. Early in the game he got around end for nice gains. None of them was phenomenal but quite a few reached twenty yards. With the exception of Moore, he was the only consistent ground gainer for the visitors. The New York men showed great improvement in tackling and dropped Hudson hard several times but he came back strong each time.

The only touchdown occurred at the beginning of the second quarter. The quarter opened with New York in possession of the ball on its own forty-yard line. Von Nichlon fumbled the ball and Trinity got it. Trinity made first down on a rush by Moore. Moore then got the ball back of the line on a false kick and a charge through centre. Kinney attempted to kick the goal and failed. In the same quarter New York had one of her best chances. Huntley punted to Trinity, Moore, fooled by the wind, underestimated the distance and the ball rolled behind him for twenty yards. He was downed as he picked up the ball. The quarter ended with no further score.

The second score came in the third quarter and was a distinct surprise to New York. Trinity worked the ball down the field, gaining fifteen yards by a double pass and losing ten yard by Waldman's tackling of Moore behind the lines on an attempted pass. Trinity finally got the ball down to the thirty-yard line and Kinney kicked a goal from placement.

Moore, Kinney and Hudson starred for Trinity, Moore winning on his rushing. Hudson, however, proved himself the hardest man for New York to get. He got around ends repeatedly, and had he been more speedy the score would have been more one-sided. Werner played a star game for the Violet, getting his man in fine style. All the New York tackles showed great improvement, Waldman also did some nice work. The greatest ground gainer for the Violet was Huntley. He proved himself very speedy and got away with several nice gains. His kicking was a surprise for Trinity.

The forward pass was little used by either side, both teams playing old-fashioned football. New York's line held splendidly, and little was gained through it by Trinity. On the other hand the backfield of the visitors excelled that of the home team in ground gaining. Hudson was almost a sure gainer. The interference put up by Trinity was not quite up to that seen at the Heights in previous games this year, and several times the New York men were able to break through and down the man with the ball with ease. Wiener at tackle tore gaps in Trinity's line time after time.

New York showed up better at kicking than did the visitors, though both teams got off some nice punts. The average of the Violet team was considerably higher in this respect.

Trinity played a stronger game in the last quarter, and aided by Hudson got the ball within fifteen yards of the New York line, but the Violet line held and no score was made. The line-up:

N. Y. U.	Position.	Trinity.
McCulloch	Left end	Elder
Wiener	Left tackle	Howell
Hollander	Left guard	Cranston
Torrance (Capt.)	Centre	Kinney
O'Donnell	Right guard	Lowberi
Wynes	Right tackle	Wooley
Waldman	Right end	Cole
Huntley	Quarter back	Smith
McDermott	Left half back	Coffee
Miller	Right half back	Moore
Von Nichlon	Full back	Hudson

Goals from placement—Kinney. Touchdown—Moore. Time of quarters—Fifteen and twelve minutes. Substitutions—Mackay for Hollander, Mackay for O'Donnell, Hollander for Mackay, Baldie for Miller, Cox for McCulloch, Amaducci for Cox, Burke for Miller, Lottin for Byrnes, O'Donnell for Lottin, Byrnes for Mackay, Mackay for Byrnes, Lottin for O'Donnell, McCulloch for Burke, Bristol for Lottin. Referee—Mr. Murphy, Yale. Umpire—Dr. Newton, Pennsylvania. Head Linesman—Mr. Saunders, Columbia.

HARD DRILL FOR CORNELL.

Preparing Strong Defense for Game with Michigan.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Cornell got down to hard practice to-day in preparation for the Michigan game on Saturday, the 'Varsity team going into its first scrimmage of the week and the players getting a lot of individual instruction. Cornell is alert to the fact that the Wolverines have improved wonderfully as their trouncing of Syracuse last Saturday showed, and a good defense is being perfected. All of the 'Varsity men except Williamson and O'Hearn were in the line-up to-day, and O'Hearn is still at his home in Brookline suffering from an injured eye. It was expected to-day, however, that he would be back by the end of the week in time to take part in the Michigan game.

Williamson was put over on the second team to-day and Mallory played right tackle on the 'Varsity, but the change is not expected to be permanent. The drop kicking of Barrett, Cornell's left half, who is also some punter, was one of the features of the practice. Barrett put the ball over the bar five times from the forty-yard line. His punting was also of high order. The Cornell backs also tried out a lot of forward passes, and it is evident that the Ithacans expect to make open football an important part of their attack on Saturday.

Watch Craig is one of the slogans being passed down the line, and it is evident that Cornell will do her best to restrict that young man's activities.

Lehigh Still In Poor Condition.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 4.—Crichton, the big full back, whose injuries kept him out of the Navy game, took his place in Lehigh back field to-day with the other members of the "wrecking crew," Hoban and Keady. His return has served to strengthen the depressed situation somewhat. Another feature of the work to-day was the trying out of a new pair of ends, Cahill and Donaldson. Resident Coach Keady finds the end proposition one of his hardest problems. It was planned to start scrimmage work today, but the poor physical condition of the men prevented this, so signal work alone was tried. The fact that several of the linemen are still unable to get out, noticeably Coyne and Grumback, while the bruises of many others refuse to heal as rapidly as is expected, is causing the coach much concern. He has about abandoned his plans for heavy work for the week and will substitute rest-up tactics instead.

Football Scores.

At Buffalo—Union, 14; Hobart, 0.

At Hackensack—New York Naval Reserves, 0; Oritani Field Club, 0.

At Newark—Central High School, 6; Barringer High School, 6.

At East Orange—East Orange High School, 27; Alumni, 18.

At Orange—South Orange High School, 47; Carteret Academy, 0.

Berkeley School, 19; Cutler School, 6.

American Athletes to Sail Nov. 12.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 4.—An all-American track team will leave here Nov. 12 for an Australian tour. The team will be composed of James Power of the Boston Athletic Association, mile champion of the United States and Canada distance man; Alvah Meyer, New York Irish-American, sprinter; Rurie Templeton, Olympic Club, San Francisco, hurdler, and Reginald Caughey of Ukiah, Cal., weight man. Power will attempt to break the Pacific Coast record of 4:20 on Saturday at Stanford Oval.

TRY OUT HARVARD PLAYS.

Princeton Tests Formations Crimson May Employ on Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 4.—The Tigers had a good opportunity this afternoon to show what they could do with Harvard's own formations when the coaches for fifteen minutes lined up the 'Varsity against team B, which used nothing but Crimson plays. The 'Varsity showed ability to solve them with little difficulty in so far as the tricks were concerned, but Tibbott, an ineligible freshman, who was playing the part of Mahan of Harvard, succeeded in getting through the line once for a gain of forty yards and put the ball on the 'Varsity's ten-yard line, where the regulars stiffened and kept the ball from going over.

Four plays were attempted, but none of them went further than the line. Team B was given the ball again on the twenty-yard line, but could make no gain. The 'Varsity showed a defense against all the Harvard open plays, and none of the forward passes attempted proved good.

The work with team B lasted for only fifteen minutes, and the 'Varsity was then sent against the freshmen for half an hour of stiff work on the freshman field. The 'Varsity won, 15 to 0. Capt. Baker kicked a neat goal from placement from the forty-five yard line, and he added six points on the first touchdown after carrying the ball for twenty yards around right end.

Law made the other touchdown on a similar play around left end. Slagle twice carried the ball down to within striking distance of the goal, both times on line plunges. Glick showed speed at quarter back this afternoon. Toward the end of the practice the coaches sent Emmons, who has not had a chance at the 'Varsity for two weeks, in at quarter back to replace Glick.

Glick did not run with the ball to-day at all. George Phillips took part in his first scrimmage for two weeks, and he showed the result of the energy which he has been gaining during the rest. His defensive work was prominent, and with Ballin, the right tackle, he succeeded in breaking up the Harvard plays as shown by the scrub, while his covering of punts was better this afternoon than that of any one else on the eleven.

Law and Borden continued to do the punting, both with and without scrimmage formations. Law's kicks averaged about sixty yards with the wind and about fifty against, while Borden's average was considerably below this, in addition to some irregularity in getting them off. Law began the game at right half back, but Borden went in as a substitute for him later.

A mass meeting was held this evening in Alexander Hall to practice songs and cheers which will be used at the Harvard and Yale games.

HARVARD GETTING IN TRIM.

Mahan, Hitchcock, and O'Brien Come Out for Drill Again.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 4.—Harvard's centre rush, Wallace Trumbull, was the only regular not out on the field to-day. Eddie Mahan, who has been in the hospital a week, came down to the field, although not dressed to play, and as both Hitchcock and O'Brien got into the scrimmage, it looks as if Harvard would be able to present its strongest front against the Tigers at Princeton on Saturday. Mahan appeared to be in good shape, and had the attention of the coaches to work him to-morrow and on Thursday.

Soucy played centre to-day with all of the regular linemen, and even if he tackles Trumbull's place at Princeton the Crimson will not be weak in the middle of the line. To-day's work was on signals and scrimmaging against the scrubs, who put on the Tiger's attack, particularly the forward passes. Some of these still continue to "go" against the Harvard regulars, whose defense, however, got better toward the end of the play.

The Varsity has brought out only a few new plays for the Princeton game, and these will be perfected to-morrow.

Hardwick came in for a lot of coaching in kicking to-day, his punting against Cornell being very poor. The kickers now are in charge of "Ham" Corbett, the old Varsity half back, who has just arrived from California. Both Hitchcock and O'Brien seem to be in first-class condition again, and with its full backfield strength assured, the Crimson will go to Princeton confident of putting on its best game.

GIANTS IN RAINSTORM.

Game with White Sox at Abilene, Tex., Canceled.

By JOHN J. McGRAW,

Manager of the New York Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

ABILENE, Tex., Nov. 4.—For the first time since the New York Giants and the Chicago White Sox entered upon their tour of the world a game had to be canceled to-day because of heavy rains. We have encountered cold, wind and snow several times on our trip from Cincinnati through the West and Southwest, but have always been able to play baseball and not disappoint the many people who have been awaiting our arrival.

Last night we left Marlin in a hurry to reach here in time for a game to-day, but when our special train arrived in Abilene it was pouring pitchforks, as they say in the country. The ball park was reported to be in such bad condition that even had it cleared early we could not have played a game anyway. Then we got our heads together and all decided that it would be better to continue on to El Paso, where we play our last game to-morrow before we start on our two days' ride to Los Angeles, where we will play on Saturday and Sunday.

It was quite a disappointment to us that we could not play to-day, for we had hoped to finish our tour in America without a break in the schedule. In California and the Northwest we expect to find good weather conditions, but we have been lucky after all to have played so many games without having to call one off until to-day.

Murphy Signs a New Pitcher.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Before leaving here to-day for a three months' vacation in Europe President Murphy of the Chicago National League baseball team announced the signing of Pitcher Utrecht of the Fond du Lac, Wis., team.

HICKS DEFEATS TEAGUE.

Keating Outpoints Sailor White in Ten Rounds at Irving A. C.

A short right hook to the jaw in the eighth round of a scheduled ten-round bout gave Freddie Hicks of Detroit a victory over Tommy Teague at the Irving A. C. of Brooklyn yesterday afternoon. The blow drove Teague to the ropes, his guard dropped, and as he was practically knocked out on his feet Referee Patsy Haley waved Hicks to his corner. Up to the time of the knockout the bout had been marked by plenty of activity, with Teague having a shade the better of the work.

Teague was a substitute for Johnny Howard of Bayonne, who came to the clubhouse with his left hand heavily bandaged and explained that he had broken it while training. Teague proved a worthy substitute, and his hard hitting kept him in the lead up to the time of the knockout. Hicks showed more cleverness than his opponent, but the latter offset this with his heavy hitting. In the second round he floored Hicks with a right to the jaw, and the Detroit boy was down for three seconds. The ringside weights were 163 pounds for Hicks and 161 pounds for

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 5, 1913.

THE OVERTHROW OF TAMMANY.

The triumph over Tammany yesterday is more than ample for safety, and great enough for rejoicing. Mr. MITCHEL is elected Mayor by the imposing plurality of 100,000, and Fusion will have 15 of the 16 votes in the Board of Estimate. Not only the chief place, but that all-important fortress of defense against the forays of the enemy has been made secure. There is cause for deep satisfaction in the great vote cast for Mr. MITCHEL, and in his overwhelming plurality, to which every one of the boroughs contributed. His election by this altogether decisive vote is a measure of the good citizenship of the people of New York, and of their good sense in thus assuring to themselves the honest management of the city's business. There is equal reason for rejoicing, for exceeding great rejoicing, in the triumph of Mr. MCANENY and Mr. PRENDERGAST, against whom was arrayed the force of the Independence League, the most selfish, impudent, and treacherous faction in our city politics. It would have been monstrous, it would have been a calamity, it would have been the betrayal of all that is sound and honorable in popular government had these two men been struck down for no reason under Heaven save that they had with great courage and ability conscientiously performed their full duty to the city.

In the Board of Estimate Tammany will encounter during the next four years the solid opposition of the Mayor with three votes, the President of the Borough of Manhattan with two votes, the President of Brooklyn Borough with two votes, the Presidents of the Boroughs of Bronx and of Richmond with one vote each, and the President of the Board of Aldermen and the Controller, each with three votes, a total of fifteen. The remaining vote will be cast by Mr. Connolly, President of Queens Borough, who, while not the Fusion candidate, is not at all a Tammany man, and whose upright administration in Queens gives assurance that he will stand with the other members of the board for right things. What this means for the city will be well understood by men who have paid any attention to the great issue of this campaign. With one billion dollars of the taxpayers' money to be spent in the next four years in annual appropriations and for work under contract, it was all-important that the Board of Estimate citadel should be kept out of Tammany's hands.

If for all men of honest minds and decent lives there is reason for great joy and satisfaction in this triumph, what must it mean for CHARLES F. MURPHY? When his candidate for Mayor is beaten by 20,000 votes in the Tammany stronghold of Manhattan, even MURPHY'S own close craftsmen, his henchmen, and his heelers must reach the conclusion that he showed appallingly bad judgment in the nomination. The leader of such an organization as Tammany, living on plunder and held together by the hope of it, might survive a less exemplary defeat, but it would seem that such a sweeping disaster as that which befell Mr. MURPHY yesterday ought to make an end of his boss-ship. Indeed, the fruits of yesterday's triumph will be in great measure wasted if Tammany is not starved to death during these coming four years. It has had pretty lean pickings since 1909. Now it will be altogether barred out until 1918. Why should it not be barred out forever, disorganized, broken up, and destroyed? It survived the retribution that followed upon the Tweed orgy of stealing, it has reformed its forces and marched to more or less complete victory after other succeeding exposures of its depredations. It has shown wonderful vitality—there can be no doubt about that. But this time it put forward a candidate it felt to be one of its own kind. The people of the city accepted the challenge, and the great plurality of Fusion is the answer. If there is within Tammany any leaven of Democracy, any body of men who are devoted to the principles of the Democratic Party rather than to MURPHY'S guiding principle of public plunder, they ought now, if ever, to assert themselves and either destroy the line of corrupt leadership that has stood unbroken for fifty years, or else quit the organization and unite with that part of the city Democracy that has always honorably stood out against Tammany.

New York is infinitely better for yesterday's triumph of righteousness. It is better for itself that it has ordered so well its own household, and it stands higher in the world's estimation. It has been a humiliation for the people of this great city of five million souls, the second in size of all the world's cities, that when they have not been in the clutches of the vulgar spoiler they have had to fight desperately to beat him off. It has been a humiliation that in this contest there should be anywhere any doubt of the result. For to say that there was danger of a Tammany victory was to say that with our 660,000 lawful voters popular government was a hideous failure, that we were not capable of managing our own affairs with a decent regard for the principles of common honesty. From that humiliation, thank Heaven, we are delivered. Under the administration of an upright Mayor, and with a Board of Estimate exercising its great powers with an intelligent and scrupulous regard for the public welfare and interest, and with corruption forced to hide its head and quake in terror of the common jail for past transgressions, the taxpayer many sleep o' nights in the comforting assurance that he will have a full return for every dollar he contributes for the cost of government.

THE STATE.

The latest returns from the interior of the State indicate a safe Republican majority in the Assembly, estimated by Mr. BARNES, the State Chairman, at twenty over the Democrats and Progressives combined. This may be taken as the judgment of the people on the repulsive record of the Democratic majority last Winter. It is a severe one, and ends the brief and inglorious career of Mr. MURPHY as State leader of the Democratic Party. The man whose orders acquitted STILWELL, now in prison, will no longer control the Legislature of the State. It also gives to Gov. GLYNN a much freer hand than he could have had with a strict Democratic majority in both houses. He may not be able to carry out affirmative reforms and he may be hampered in the matter of appointments, but he cannot be dictated to as Mr. SULZER was until even his patience was exhausted. Moreover, the breaking of the rod held over his party by Mr. MURPHY last Winter will stiffen the backbone of many members of the Legislature who submitted reluctantly to his domination.

The prospect of the reorganization and reform of the Democratic Party in the State is greatly strengthened by this result. Mr. BARNES would err seriously if he took the change in the popular vote as an indorsement of the policies of the Republican Old Guard. It is far from that. It is a warning to the politicians of both parties that they cannot safely disregard the moral sense of decency of the voters.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The election of Mr. WALSH in Massachusetts can hardly be set down as a Democratic victory, though he was the regular Democratic candidate. He won by the hopeless division of the Republicans, to which the independent candidacy of the irrepressible Mr. Foss added another element of confusion. Mr. WALSH has made, on the whole, the most candid and dignified canvass of any of the three candidates, and is a man of excellent character, who, in the short term for which Massachusetts Governors serve, is likely to give the State as good an administration as it has had in some years. He is not reputed to be a very strong man, and he will not be very independent, but he will be honest, prudent, and businesslike.

A good deal has been said about a victory for Mr. WALSH being an indorsement for President WILSON, but that consideration had little to do with the campaign. There is no serious feeling about the President in the Bay State either for or against him or his policies, so far as they have been developed. The tariff, of which much was made by Mr. GARDNER, the Republican candidate, and by his advocates, is not really very unpopular in New England, and there is a considerable sentiment in its favor among the manufacturers. What Massachusetts men may think of Mr. WILSON three years from now is an open question. At present they are not regarding him when they cast their votes.

The question of greatest interest, after the election of Mr. WALSH, is the showing that the Progressives and Republicans will make in the Legislature. As to that, the returns do not permit any inference.

NO ULTIMATUM TO HUERTA.

President WILSON has sent no ultimatum to Gen. HUERTA and there is no present likelihood that he will adopt so threatening a measure. There will be general gratification over the definite contradiction of the rumors of Monday night. Either the acceptance or the rejection of an ultimatum by HUERTA would place heavy responsibilities on the Washington Government. If HUERTA and his entire group should retire from the Government, anarchy would result unless the United States sent troops to preserve order while CARRANZA, or whoever else might be selected, was forming a reasonably stable Government. If HUERTA should remain in office after the ultimatum the United States would be obliged to use force to compel him to carry out its demands or place itself in an unpleasant light before the world. An ultimatum means a willingness to go to war, and President WILSON has led his fellow-countrymen to believe that he has no idea of making war on Mexico, but intends to help our Mexican neighbors to settle their own difficulties in accordance with a policy of morality rather than expediency.

The reports from the Mexican capital on Monday night came from a trustworthy source, and were duly forwarded by The Associated Press correspondents. They were not published until every effort was made to verify them. They were placed before the Secretary of State by all the correspondents in Washington. He refused to speak. His office was kept open at night, and an operator was waiting for telegraphic messages from Mexico. Naturally the correspondents were deceived and the mistaken reports were printed for what they were worth. It was in Mr. BRYAN'S power to suppress the reports, but he chose not to speak until they had been printed in all the morning newspapers and most of the evening papers as well. No Foreign Office in Europe would be guilty of such an action. But perhaps it is unfair to Mr. BRYAN to measure his conduct with that of other Foreign Secretaries. Nevertheless Mr. BRYAN was directly responsible for the publication in many American newspapers of the rumors that President WILSON had sent an ultimatum to Gen. HUERTA and war might be declared very soon—rumors which happily are not true.

THE PRESIDENT'S CLOTHES.

Our admirable contemporary The Sartorial Art Journal presents this month a new view of the Hon. WOODROW WILSON, whom it describes as "A Sack-Coated President." The burden of its argument is that President WILSON might be "the fashion leader of the world," as he is "the type of man "who carries the different forms of "modern tailoring art with exceptional "success." Among the leaders of the world to-day our sartorial contemporary can compare him only with King GEORGE V., who in civilian dress "is by "no means the type or figure of man "to do justice to a sartorial chef "d'oeuvre." This acute judge of men and clothes points out that the President is an intellectual as well as a political leader and "an interesting fig-"ure from every possible angle of ob-"servation," but in treating of his great possibilities from the tailoring point of view his important gift is "an athletic, well-formed figure."

The tone of the article is not harshly critical. The writer admits that the President's clothes generally indicate a refined taste. But he has already become associated in the public eye with the sack suit, and has all but discarded the frock coat of conventional use on formal occasions. Moreover, he is inclined to overtax the capacity of his pockets. In the frock, however, The Sartorial Art Journal insists that the President looks his best, and it has obtained private information that his frock coats and dress clothes are always carefully fitted, while his sack suits are usually made without a "try on." While the President's tailor declares that he is a good dresser, who orders a new dress suit every year, there is a tone of disappointment in this article by a fashion expert. A man may have, like Dogberry, "two "gowns to his back and everything "handsome," it seems, and yet neglect his sartorial duties. Perhaps GEORGE WASHINGTON was a leader of the fashions in men's dress; his pictures bear out that idea. But we have had few Presidents since his time endowed by nature with the gift of wearing their clothes uncommonly well. Mr. ARTHUR may have been an exception, but, alas, he was stout. President WILSON has the gift, but he clearly does not covet the distinction of being a leader of fashion. It is a pleasure to be told on such high authority, however, that he could rival the fame of Beau Brummell if he cared to, as it fills out the ideal of an "all-around man."

THE HARVESTER PROSECUTION.

The Government is prosecuting the Harvester Trust, and there is no other complainant in court. In all other than trust prosecutions there is a plaintiff who asks redress for his damage or punishment of the wrongdoer. The prosecutor may be by an official, but the injured party is in evidence. In the trust prosecutions the injured party may or may not be a party to the proceeding. In the Oil and Tobacco cases there were plenty of plaintiffs, and the court found that there was conduct toward them deserving of punishment and that the law provided a remedy. But at St. Paul the Government alone is in court seeking punishment for wrongs done to the people collectively, there being no allegation of individual damage. The people are wronged, according to the brief of the prosecutor, because the organization and power of the trust are such that

if the International Harvester Company were disposed to exercise the power its enormous wealth gives, and if it were left unrestrained to do so, it could drive every competitor it has from the field.

This takes us back to the familiar Northern Securities case, in which it was held in principle that the possession of ability to restrain trade was restraint. The Harvester Trust does not deny this allegation, but pleads that it has done good rather than harm. Its brief asserts that none of the ordinary results of unlawful combination in restraint of trade have followed its organization—"no unreasonable prices; no reduction of wages; "no overcapitalization; no excessive "profits; no oppressive trade methods; no plant closed; no limitation "of production of raw materials; and "no deterioration of quality."

It is a pity that an issue like this is not tried before a jury on the facts instead of in court as matter of law. In these trust cases the procedure is to try the defendants by comparison with the law, and not on their conduct under the law. In the Northern Securities case there was no conduct of any sort. The combination was the crime. In the Harvester case there is the combination, plus a course of conduct through years. The Government now asks that the Harvester Trust shall be dissolved on the law in the Northern Securities case, although there is disproof of the allegation of wrongdoing. This does not rest on the language of the defendant. It has been declared after proof. In the same Missouri case in which a Judge used the language adopted in the Government's brief as quoted above, the same Judge said that he was "com-"pelled to impose sentence on a cor-"poration which, while technically in "error, had not wronged or harmed "the consumer, but, on the contrary, "had been of service to the con-"sumer."

The issue thus raised is whether there can be any good trust, or whether "every" combination in restraint of trade is bad. Admitting, for argument, the allegation of power to do wrong, is it possible to admit in justification good done through the possession of the power? The Harvester Trust claims that its resources enable it to build better machines than before it was formed, and to sell them throughout the world at a smaller advance of cost than its competitors. It has advanced wages 27 per cent., has paid 25 per cent. more for materials, and has raised prices 2 per cent. It has sold abroad $159,000,000 worth of goods, and has expended it in labor and materials in the United States, except its margin of profit, which is large in total but moderate in percentage. Now, is it unlawful to restrain trade in this way? Are the energy and efficiency which accumulate an alleged 80 or 90 per cent. of trade punishable for that fact, without regard to the manner in which it is done, and although there is proof of conduct conforming to the best trade standards? It would seem that the application of the light of reason would prevent an affirmative reply. If the light of reason has ceased to burn, or if it cannot be applied to such facts, then there is an end of big private business, and all operations on an American scale must be done by the Government or not at all.

The very great importance of the issue in this case makes it desirable that a determination should be had and promptly. For that reason alone it is well that the suit has been brought. It is well, too, that the Harvester Corporation has been chosen for the test, since in its case questions are raised that were not presented in the Oil and Tobacco cases.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Anonymity Hard to Preserve.

While it cannot be said that any considerable percentage of our population has yet come, or is soon likely to come, to regard $250,000 as a trivial amount of money, still we have all heard so often in recent years of much greater sums given for public purposes, educational, aesthetic, or charitable, that but little attention would be paid to Columbia's last acquired quarter million had it not been bestowed anonymously. That puts the element of the unusual into what would otherwise have been a familiar, almost commonplace, transaction, excites curiosity, inspires talk, and in the end will almost certainly bring to the donor more of fame than he or she would have won by following the ordinary and less modest course.

Cynics, it is to be feared, will find or make the peculiarity of this gift an excuse for questioning the sincerity of the giver's desire to remain unknown. Kindlier folk will content themselves with questioning the wisdom of even attempting to avoid well-earned recognition of a good deed done, partly because such recognition is beneficial to those from whom it comes, not less than to those who receive it, and partly because the permanent keeping of such a secret is practically impossible.

As much money as $250,000 can hardly be transferred from one hand to another without the knowledge of several people who are under no particular obligation to conceal its origin, and, even though they all kept faith, shrewd guesses could be made as to who, in close relations with them, first could, and second would, give away what is, in spite of our glib talk about millions, a great fortune in the eyes of ninety-nine people out of a hundred—no, of 999 out of every 1,000. The object for which the money is given is in itself indicative of a small group especially interested in that object, and of the group the larger number are sure to be known as unlikely, judging by the past, to hide their philanthropic lights under really impervious baskets.

The unconditional giving of money to wisely selected Trustees is of course the best giving, but it is not stated that this gift, though anonymous, is unconditioned. In fact, it is clearly intimated that such is not the case. What the conditions are must be known in time, and they, also, will be significant.

Some Truth, But Did He Say It?

If the present President of the Erie Railroad were a man of the fast-disappearing class that combine the conduct of large industrial and financial affairs with an energetic seeking—and finding—of assorted exhilarations and excitements, one could find an easy explanation for the remarks about Congressmen and Tammany Hall which Mr. UNDERWOOD made, or is said to have made, to a reporter out in Minneapolis this week. A more remarkable series of characterizations was probably never made, and the astonished reader of them is almost tempted to suspect that what the careless scribe took for Mr. UNDERWOOD'S own opinions of current events and personages in New York was really a misunderstood quotation by him of another Erie man—a man who flourished away back toward the picturesque and piratical middle of the last century and was quite capable of saying, as of doing—anything.

Not that all the words ascribed to Mr. UNDERWOOD wholly lacked contemporaneous as well as historic accuracy. Most of us, in moments of irritation, think of Congressmen in about the terms he used or is supposed to have used, and, to carefully chosen auditors, we sometimes do more than admit that not quite all of them are either intellectual giants or statesmen of genius. But we are rather cautious about public indulgence in wholesale denunciation and ridicule of the nation's lawmakers, especially if we happen to be in positions that expose us to the withholding of favors and to reprisals for attack.

No such caution marked Mr. UNDERWOOD'S alleged tribute to the Congressional mind and manner.

What most amazes one, however, is not what he said, or is said to have said, about the Congressmen, but what he said, or is said to have said, about Tammany Hall. Not a "cruel monster," as deluded Minnesotans hear, but "a benevolent and charitable organization," falsely charged with many things of which it is innocent, and doing only what "you or I" would do if we had the power! And the accusations against it are made only by the men—bad men, presumably—whom it has hurt in the exercise of its virtuous activities!

But there!—of course, Mr. UNDERWOOD, being sane, continuously, didn't utter any of these wild absurdities, or else he expected the reporter to put a "not" in every sentence. We will do it for him, in order that he may have no grievance against the press.

Black Hand Crimes Are Different.

"We hold no brief," as the saying goes, for Black Handers, but while they are none too good for committing such a crime as the murder of the woman over on East Forty-ninth Street, the probabilities that they did it are not great or numerous.

Black Handers kill on what they think fit occasion, and they do not draw the line at women or children. In their killings, however, they have a certain method—what might almost be called a certain fashion—and always they are practical and businesslike. By inveterate preference they give to their selected victims repeated warnings as to the unwisdom of refusing to pay blackmail. These warnings are of progressive emphasis, and only when considerations of immediate personal safety are involved do they invite the unpleasant consequences of taking life.

From the Black Hand point of view there seems to have been no utility in, and therefore no excuse for, the murder of the young Italian laborer's wife. That would be more likely to bring about the long-delayed revolt against extortion than to discourage refusals to hand over hard earnings. The fact that NOCERO had received threatening letters by no means proves that those threats were executed.

RECKLESS PEDESTRIANS

Have No Right to Walk or Play in Middle of Street.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice a letter in THE TIMES deploring street accidents. Unless you start with the assumption that pedestrians have all rights and vehicles have no rights on the streets, it seems to me that your suggestions as to a remedy are not well founded.

I venture the prediction that no amount of regulating of vehicles will help very much. I believe the remedy lies in regulating the pedestrian. Sidewalks are provided exclusively for pedestrians, and yet people seem to think that they have as much right in the middle of the street as a vehicle. Our laws should be changed so that people who venture upon roadways do so at their own risk except at crossings. In making this suggestion I am simply copying what has been found practical and necessary in many foreign cities.

It is a miracle that more people are not injured and killed every day. Every one seems to cross the street diagonally without looking and to walk out into the roadway where busy thoroughfares intersect, regardless of traffic policemen and without looking. Children roller skate and play their games in the street and pay little attention to the warning of the driver who seeks to pass.

To my mind it is only due to the marvelous skill of drivers in general that accidents are not a hundred times more numerous. Even a slow-moving vehicle can seriously injure or kill, and the greatest skill and care and the slowest speed will not prevent accidents under certain conditions.

I believe that human life can be conserved in our great city by the three following simple regulations:

Prohibit roller skating on the streets.
Prohibit games in the streets.
Except at crossings, pedestrians should venture upon the roadway only at their own risk.

In our congested districts I realize that the children must have playgrounds, and that people are too numerous to be confined to the narrow sidewalks. These conditions could be met by setting aside certain streets as playgrounds and for pedestrians and excluding vehicles, except those that have definite business there.

ORREL A. PARKER.
New York, Nov. 3, 1913.

DISPUTED ART WORKS.

Painter Welcomes Scientific Method of Detecting Impostures.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am profoundly interested in your article headed "Camera Detects Art Impostures." It is rare that pure science can authenticate or identify genius, but here is a case in which, to me, a painter, science can affirm the most conclusive authority. We who handle the brush all know how, without our own consciousness, identity is conveyed in a brush stroke. In spite of our voluntary effort, we cannot disguise it. Therefore this discovery of Dr. Laurie's in Edinburgh is one of deep interest, and should at once be used as a method of almost conclusive evidence in the judgment of all disputed works of art where the brush has been used.

We practitioners of the brush "feel" upon regarding the canvas of a master with whose works we are in any way familiar that the work is genuine or not. But the average expert, who has never handled a brush, smilingly refutes our conclusions and answers them with data gained from dubious sources, and the delightful story of Paul Bourget's "La Dame qui a perdu son Peintre" is re-enacted and our collectors are again fooled to the tune of endless thousands.

In the many copies I have made in the great galleries of Europe I have often had occasion to consider disputed authorities, and my conclusion has been that the practitioner is most to be relied on as to the genuineness of a work. Now, however, there appears on the horizon a scientific process, to which I pay all respect and hope that it may be speedily adopted generally, in spite of the London gentlemen "of Pall Mall and Bond Street," who are, after all, purely commercial dealers in art.

CARROLL BECKWITH.
New York, Oct. 24, 1913.

LAND NOT UNDERASSESSED.

Owners of Condemned Property Ask Many Times Real Value.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is an implication in your recent editorial article concerning condemnation that in certain cases of condemnation the property has been underassessed for taxation. The implication arises from the statement that "the owner of a plot wanted for park purposes asked four times the assessment." It is true that awards for land taken for public use are often excessive. The change in methods of condemnation, made possible by Constitutional Amendment No. 1, will do a great deal to bring awards closer to assessed values, for the Judge who will make the awards will also determine the value for taxation when he tries the issues raised by writs of certiorari.

The values to which experts for property owners testify are frequently very remarkable. Recently awards have been made by commissioners for land taken for the new Court House in Manhattan and for the new Court House in the Borough of Richmond. The following figures show the assessed valuation; the value placed on the property by the expert for the city, by the expert for the property owners and by the commissioners who made the award:

COURT HOUSE SITE—MANHATTAN.

1913 assessed valuation	$5,472,000.00
Owners' appraisement	9,905,889.00
City's appraisement, Ruland	5,591,439.00
City's appraisement, Brady	5,472,772.00
Final award, Record and Guide, July 5, 1913	6,243,668.35

(This includes extra award for trade fixtures.) Award is 14 per cent. higher than assessed value.

COURT HOUSE SITE—RICHMOND.

Property owners	$652,750.00
City expert	170,250.00
Award	213,480.00
Assessed value	177,500.00

Award is 20 per cent. higher than assessed value.

You will observe that the value that the experts for the city placed on the property is almost identical in each case with the assessed valuation, but the experts for the owners found a value almost twice as great in the case of the Manhattan Court House, and almost four times as great in the case of the Richmond Court House. The awards while higher than the assessed valuation do not differ by a very large percentage from the assessment.

LAWSON PURDY.
New York, Nov. 3, 1913.

MOTOR BUS DRIVERS

Often Find It Impossible to Stop at the Curb.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note in THE TIMES that complaint has been made to the Help-Your-City Complaint Bureau, established by the Bureau of Municipal Research, to the effect that our buses often stop nearer the middle of the street than the curb. This statement is doubtless well founded, and I am glad that it has thus been brought to the attention of the New York public.

The fact is that the drivers of our buses are instructed to stop at the curb, but in nine cases out of ten this is impossible owing to its occupation by other vehicles. Not only are our patrons put to inconvenience when a bus is compelled to stop in the middle of the street, but there is the further annoyance of checking the whole line of street traffic.

We are eager to correct this situation and are doing what we can to this end, but little can be done without hearty public support.

RICHARD W. MEADE,
President Fifth Avenue Coach Company.
New York, Nov. 3, 1913.

Forced School Promotions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If any doubt ever existed in the minds of any persons interested in school matters that notoriously forced promotions have been common in our schools that doubt may be removed by the words quoted from a letter written by a Superintendent on the death of a Principal, a most laudatory letter, indeed:

When pedagogy had become "soft," when interest, effort, and good intentions were accepted in the educational world for performance, when the cry went up from one end of the land to the other for more promotions, Mr. Carls stuck to his guns and maintained his standard, refusing to advance children who were unfit, even at the risk of being censured for too low a percentage of promotions.

Several queries arise naturally from this extract in memoriam, Who would or could have censured the late educator? How would a censure in this case be worded? Would it not be more honest to censure those who did promote unfit pupils? Should not something more than censure be the portion of those who did the promoting? Was the late deceased alone in having a standard? &c.

New York, Oct. 24, 1913. G.

Calls Mrs. Blatch Inconsistent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Inconsistency, thy name is woman! Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch wants the vote in order that she may work effectively for the short ballot, but she asks THE TIMES to do for electoral reform what it has done for tariff reform; in other words, educate the people as to what principles should be followed in consolidating some offices, and in changing elective to appointive positions.

It would seem to my poor feminine mind that if THE TIMES does this at the behest of Mrs. Blatch, and shoulders the work that will assure us the short ballot in 1915, this education will obviate the necessity for women's votes in the same way that other education has from time immemorial brought about other reforms, and without women's votes.

ELLA C. BREHAUT.
Washington, D. C., Nov. 3, 1913.

MEMORIES OF CHILDHOOD.

My memory loves to linger on the days
of long ago,
When I was just a little chap of seven
years or so;
There wasn't any woodshed, and there
were not any cows,
And no big and juicy apples hanging
down from laden boughs.
There wasn't any meadow, and there
wasn't any stream,
I don't recall an attic, never tasted
milk with cream.
Still, in spite of all that's lacking, I
can really, truly say
That my memory loves to linger on
that happy bygone day.

There wasn't any oaken bucket hanging in the well,
But the sundaes at the candy store
were really something swell!
I don't remember smelling any smell
of new-mown hay,
But the odors up the airshaft were different every day.
I never had to split the wood, or other
similar chores,
My principal hard labor was watching
baseball scores.
I didn't weed the garden, and I didn't
drive the mare,
But I did play penny ante and I learned
to smoke and swear.

There wasn't any mountain path for
me to toil and climb,
But when I got up those five flights
I knew it every time;
I didn't learn my lessons by the log
fire's ruddy blaze,
But simply pushed a button and
turned on the tungsten rays.
No charming valley met my gaze, no
woods and pastures new,
But with some kid I'd go to see "The
Follies," or "Revue."
There wasn't any spelling bee, no
General Store for Pa,
But I certainly enjoyed myself with
Movies-loving Ma.
And so, altho' the things worth while
in youth I missed, I know,
My memory loves to linger on those
days of long ago.

JOHN STANLEY CRANDELL.

COLORED FOLKS' LOT

Warrants Thanksgiving, and Dr. Washington Tells Why.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As Thanksgiving Day approaches it may not be inopportune to take stock of the advantages enjoyed by the colored people in the United States. We have here in the South, in the fifteen former slaveholding States, 20,844,000 white people and 9,000,000 colored people. Practically one-fourth of all the agricultural land in these States is in the hands of negroes, either as owners, renters, or croppers. In these States there are at least 200,000,000 acres of land still unoccupied and uncultivated. With few unimportant exceptions negroes can get hold of this land just as quickly and on as good terms as is true of white people. In fact, I have found that the average Southern white man who has land to sell prefers selling it to a colored man rather than to some European whose language and religion and customs are strange to the South.

One living outside the Southern States grows accustomed to hearing so much about friction between white people and black people in the South, hears so much about difficulties in the form of lynchings, mobs, &c., that he is likely to overlook or fail to investigate the advantages that the South possesses for the negro. We must remember that the Southern States cover a territory as large as Austria, France, Germany, Italy, and Spain. When we have, then, 29,844,000 white people and black people scattered over such a tremendous territory we are likely to have trouble now and again; in fact, the wonder is that we do not have more trouble rather than less.

There is likely to be friction, as is illustrated in the great territory of Mexico. If this is true when there is only one race covering the territory, it is more likely to be true when there are different races. But racial difficulties are growing fewer every year in the South, and a spirit of friendship and mutual recognition of the rights of each race is growing.

As for the advantages offered the negro in the South, in the opportunity presented for buying land, no racial line is drawn. Taking the cotton-growing States as a whole, land of good quality can be gotten on an average of $15 an acre. Land can be secured on almost any terms of payment that the negro wishes to purchase it on. There is a case here in Alabama, far from Tuskegee, where a white man owns 2,500 acres of land, and it is good land, that he is anxious to sell to some colored man. A man of the right stamp could get possession of the land for a small cash payment and would have six years in which to pay the whole amount. In this case, as in many others, the land contains one large house and a good many small ones, and the larger proportion of the land is ready for cultivation.

For years, especially in the cotton-growing section of the South, labor has sought the colored man rather than his having to seek labor. One almost never finds a colored man out of employment who cannot find a job even without looking for it. In certain sections of the South white landowners as well as colored landowners offer premiums to secure colored families to live on their land. Then the negro, almost by inheritance or instinct, understands how to grow and market cotton—something that requires years of training for one who has not been raised in a cotton-growing section to understand.

In the next place, the mule is a large factor in successful cotton growing. The negro, by instinct, understands the mule and can get more work out of a mule than is true of any white man.

After a close investigation I find that there are opportunities in various parts of the South where 3,000 additional grocery stores could be established by colored people.

There is a place for at least 700,000 independent, self-supporting negro farmers. When I was in the Far West recently nothing impressed me more than to note the large number of educated white men who were beginning life as farmers. Often they started in a little hut or "dugout," and suffered many privations, but they were sticking to it. These are the people who in the future make the great kings of industry.

We need 2,000 additional dry goods stores, and 1,500 shoe stores. Our race needs 1,000 more good restaurants and hotels. There are opportunities for starting 1,500 millinery stores.

We already have over 350 drug stores, but 1,000 more could be started and would be sustained.

One thousand brickyards could be started by colored people. No white man draws the color line on bricks.

We already have over sixty negro banks, but 150 additional banks should be organized. In cities like Baltimore, Washington, Memphis, New Orleans, Atlanta, Charleston, Savannah, and Mobile three or four banks properly organized and conducted can well be supported.

I invite all colored people who are so unfortunate as to be leading an uncertain and unsuccessful life in any Northern city to come to the South, go into the rural districts, and start life at the bottom on the soil, and thus grow into a position of independence, prosperity, and usefulness.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, Nov. 2, 1913.

COMMENT FROM AFAR.

Views of an American Abroad on Sulzer and Mexico.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can it be possible that some of our politicians—and I do not mean the President himself—would welcome a war with Mexico, in order to obliterate all criticisms of their mistakes in the management of internal affairs and the platform declaration against a second term? I can see no reasonable explanation of the failure to recognize the existing Government in Mexico, which alone is able, if not interfered with, to restore order. The idea of joint action on the part of the United States and the great powers of Europe might pave the way for European influences in respect to the guarantee of neutrality of the Panama Canal. Its free use is of vital importance to all maritime powers. Not until it is in full operation can any Government estimate the extent to which its commerce and sea power are to be affected. If we call in Europe against Mexico can we easily refuse Europe's invitation to international conference in regard to the free use of the international canal?

Do you not think that Sulzer's impeachment and conviction demonstrate the value of the campaign publicity law and prove that Section 55 of the original statute is sufficient and the best possible provision for its enforcement? The summary inquest therein provided for may be had upon the petition of a candidate or any five qualified voters or District Attorney or Attorney General, or some person designated by either or by the court or Justice holding the inquest, the courts being ordered to compel the production of all books and papers—a much more direct and effective process than that of impeachment, which is subject to political influences.

AMERICAN SOJOURNER.
Paris, France, Oct. 23, 1913.

INCOME TAX RULING ON INTEREST NOTES

Treasury Explains Collection of Levy on Such When Sold or Discounted.

DEBTOR TO DEDUCT TAX

If Note Exceeds $3,000 or $4,000, Unless Exemption Is Claimed—Transaction Cited to Illustrate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Treasury Department forwarded to-day to all collectors of internal revenue the text of a decision regarding the payment of the income tax on notes given for interest, rents, and like purposes. This decision explains how the tax must be collected when such notes, before their maturity, shall have been sold by the payee or recipient, or shall have been discounted with the banks. Here is the text of the decision:

"When a note shall have been given in payment of interest, rents, or other income accruing after March 1, 1913, and said note matures on or after Nov. 1, 1913, the maker of the note, as the 'debtor,' and as the 'source' where the income originates, is required, in paying such note, to withhold the normal tax of 1 per cent. on the entire amount of the note, if said note is in excess of $3,000, unless a claim shall be made for exemption of $3,000 or $4,000 (as the case may be) under the provisions of Paragraph C, Section 2, of the act; and if such claim for exemption shall be made, then the said tax shall be withheld only on the amount of said note in excess of the exemption claimed in said certificate.

"If any person who has purchased or discounted any of said notes may have omitted, in acquiring them from previous holder, to make a deduction or allowance for said tax, such purchaser can only look for relief to the person from whom he shall have got the notes, and the 'debtor,' the maker of said notes, will be held liable for and be required to deduct, withhold, and pay to the Collector of Internal Revenue the amount of the normal tax of 1 per cent. which may be due thereon under the law and these regulations.

"To illustrate: A (unmarried, and who does not claim the $3,000 exemption provided in Paragraph C of Section 2 of the income tax law) borrows on May 1, 1912, $120,000 from B at 6 per cent. per annum interest on two years' time, and gives B his bond for $120,000 for the principal and four $3,600 notes, each representing six months' interest for the maturing interest payable May 1 and Nov. 1 each year. On Oct. 1, 1913, B takes A's interest note for $3,600, due Nov. 1, 1913, (which bears no mark to indicate that it represents interest) to the Richmond National Bank; the bank is notified that the note represents interest, but being satisfied that A, the maker of the note, is good without additional indorsement, discounts the note for B at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, and pays to B the proceeds, $3,582.

"On Nov. 1, 1913, the note matures and the bank calls on A, the maker, to pay the note. A offers the bank $3,564, which is equal to $3,600 less the 1 per cent. tax of $36, informing the bank that the note represents interest which he owes and that under the Federal income tax law, he is required to deduct this tax from the face of the note in making payment.

"The bank claims it was notified that the note represented interest and, therefore, subject to this tax; but A is, nevertheless, required under the law to withhold the tax.

"If A, under his contract with B, had agreed to pay the interest without deduction for any income tax which might be imposed by the Government, he would, of course, after deducting the 1 per cent. tax for the Government, pay the bank, as holder of the note, the full amount of $3,600. But if the contract between A and B did not provide that A would pay the full interest without deducting such income tax as the Government might impose, and if the bank should, therefore, desire to reimburse itself for the amount of the tax thus deducted by A, the bank can look only to B, for whom it discounted the note, and the question as to whether the $36 deduction should be born by B or the bank is a question which must be settled mutually between the bank and B."

NEW EMBASSY FOR RUSSIA.

Pullman House in Washington Bought for $375,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Russian Government has at last become the owner of the Pullman house on Sixteenth Street, near Scott Circle, which will be the Czar's future embassy, the purchase only waiting to be formally recorded in St. Petersburg. The negotiations were practically completed a week ago.

The house is one of the finest in Washington, and, like the British and Italian Embassies, is in the centre of Washington's best resident district, not on the outskirts of the city, where France and Germany propose having their permanent embassies. The house was built by Mrs. George M. Pullman of Chicago, for entertaining, nearly two years ago, but was never occupied, and a year ago was offered for sale.

The Russian Ambassador offered to buy the property at the reported price of $350,000, but Mrs. Pullman decided not to sell unless

PRESIDENT TELLS THE WEDDING PLANS

Miss Jessie Wilson's Sister Margaret to be Maid of Honor at Marriage to F. B. Sayre.

ELEANOR TO BE BRIDESMAID

Others Are Misses White, Scott, and Brown—Dr. Grenfell Best Man —Rev. S. W. Beach to Officiate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 4.—President and Mrs. Wilson this afternoon issued their first statement concerning the forthcoming marriage of their daughter, Miss Jessie Wilson, and Francis B. Sayre, since the wedding day was given out. The statement follows:

"The wedding will take place in the East Room at 4:30 o'clock on Tuesday, Nov. 25.

"Miss Margaret Wilson is to be her sister's maid of honor. The bridesmaids are to be Miss Eleanor R. Wilson, Miss Mary G. White of Baltimore, a college friend of Miss Jessie Wilson; Miss Adeline Mitchell Scott, the daughter of Prof. William B. Scott of Princeton; Miss Marjorie Brown, a daughter of Mrs. Wilson's cousin, Col. E. T. Brown of Atlanta, Ga.

"Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell, with whom Mr. Sayre worked in Labrador, is to be the best man.

"The ushers are to be Mr. Benjamin B. Burton of New York City, who graduated in 1912 from Williams College; Dr. Scovill Clark of Salem, Mass., whom Mr. Sayre knew in Labrador and with whom he trailed Northern Newfoundland; Dr. Gilbert Morx of Montchair, N. J., who was a classmate at Williams College in 1900 and is now at the Johns Hopkins Medical School, and Mr. Charles E. Hughes, Jr., a son of Justice Hughes of the Supreme Court and a mate of Mr. Sayre at the Harvard Law School.

"The Rev. Sylvester W. Beach, the President's pastor at Princeton, N. J., is to perform the ceremony."

A copy of the invitation is enclosed with the White House statement. This is on the regulation card, but embossed by the seal of the United Stats, and reads:

The President and Mrs. Wilson
Request the pleasure of the presence of

at the marriage of their daughter, Jessie Woodrow, to Mr. Francis Bowes Sayre, on Tuesday, November the twenty-fifth, Nineteen hundred and thirteen, at half after four o'clock at the White House, Washington, D. C.

Small cards with the name of each guest will be inclosed in the invitation for presentation at the White House on Nov. 25.

MISS LOGAN'S WEDDING.

Attendants for Her Marriage to Dewees W. Dilworth on Nov. 25.

Miss Edith Logan, younger daughter of Mrs. John A. Logan, who on Nov. 25 will become the bride of Dewees W. Dilworth, has completed the details for the wedding. Miss Logan will have her elder sister, Mme. de Sincay, as matron of honor, and her bridesmaids are to be the Misses Audrey Osborne, Voulett Proctor, Mercedes de Acosta and Eleanor Lamson.

Mr. Dilworth will have William de Forest Manice as his best man, and the ushers selected are Seth B. French, Morgan J. O'Brien, Jr., Arthur Gardner, J. Macy Willetts, Henry Sproul, Lawrence C. Beggs, Robert S. Patten, Gordon L. Rand, S. Bayard Rives, Sellars McKee, Rufus S. Tucker, and Joseph Dilworth, a cousin.

The ceremony will take place at 4 o'clock in St. Thomas's Church, and will be followed by a reception at the residence of the bride's mother, 17 West Fifty-sixth Street.

John A. Logan, the brother of the bride, who was married some time ago, and is now in Europe, is expected to return in time to give his sister in marriage.

Miss Toch to Wed Dr. M. L. Pinco.

Mr. and Mrs. Maximilian Toch of 329 West Eighty-sixth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elaine Toch, to Dr. M. L. Pinco of New York.

RIGHTMIRE—LIPPINCOTT.

The marriage of Miss Eleanor Myer Lippincott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Henry Lippincott, to Fred R. Rightmire took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, 17 East Eighty-seventh Street. The Rev. Dr. J. B. Remensnyder officiated. Owing to mourning the wedding was quiet. Mr. and Mrs. Rightmire have gone South on their honeymoon, and will reside in this city on their return.

Rev. Irvine at Hammerstein's Soon.

The Rev. Alexander Irvine, former Sunday night preacher at the Fifth Avenue Church of the Ascension, who was removed because of his radical sermons and his preaching on socialistic subjects, and took up acting, will appear at Hammerstein's commencing Monday, Nov. 17. The Rev. Mr. Irvine will play in "The Rector of St. Jude's," a sketch he wrote himself and which is based on the incident which caused him to leave the Church of the Ascension.

Franz Egenieff, Baritone, Ill.

Franz Egenieff, the German baritone, who was to have made his American début in Boston Monday and to have appeared at Aeolian Hall here on the afternoon of Nov. 15, is ill and his engagements have been postponed. His managers say there is every indication he will have recovered at the end of three weeks, and that he will probably make his apearance here toward the end of this month.

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If not, we invite you to try, entirely at our risk, the new and remarkable sound-regulating Acousticon which you can instantly adjust to suit any degree of sound from the loudest to the softest. SIX different adjustments are now possible on this, the original and most powerful of all hearing aids, and enable you to hear at home, in the office, the church or the theatre. This SIX-TONE adjustment marks the most useful and wonderful improvement science and genius ever devised to aid hearing. Over 100,000 satisfied users

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MME. CARRENO'S RECITAL.

Unfamiliar Qualities of Her Piano Playing in Carnegie Hall.

There are few pianists who are better known in New York than Mme. Teresa Carreño, or who have oftener played here. Her return to this country after several seasons' absence was signalized last week at the first of the Philharmonic Society's concerts, when she appeared for the first time playing Tschaikowsky's B flat minor concerto. Yesterday afternoon she gave her first recital in Carnegie Hall, where a large audience heard her.

Mme. Carreño's playing on this occasion was curiously at variance with the style and manner of her musicianship, that are impressed on the memories of her older admirers. She has been a kindling flame, an aggressive and intense musical personality, the exponent of a muscular and fiery temperament. She has been referred to as an Amazon, at times, and at other times as a Valkyrior.

The recent performance with the orchestra had many of her old-time qualities. Few of them were recognizable in this recital. She seemed strangely subdued, interspective, caressing the piano, seldom smiting it, or even obtaining from it its full volume of tone. There was little dash or brilliancy in her playing, little compelling power; there were grace and charm. But sometimes the scale of her performance seemed too small for the place and the surroundings, and hardly carried through. Mme. Carreño's tone seemed now and again to lack breadth, roundness and carrying power, as well as beauty and variety of color.

She was at her best in the Chromatic Fantaisie and Fugue by Bach, with which she began, and in which there were breadth, romantic feeling, and something of the imposing grandeur and broad sweep of the composition, though even here its scale was not drawn large. The figure, begun at a broad tempo, was gradually accelerated, whereby it lost something in repose. Her performance of Beethoven's sonata in C sharp minor, Op. 27, No. 2, seemed to tend toward grace and amiability rather than deep feeling in the first movement and passion in the last.

Her programme further contained a group of pieces by Chopin, Brahms's variations and Fugue on a theme by Handel, and shorter compositions by Schubert and MacDowell. Her Chopin could hardly be called an exposition of the "greater Chopin," especially the "Fantaisie Impromptu," Op. 66, which needs a more vibrant passion; the Nocturne in B, Op. 9, was played in an agreeable manner; but where were the scintillation and the rhythmic tonalization of the A flat waltz? Mme. Carreño's listeners were loyal and friendly in their greeting and it was evident that while they may have missed some of the familiar qualities that have in previous years made her playing individual and distinctive, they found much in her playing to give pleasure and artistic enjoyment.

MARGARET WILSON SINGS.

President's Daughter Warmly Greeted at Philadelphia Concert.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 4.—Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, sang in the grand ballroom of the Bellevue-Stratford to-night, and her audience was one that taxed the capacity of the room. The occasion was a concert given by the Northern Liberty Aid Society, an organization of socially prominent women who are interested in the welfare of working girls. Its purpose was to obtain funds with which to build a home for the girls working in the factories of Kensington. Miss Wilson gave her services free.

The President's daughter was in good voice, and she sang with confidence. Her first appearance on the programme was unfortunate in that she followed Lambert Murphy, a tenor of the Metropolitan forces, who was undeniably the artist of the evening.

Her first rendition was the aria, "Connais tu le pays," from "Mignon." It was enthusiastically encored. Miss Wilson, all smiles—and when Miss Wilson smiles, it is impossible to mistake her for other than her father's daughter—responded to the insistent applause with the old English song, "My Lovely Celia."

Later in the programme she sang Schubert's "Ave Maria" and Schumann's "Widmung." These were encored, and Miss Wilson was presented with a great bouquet of American Beauties. She seemed a trifle embarrassed with the flowers. She smiled and smiled and bowed and bowed.

Finally she was forced by the continued applause to give another number. She chose Thayer's "My Laddie." She sang it with good effect, handling the Scotch dialect well.

Miss Wilson has good stage presence. She wore a gown of white charmeuse. Its sleeves were of the flowing butterfly type of spangled net. Her gown was cut on decidedly classic lines.

Robert Armbruster was the piano soloist of the concert. Mrs. William Boswell Mount accompanied Mr. Murphy; Miss Marion David accompanied Miss Wilson.

SIMPLE AND CHILDLIKE.

"Miss Phoenix" at the Harris Does Not Provide Anything Fresh in Farce

MISS PHOENIX, a farce in three acts, by Albert Lee. At the Harris Theatre.

Harry Townsend	Robert Mackay
Tomi	T. Tamamoto
Tolcott	W. L. Romaine
Laura Leslie	Maud Knowlton
Fireman	A. B. Hanley
Gertrude	Jean Murdock
Dr. Sterling	Henry Mortimer
Jack Grey	Conway Tearle
Colonel Krausby	Ben Hendricks
Nellie	Leonore Phelps
Phyllis	Jane Morrow
Timothy Pitkin	Ivan Simpson
Penelope Wiggins	Pauline Rona

A simple, childlike play is "Miss Phoenix," produced at the Harris Theatre and credited to Albert Lee. It begins with a far-fetched premise which is not amusing enough to provide its own excuse, and after a dull first act, develops a familiar farcical complication in which husband and wife are temporarily estranged. The wife, as is usual in this style of play, must do a lot of lying to keep things going, and when her falsehoods are discovered finds herself in a position where she can retaliate on her husband. In the last act everything is happily explained and peace reigns once more.

Such enjoyment as is afforded by "Miss Phoenix" comes chiefly from the two girlish qualities in Miss Murdoch's acting. Ivan Simpson plays a thankless rôle neatly and the others are about on a par with the material provided.

Cyril Keightley Here to Stage Play.

Cyril Keightley, the English actor, arrived yesterday on the Minnehaha from London to produce a new play for Cosmo Hamilton entitled "The Duke's Son." He could not give any particulars regarding the play, he said, until he had seen Mr. Hamilton. The actor booked his passage on the steamer at the last moment.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Three Liners—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

LUSITANIA (Liverpool).—H. G. Atrowsmith, George Arthurs, Mr. and Mrs. Wilkie Bard, L. Baruch, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Chipman, Arthur B. Claffin, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Currie, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Doyce, Capt. C. P. R. Dugmore, Sir Stephen Furness, Cecil A. Grenfell, Mrs. Le Roy King, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Lehman, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Lindley, Sir Alfred Mond Bart, M. P.; Thomas M. Osborne, Capt. A. E. Parker, Frances Skinner, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. B. E. Sprague, Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Watson, Capt. James B. Watt, W. Wallace Weir, Jr., Cornell.

LORRAINE (Havre).—Miss S. C. Bennett, Miss A. C. Bliss, Mrs. E. Seymour Gunther, Mrs. W. G. Hale, Miss Virginia Hale, Miss Dorothea King, Rear Admiral J. Swinburne.

ZEELAND (Antwerp).—Dr. J. E. Buckley, Theodore E. Dwight, Rev. B. Lebut, Mrs. I. Yates.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

MINNEHAHA (London)—Mrs. L. S. Andrews, C. Battersley, Mrs. H. E. H. Brereton, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Clark, Mrs. W. H. Fearing, Miss M. Fisher, H. A. Ford, W. A. Lang, Cyril Keightley, Mrs. W. R. H. Martin, H. J. Palmer, Dr. and Mrs. F. G. Pratt, B. H. Vincent, Dr. E. L. Woods, U. S. N., and Mrs. Woods.

NOORDAM (Rotterdam)—Miss H. E. Clark, Mrs. F. N. Gifford, S. Listoe, United States Consul General of Rotterdam; Capt. P. Nyssens, Belgian Army; Mr. and Mrs. Pennington Whitehead, A. J. Robie, Mrs. Lewis Stewart, Miss F. L. Stewart, J. C. Watson, and W. F. Smith.

LARGER WORK NOW FOR THE DEFORMED

Cornerstone Laid for New Dispensary for Hospital for Joint Diseases.

PRAISE FOR DR. FRAUENTHAL

Adolph Lewisohn, Dr. Jacobi, and Dr. Sayre Among Speakers — $50,000 More Needed.

The cornerstone of the new dispensary of the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases was laid with appropriate ceremonies at 41 and 43 East 123d Street yesterday afternoon. Adolph Lewisohn, one of the stanchest friends of the institution, which in nine years has grown to be one of the largest hospitals of its kind in the country, figuratively put the stone in place. Emanuel M. Gattle, President of the Board of Directors of the hospital, was the master of ceremonies, and the speakers were Dr. Abraham Jacobi, United States District Judge Julius M. Mayer, Dr. Reginald H. Sayre, Felix M. Warburg, and Mr. Lewisohn.

Among the recipients of congratulations of the large audience that witnessed the ceremony were Dr. Henry W. Frauenthal, the founder of the hospital, and his brother, Dr. Herman C. Frauenthal, who has been his chief assistant in the creation of the hospital, which in the present year has treated more than 40,000 cases of deformities and joint diseases.

The ceremonies began at 3 o'clock with music by the boys' band from the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, after which Mr. Gattle made a short speech, in which he told of the wonderful growth of the hospital and of the devotion to its work of Dr. Frauenthal, his brother, and other friends, both medical and lay. He said that the new six-story dispensary building, the cornerstone of which was about to be placed in position, had long been a crying need of the hospital, and said that $50,000 more would be needed before the dispensary as planned would be equipped. Likewise $10,000 annually would be needed for the maintenance of the chemical and pathological laboratories.

Dr. Jacobi paid a tribute to the memory of the late Dr. Sayre, the pioneer in orthopedic surgery in this country, and added anothre to Dr. Frauenthal, who was a student under Dr. Sayre. Dr. Jacobi said that the public at large was the audience to appeal when help was needed, and that once the public understood that the cause was a deserving and proper one its response would always be generous.

Mr. Warburg pointed out that only within the last few years had it become generally known how much could be done for the relief from suffering of those who suffer from diseases that this hospital treated. Not only was the hospital making good citizens out of those poor little unfortunates, but it was also making them happy and contented beings, able to hold their own in the work of life.

"The money that is being spent for the relief of these little ones," he said, "is money well spent, and my earnest hope is that no trouble will be encountered in the raising of the money that is still needed to complete the work in hand. I am sure that you will get the money."

Judge Mayer spoke next. He, too, paid a tribute to the work of Dr. Frauenthal and those who aided him in carrying it on.

"The work of the hospital itself," said Judge Mayer, "indicates the need of just such an institution, which work is the alleviation of suffering and the turning into good and happy citizens of thousands of deformed and otherwise unhappy children."

In the copper box that was placed within the cornerstore were the various annual reports of the Board of Directors, copies of the New York papers of yesterday's date, and other data commemorative of the event. As Mr. Lewisohn placed the box in position the band played "The Star Spangled Banner," and the big crowd, rising, stood bareheaded until Mr. Lewisohn's task was completed.

It was on Sept. 7, 1904, that Dr. Henry W. Frauenthal, aided by the financial support of several friends and the assistance of his brother, Dr. Herman C. Frauenthal, founded the Frauenthal Clinic at 558 Lexington Avenue.

About one year later sufficient funds had been raised and 1,917 Madison Avenue was purchased. In 1905, the charter for the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases was granted by the State Board of Charities, and on Nov. 4, 1906, it was opened with appropriate ceremonies.

After six months the Directors found the demand for clinical attention and the request for beds so great that they raised sufficient funds to buy 1,919 Madison Avenue and remodeled the building.

Although pressed for funds to meet the current expenses, the rapidly increasing attendance at the clinic made the purchase of additional space necessary, and after funds were raised, 1,915 Madison Avenue was bought in April, 1910, after which 1,915, 1,917, and 1,919 Madison Avenue were converted from high-stoop houses. But within another year the board realized that funds must again be raised to furnish proper accommodations, for dispensary attendance, and funds were obtained toward the purchase and erection of this new dispensary on Lots 41 and 43 East 123d Street.

'THE TONGUES OF MEN' NEXT

Henrietta Crosman at Harris Theatre, Following "Miss Phoenix."

"Miss Phoenix," the play which came to the Harris Theatre last Monday night, is to end its run next Saturday night, and on Monday Henrietta Crosman will open her New York engagement at that theatre in "The Tongues of Men," a new play by Edward Childs Carpenter.

"The Tongues of Men" is a play into which the atmosphere of grand opera has been injected, and the characters represent great singers and musicians. Miss Crosman will play the rôle of a famous prima donna.

In the supporting company will be Frank Gillmore, Frederick Truesdall, Sheridan Block, Macy Harlam, Albert Reed, Homer Granville, Deride Doyle, Gladys Alexandria, Natalie Perry, Florence Fontayne, and Katherine Presby.

Son to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harper.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 4.—Friends here have been notified that a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harper of 200 Lorraine Avenue, at Toronto, Can., on Oct. 17. Mr. Harper is private secretary to Ex-President Roosevelt, and is with Col. Roosevelt on his trip in South America. Mrs. Harper will remain at Toronto for some time.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The benefit performance in Los Angeles arranged by Oliver Morosco and Julian Eltinge for the members of the stranded "Enchantress" company netted $1,500. Kitty Gordon herself has become a Morosco star, and will play in the West for the present in "Alma" with several members of her late company. Later in the season Morosco will present Miss Gordon in New York in a new musical comedy.

Subscription lists are to be started next week, under the direction of Olga Nethersole, for the building fund of the proposed Feminist Theatre.

Richard Carle and Hattie Williams in "The Doll Girl" will move from the Globe Theatre to the Grand Opera House next Monday.

A large party of Indiana Society members will occupy boxes at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre to-morrow night as a compliment to Theresa Maxwell-Conover, who plays the part of Mrs. Garland in "To-day." Mrs. Conover is an enthusiastic Indianian. The party will dine first at the Knickerbocker.

The Catholic Protectory Band of fifty musicians will parade down Broadway to-night in honor of Rube Marquard and attend the performance at the Palace Theatre, where Marquard and his wife, Blossom Seeley, are appearing this week. To-night is to be baseball writers' night at the Palace.

Under the auspices of the Sociological Fund of The Medical Review of Reviews, Mme. Harriet Labadie will give this evening, at the Berkeley Theatre, "The Three Daughters of Monsieur Dupont" by Brieux. In this presentation Mme. Labadie will be called on to impersonate fourteen characters. To-morrow night Mme. Labadie will present Percy Mackaye's eugenic play, "To-morrow," under the auspices of the American Playgoers.

"LUCIA" SUNG AT CENTURY.

A Praiseworthy Performance, with Edith Helena in Title Role.

The Century Opera Company began a week's presentation of Donizetti's "Lucia di Lammermoor," with a special matinée yesterday afternoon. Edith Helena appeared in the title rôle, with Walter Wheatley as Lord Edgar and Louis Kreidler as Sir Henry Ashton. There were large audiences both afternoon and evening.

It was a praiseworthy performance that the well-worn opera received, though not one where individual brilliance on the part of the artists stood out. Nowadays "Lucia" is oftenest regarded as a display piece for a few singers, notably the one who sings the title part, so that its performance at a house where the "star" system is not in vogue, and where an English libretto exposes mercitessly some of the old-school artificiality that a foreign tongue has concealed, is a performance with an interesting difference.

Miss Helena's singing just failed of being brilliant. In the beginning a tremolo marred its fullest effectiveness, but this wore off after the first act and her work took on power. Her high notes were of very good quality and her execution of the florid singing that the part calls for was capable. She has an ease of manner and a histrionic sense that stands her in good stead. Walter Wheatley did some of the best singing he has yet shown in the part of Edgar and held his audience through the not too interesting last act, which is almost a tenor solo. Louis Kreidler as Sir Henry Ashton added another to the list of good performances he has put to his credit at the Century.

At the evening performance Domenico Russo, tenor, made his first appearance with the company in the rôle of Edgar. His voice is of fair quality, but his principal merit was on the histrionic side. He acted with a fervor that was not overdrawn and made Lord Edgar a much more human character than he has sometimes been revealed. Edith Helena sang Lucia again in the evening with no evidence of fatigue, and Thomas Chalmers was the Sir Henry.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Kathryn Underhill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey I. Underhill of East Orange, N. J., to Eugene V. Connett, 3d, is to take place this afternoon in the Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange.

Mrs. Thomas H. Howard is giving a dinner on Dec. 27 at Sherry's for her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Howard, taking her guests to the first Metropolitan dance afterward.

Mrs. Charles Waldo Haskins is to give a reception on Dec. 11 at her home, 56 East Seventy-second Street, to introduce her daughter, Miss Noeline Haskins.

Mrs. Levi C. Weir gave a dinner last night at the Plaza for Miss E. Louise Vanderbilt, whose marriage to Henry S. Manning, Jr., is to be celebrated on Nov. 12.

Mrs. Jules Vatable is sailing for Europe to-morrow on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

Prince and Princess Karageorgevitch are arriving on the Olympic and will be at the Ritz-Carlton for an indefinite period.

Dr. and Mrs. A. Ernest Gallant have taken apartments at the Hotel Savoy, where they will be for the Winter.

Judge John Clinton Gray and Mrs. Gray, who recently returned from abroad, are at the St. Regis to remain until Jan. 24, when they are booked to sail for Europe, to remain a year.

Mrs. John Harper Poor and Mrs. Robert Appleton will be among those receiving this afternoon at the dancing tea in the Plaza ballroom, from 4 until 7. The second tea will be on Saturday.

Mrs. Ten Eyck Wendell of Washington, D. C., is at the Gotham for a few days.

WEEK'S BILLS IN THEATRES.

In the theatres where the bills are changed weekly the following are the attractions this week: "The Five Frankforters" are at the West End. "The Escape" is being given by the stock company at the Academy of Music. "Davy's Melody" by Edgar Selwyn is at the Bronx Opera House, the stock company at Keith's Harlem Opera House is appearing in "The Dictator," "Years of Discretion" is at the Grand Opera House, "Bought and Paid For" is at the Royal Theatre, "Davy's Melody" is at the Prospect Theatre, "The Fatal Wedding" is the offering of the stock company at the Murray Hill Theatre, "Kassy" is at Cecil Spooner's Theatre, "Kasernenluft" is at the Irving Place German Theatre, "Beauty, Youth, and Folly" is at Miner's People's Theatre, "The Girl Next Door" is at the Columbia, Molly Williams and her burlesquers are at the Murray Hill, and the "Roseland Girls" are at Miner's Bronx Theatre.

Hammerstein is offering a circus side show feature in Mlle. Gabriel, who is only half a woman, as the topliner at the Victoria this week, and Loney Haskell is introducing the legless wonder to the audiences. Other acts on the bill are Joseph Hart's Chinese Fantasy, "Chop Suey," with Harry Kelly and Lee Harrison, Laddie Cliff, Charles Vance, delineator of negro melodies; Arthur Beagnon, Frank Hale and Sigma Patterson, Fantoma, Esquivo, Melville and Higgins, Herbert Ashley and William Canfield, Violinsky, Saunders and Cameron, the Great Mardo, Terry and Frank, Paulette, and "When Women Rule."

Olga Nethersole is the chief feature at the Colonial Theatre this week. Yesterday she played the third act of "Sapho," which will be repeated to-day and to-morrow, and for the balance of the week Miss Nethersole will be seen for the first time in New York in "The Last Scene of the Play," dramatized by H. Revers Leigh from Mrs. W. K. Clifford's story. The remainder of the programme includes Gertrude Vanderbilt and George Moore, Jr., and Irish Wakefield, Madden and Fitzpatrick in "The Wanderer," Howard and Ratliff, Gordon and Rica, Lockett and Waldron, Moran and Wiser, and Clark and Verdi.

At Keith's Alhambra Theatre Marie Dressler is the feature attraction. Others include Paul Morton and Naomi Glass playing "My Lady of the Bungalow," Trovato, Fisher and Green in "The Partners," Imhoff, Conn, and Coreene in "Sousa's Louder, U. S. A.", Edwin Georgie, Clara Ballerini, Williams and Segal, and Will and Kemp.

Gus Edwards's Song Revue tops the bill at Keith's Bronx Theatre this week. Others are Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Barry in "The Rube," Dainty Marie, Berton Churchill and company in "There Were Actors Then," James H. Cullen, "The Man from the West"; Mary Elizabeth, Martinetti and Sylvester, "The Boys with the Chairs"; Friend and Lesser as "The Butler and the Maid," and the Peers.

In addition to Minnie Dupree at Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre this week are Jack Wilson, Creighton brothers and Belmont, "The Mudtown Minstrels," Allan Dinehart and Ann Heritage, Dolly Connolly and Percy Wenrich, Leo Zarrell, Bison City Four, four Merkle sisters, contortionists; Ernie and Ernie in "The Monopede and the German Girl," and Archie Onri and Dolly.

Jim Corbett heads the bill the entire week at Marcus Loew's American Theatre and roof. Other acts for the first half of the week the "Dr. Brown," James Grady in the "Old Toll Gate," the Spanish Goldinis, Helen Payne and May Francis, Melville and Cogan, Marie Olcott, and Dunbar and addition acts. Corbett on the bill for the last half of the week will be Charles Gilmore and Gertie Moyer, Frank Rae and company, Alvin and Kenny, George Murphy, Florence Tripp and Mable Rose, Lura Hamilton and other acts.

Keith's Palace Theatre offers a bill this week headed by Valeska Suratt in "Black Crepe and Diamonds." Others on the programme are Rube Marquard and Blossom Seeley in "The Suffragette Pitcher," with music and lyrics by Thomas J. Gray and music by Raymond Walker, Joseph Jefferson, assisted by Blanche Bender and company, presents "Poor Old Jim"; Gertrude Barnes; Yvette; Volant and his flying piano; Franker Wood and Bunee Wyde in "Good Night"; Ed. Vinton, with Buster, a dog comedian and mimic; Carl and Lotty, and new Pathe weekly pictures.

"The Purple Lady" is on the bill at the Union Square Theatre this week, and other features are Margaret Duffy and company in "A Big Surprise," Harry Tate in "Motoring," Mr. Macauley and company in "The Girl from Childs," Manuel Romain and Charles Orr, Frank Gordon and Rose Kinley in "In Toyland," The Glockers, and Nadell and King as "The Hebrew and the Tout."

At Proctor's 125th Street Theatre the first half of the week the bill is headed by Jesse Lasky's "The Girl in the Barracks." Others are Claire Vincent and company in "The Pool," Kinzo, Mabel Ketteyx, Irene Hobson and company in "A Business Proposal," Ward and West, Letford and Symonds, Chappelle and Morse, Grisslno, Rice and Harris, Reddington and Brandt, and black and white photo plays.

"The Purple Widow," a musical comedy, heads the bill at Proctor's Fifty-eighth Street Theatre the first half of the week. Others are Chint Tenderhoa, Kershaw and Ivins, Allen and Dalton, Reded and Hilton, Elliott, Belmont, and Elliott, and black and white photo plays, which are changed daily.

Heading the bill at Proctor's Twenty-third Street Theatre are Al Von Tilzer's "Honey Girls." Other acts are Marion and Moore, Joe Kendall, Wheat and Alwin, Brown and Williams, the Petite Family, and black and white photo plays, which are changed daily.

A special performance will be given by Dunninger, the "Man of Mystery," in an entirely new act at the Eden Musee this afternoon and continuing during the week. The World in Wax, the cinematograph de luxe every hour, and the band concerts continue.

SEEKS COAT OF ARMS LOST IN BIG HOTEL

MacSweeney, the Great Detective, Looks Industriously for a Missing Garment.

HE SUSPECTS THE MAID

Applies His Celebrated Methods of Deduction Until the Clerk Sets Him Straight.

That Sylvester MacSweeney did not get to the polling booth to cast his vote yesterday was a source of wonder to his friends, who know that the famous detecive of the Hotel Terminus prides himself upon not neglecting his duties as a citizen. Several of his intimates had been told that Mr. MacSweeney would "get around" during the afternoon, as he was taking the morning watch, and it was Mr. MacSweeney's intention so to do. Unfortunately he had not counted upon the possibility of a case coming up such as that of the woman from the West losing the most cherished possession she acquired in Europe during her recent trip.

The husband of the woman having arrived at sudden wealth, and no family tree worth speaking of being in the possession of the family, she went over to see if that little deficiency couldn't be supplied by one of the institutions that make a business of furnishing ancestors to Americans of means on demand. It was in a very well-satisfied frame of mind that she got back the other day.

Noon was approaching yesterday when the woman from the West went up to the desk and told a tale that made the sympathetic Binks, the room clerk, shake his head and say "Too bad!" Then he beckoned to Mr. MacSweeney, who was maintaining a graceful attitude of expectancy, his usual pose, to the right of the desk.

"Lady's lost her coat-of-arms," said Binks, tersely, turning to register a newcomer, and bowing the woman over to Mr. MacSweeney, who immediately took out his memorandum book, noted the time, and then asked her whether she had left it in a taxicab or in a theatre.

"Why I never carry it about with me—except that I did take it to the photographer's the other day," was the astonished reply.

"And you didn't leave it there?"

"Of course not. It cost me $1,000, and I think too much of it to forget it. Besides I was having some photographs made of it, and of course was careful to bring it back."

"What color was it?"

"I should say it was gray. It was a wash affair. And there was a little stripe of red in it. No I don't know where I put it. I have been out driving this morning, and when I came in, I could not find it. No, in answer to Mr. MacSweeney's question, I did not put it on a chair. I may have laid it on the table. Now I have given you all the particulars. Please find it and return it to me by to-night, as I must pack my trunks."

The woman departed and Mr. MacSweeney was left pondering. However it was not his habit to remain in the lobby when he had a case, and he soon headed for the stairway.

"Coat", "arms" were the two words he had caught and jotted down. As he mounted the first stairway, Mr. MacSweeney turned the two words over in his mind. Did the woman say something else? Of course she could not have meant a coat of mail. No woman would be bringing such a thing all the way from Europe among her personal effects. She must have said "coat with arms." But she didn't repeat the words to Mr. MacSweeney at all, that gentleman suddenly remembered. She had told Binks, and Binks was a duffer when it came to getting things straight. Of course she had said "coat with arms." But why specify "arms?" It must be that there was something special about the sleeves.

Mr. MacSweeney, as he went up the second staircase called up pictures of the fashions in women's coats. Some he said to himself, had short sleeves or were sleeveless. Of course, the woman had meant that her coat was a garment with short sleeves. Then it was of the kind that could be washed. She had said it was a "wash affair." He regretted he had not noted the material, but this was only momentary. Even with the few details he had, he would show them what induction and deduction could do, when employed by a master mind.

He looked at the floor chambermaid closely, as he demanded the pass key, and she, who had long admired the famous sleuth from a distance, cast her gaze downward.

"Anybody been in this room?" he demanded, when they stood in front of the door.

"Nobody but me," replied the chambermaid.

"Did you take anything out?" asked the detective.

"Nothing but some waste what was in the waste basket and papers that were scattered about the room."

"Nothing else?"

"Yes, there was a bum-looking picture that looked like a soap advertisement, which was on the floor. I took it down with the other things."

"Seen nothing of a gray coat with long arms and red stripes in it?"

"Why, no; oh!. Mr. MacSweeney," cried the chambermaid, bursting into tears, "I hope you don't think I took anything."

"I ain't said nothing," said the great detective. Then he opened the door and went in.

He glanced about. Everything was in perfect order, except that a steamer trunk, a wardrobe trunk, and a hatbox were open. With a practiced hand, he ran hurriedly through the contents, finding there that gave a clue. He looked into the wardrobe and the bureaus. Then he stepped to the window, looked out, and decided there was no way a thief could have entered the room from the outside.

Whoever had taken the missing garment of washable texture, and valued at $1,000, must have come in by that door. Besides the pass key in the office, there was only one other, and that was the one the chambermaid carried. As the employes of the Terminus all have long records for honesty, Mr. MacSweeney was troubled. Binks by this time had gone off for the afternoon and would not be back until 6 o'clock. He would like to ask him a question.

The work so far has taken Mr. MacSweeney much longer than it takes to tell, for one reason because his mental processes, which are of a very careful kind, take time. It must be added to Mr. MacSweeney's credit that he spent the entire afternoon between the lobby and the room of the woman from the West, trying to reason out a way for the disappearance of the valuable coat. The whole result was that when Binks came on for his night watch, MacSweeney met him at the door.

"Looks mighty suspicious for the maid on that floor," he confided. "I'm afraid she has made off with that coat."

"Coat? What coat?"

"Why, the one that lady reported as missing," returned Mr. MacSweeney. He was surprised when the clerk burst into laughter.

"She didn't lose a coat; it was a coat-of-arms. The sort of thing you put on your writing paper when you discover your grandfather's grandfather, twenty-times removed, might have been working for a king," said Binks, informatively. "They come from Europe, I am told, in the shape of a funny looking picture of a helmet or something of the sort, with horses that have horns trying to climb up in the air."

"Why in the dickens didn't you say so!" demanded Mr. MacSweeney, with an approach to temper. "I'd 'a' had the durned thing long ago."

So it was nothing but a piece of paper, after all! The chambermaid had said she had taken all the paper out of the room with the waste. Of course the picture that looked like an advertisement must be the missing treasure. Following the fate of all waste, it must now be included among a ton or so of scraps of various kinds now waiting in a big bin in the basement to be removed in the morning.

Mr. MacSweeney shook his head. Then he called for a porter, and went downstairs and spent two hours sorting over the waste paper that his assistant dug out of the bin.

When the piece of parchment, for such it was, finally was handed him, Mr. MacSweeney was disgusted.

"And me wasting my brains thinking this picture was something you can wear," he muttered.

LITTLE PLAY OF CLASSICS.

"There Were Actors Then" Introduces "Julius Caesar," "Richelieu."

Condensed Shakespeare is being offered the vaudeville goers this week at Keith's Bronx Theatre, where Berton Churchill and his company are appearing in a one act playlet called "There Were Actors Then," written by Edgar Allen Woolf and introducing a scene from "Julius Caesar." "Richlieu" is also introduced during the the action of the little play and these scenes are cleverly led up to by an entertaining story which paves the way for the classics.

"There Were Actors Then" is in reality a romance of the so-called palmy days of the stage, and Mr. Churchill, William H. Turner, Ralph Remley, Geneveive Cliffe and Marie Lauro give a splendid example of how it was done when Booth and Barrett were on the boards.

In the forum scene in "Julius Caesar" fifty supers are used and the piece is elaborately staged.

The Rev. Augustine N. Stehle.

The Rev. Augustine N. Stehle, former rector of the Church of the Holy Family at Unionport, the Bronx, died yesterday in Baltimore, Md. His body will be brought here to-day to the home of his brother, Rudolph Stehle, 369 West Fifty-first Street, and to-night will be taken to the church at Unionport, where it will lie in state until the funeral services on Friday. For nearly two years the Rev. Father Stehle had suffered from ill health, which compelled him to give up his duties at the Church of the Holy Family, where he had been in charge seven years. He was educated in the Troy (N. Y.) Seminary. He was curate of the Church of the Assumption in West Forty-ninth Street, and assistant rector at the Church of the Ascension in West 107th Street, when appointed to the Unionport church. His successor there, the Rev. Urban Nageleison, and Mgr. M. J. Lavelle of the Cathedral will perform the funeral services.

Nathan C. Horton Dies on Birthday.

Nathan Clarence Horton, former Captain of Company I, Fifth Regiment, N. G. N. J., and former City Counsel of Orange, died Monday night on his forty-fourth birthday at his home, 187 Lincoln Avenue, Orange, N. J. Born in Chester, N. J., Mr. Horton was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania Law School when nineteen years old. He went to Orange in 1892 and was made City Counsel the following year, serving three years. M

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HARVESTER CONCERN AS NATIONAL ASSET

Judge McHugh Pictures It as Great Educational and Beneficial Force.

BUILT UP BY G. W. PERKINS

Organized on Strictly Honest Basis and Specially Designed to Push American Trade Abroad.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 4.—Judge William D. McHugh of Omaha, fighting the Federal suit for dissolution of the International Harvester Company, to-day in the United States District Court pictured the concern as one of the greatest educational and beneficial forces in this country. He assigned to George W. Perkins of New York credit for this achievement and asserted that without Mr. Perkins's mind to direct the organization and expansion of the business, the International Harvester Company of to-day would have been an impossibility.

Judge McHugh, who was continuing the argument he began shortly before adjournment of court yesterday, appealed to the bench, in judging the Harvester concern's management and direction of its vast business, to hold in mind the old English legal maxim: "Tell me what you've done under a deed and I'll tell you what the deed is."

"In other words," said Judge McHugh, "to quote from the Bible: 'By their fruits shall ye know them.'"

"When Mr. McCormick went to New York in 1902 to enlist J. P. Morgan & Co. to aid him in getting capital to extend the foreign trade of the McCormick Company, he met Mr. Perkins, a man who was invaluable for exactly the sort of thing Mr. McCormick desired. Mr. Perkins's training and experiences as a Western man, with headquarters at Denver for many years, had made him thoroughly familiar with the great agricultural situation in this country. Then, later, Mr. Perkins's experiences in Europe had given him a comparative knowledge of agricultural conditions there.

"Mr. Perkins had been greatly impressed by the contrast between the enterprise of our West against the primitive methods of agriculture and agricultural trade in Europe. But in discussing this with Mr. McCormick he declared that no one of the existing companies was strong enough in capital, credits, and men properly and adequately to realize the possibilities of the vast foreign field. Then he started out to get interests to form this concern, strong enough to go into this field. When he started he had in mind no particular companies, aside, perhaps, from the McCormick Company. He went to many different companies in seeking the material he desired; his mind was perfectly open on that point."

Judge McHugh went on to tell of the great harvester concern's organization and its expansion at home and abroad, sketching it as one of the greatest factors in the settlement of the vast regions of Siberia and other remote countries.

"One hundred and twenty millions of capital were put into this concern," he said, "and of this amount one-half, $60,000,000 was issued for cash. The rest was put aside to cover the properties of the various large concerns that went into it.

"Now I desire to impress upon this court that this $60,000,000 in property actually existed. The most elaborate and thorough appraisal ever made in this country, was made on the properties of the firms about to enter the International Harvester Company. Two of the biggest appraisal companies were engaged to do the work and each was a check on the other. There existed a rivalry between the McCormick and Deering Companies in the matter of this appraisal that precluded possibility of anything but thorough work on the part of the appraisers.

"And what was the result? It was found that these properties were worth more than sixty millions, more than the stock issued to cover them. Then the appraisers again went to work, shaving down here, shaving down there, on the properties and stocks of the concerns involved until the total amount had been reduced to meet the sixty million dollar figure.

"Three million dollars was paid Mr. Morgan as a commission. Even this three million had tangible assets. The company, absolutely was organized on an honest basis, with every share of stock worth more than its face value."

Judge McHugh then attacked the Government's charge that the subject of foreign trade was an afterthought of the officials of the harvester company. He declared that the naming of the company was done particularly with a view to the matter of foreign trade.

Edgar A. Bancroft of Chicago, general counsel for the International Harvester Company, followed Mr. McHugh in an argument for the company. He became sarcastic in his attack on the brief of the Department of Justice in the case; said there was no evidence to sustain six of the seven charges contained in the brief, and alleged that five of the seven charges had been dropped out of the case, and had not been mentioned. He said there had existed for ten years complete openness in the harvester machine field and the field could not be closed or monopolized.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

CHICAGO.
STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Amal. Copper	71¼	71¼	71¼
200	Am. Can	29¾	29¼	29¼
25	Am. Shipbuild. pf.	87¾	87¾	87¾
25	Am. Tel. & Tel.	120½	120½	120½
17	Chi. Ry., Series 1	92½	92½	92½
99	Chi. Ry., Series 2	29½	29½	29½
10	Common. Edison	138½	138½	138½
50	Corn Products refg.	9½	9½	9½
20	Nall. Carbon	135	135	135
210	People's Gas	123½	123	123¼
10	†Quaker Oats pf.	103½	103½	103½
200	Sears-Roebuck	175¾	174¾	174¾
50	Swift & Co.	104¾	104¾	104¾
100	U. S. Steel	55¾	55¼	55¼
706	Union Carbide	218	209	212

BONDS.

$1,000	Chicago Gas 5s	101	101	101
5,000	Chicago Tel. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
9,000	Common. Edison 5s	100¾	100¾	100¾
1,000	Chicago Ry. R.	79¼	79¼	79¼
4,000	Diamond Match 6s	103½	103½	103½
1,000	Chi. Pneu. Tool 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼

*Cash. †Ex dividend.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives the receipts and expenditures for the present month and for the fiscal year as follows:

Customs	$1,518,517	$117,442,667
Internal rev., ordinary	2,579,820	110,030,527
Corporation tax	17,332	2,435,523
Miscellaneous	658,297	17,326,175
Total receipts	4,773,942	247,275,693
Expenditures	4,756,438	253,015,817
Surplus	17,504	
Deficit		5,740,121

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Julia	.06
Alpha Con.	.02	Justice	.06
Andes	.04	Kentucky Con.	.02
Belcher	.23	Mexican	1.45
Best & Belcher	.06	Occidental Con.	.70
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.28
Caledonia	1.75	Overman	.41
Challenge Con.	.08	Potosi	.04
Chollar	.06	Savage	.14
Confidence	.38	Seg. Belcher	.10
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.8	Sierra Nevada	.13
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.23
Crown Point	.28	Utah Con.	.04
Gould & Curry	.03	Yellow Jacket	.30
Hale & Norcross	.11		

TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.03
Belmont	7.25	Comb. Fraction	.03
Jim Butler	.64	D'field Daisy	.01
McNamara	.16	D'field Bl. B.	.02
Midway	.39	Florence	.24
Mizpah Exten.	.31	G'field Con. M.	1.45
Montana	1.03	G'field Merger	.12
North Star	.42	Jumbo Exten.	.08
Rescue Eula	.09	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Exten.	1.65	Silver Pick	.03
Tonopah Merger	.58	Nevada Hills	.64
West End	1.23	Round Mountain	.33
GOLDFIELD.		MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.12	Manhattan Con.	.03
Booth	.02		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	6	6½	Jackpot	5	6
Elkton	54½	55	McKinney	55¼	57
El Paso	280	300	Old Gold	1½	2
Findlay	2	2½	Portland	95	98
Gold Dol.	9	10	Vindicator	82	84
Isabella	9¾	10	R. B. H.	4	4½

NEW HAVEN BOND FIGHT.

Restraining Decree Against $67,000,000 Issue Will Be Sought.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—Notice was served on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad to-day that a restraining decree will be sought against the New Haven's bond issue of $67,000,000. This issue has been approved by the Public Service Commission of Massachusetts, and the matter is before the Supreme Court on a petition in review presented by former Gov. Morgan G. Bulkeley of Connecticut and others.

The company is to answer on Friday to the petition, after which, to-day's notice says, "the petitioners will move for a restraining decree, and in the suit in equity the complainants will ask for a preliminary injunction. This," continues the notice, "is done in the belief that, as has been rumored, the company intends to proceed with the issue of these bonds in indifference to the lawfulness of the issue and without regard to the proceedings pending."

Arizona Bank and Trust Co. Closed.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Nov. 4.—State Bank Examiner J. C. Callaghan took charge to-day of the Arizona Bank and Trust Company, and the institution did not open for business. The bank has a capital of $30,000, a surplus of $7,500, and $110,000 deposits.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO. and allied companies for the year ended June 30—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	4,864,107	4,558,194	305,913
Net	2,447,119	2,135,280	311,829
Other income	86,704	69,159	17,545
Total income	2,533,823	2,204,449	329,374
Int., tax, &c.	1,500,502	1,423,202	77,300
Surplus	1,033,321	781,247	252,074
Dividends	683,709	623,949	59,760
Adjustments	50,144	51,478	*1,334
Surplus	633,565	572,471	61,094

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN TYPEFOUNDERS for the year ended Aug. 1—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Net profits	332,490	333,531	231,802
Dividends	301,653	300,000	300,000
Surplus	50,846	33,531	31,803
Previous surp.	764,799	810,268	778,465
P. & L. Surp.	814,645	843,799	810,268

CONNECTICUT CO. for September—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	694,281	680,273	14,008
Net after tax.	179,101	240,409	*61,308
3 mos. gross.	2,367,316	2,222,565	144,751
Net after tax.	802,320	839,928	*37,608

*Decrease.

NEVADA CONSOLIDATED COPPER CO for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
†Net earning	926,711	1,816,116	986,934
Dividends	749,796	749,784	749,389
Balance	176,915	1,066,332	237,545
Deprec. Steptoe plant	136,990	133,295	136,990
Ore exting.	135,082	134,001	
Deficit	95,157	*798,135	*100,555
Cop. produced, pounds	15,835,563	18,405,467	15,837,079

*Surplus. †From mine investments, &c.

NEW ENGLAND STEAMSHIP for September—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	468,001	467,237	764
Net after tax.	122,155	109,912	12,243
3 mos. gross.	1,999,136	1,628,386	31,750
Net after tax.	559,290	511,851	47,439

RHODE ISLAND CO. for September—

Gross	454,747	458,383	*3,636
Net after tax.	124,794	161,137	*36,373
3 mos. gross.	1,563,225	1,509,582	53,643
Net after tax.	532,842	597,354	*64,512

*Decrease.

UNITED LIGHT & RAILWAYS COMPANY subsidiary properties for September:

Gross	505,134	445,858	59,276
Net af. taxes.	212,991	196,191	16,800
Sur. af charges	111,051	106,308	4,743
12 mos. gross.	5,892,109	5,163,291	728,818
Net af. taxes.	2,414,061	2,414,061	712,176
Sur. af. ch'ges	1,225,270	995,697	229,573

Earnings of the subsidiary companies and earnings from other sources accruing to securities of the United Light & Railways Company for September were:

Gross	135,944	110,335	25,608
Less ex. & tax	98,894	79,421	19,473
Bal. af. pf. dvs.	54,405	46,810	7,595
Twelve months' gross			1,390,746
Less expenses and taxes			952,383
Balance after preferred dividends			464,235

UNITED STATES LIGHT & HEATING COMPANY for the year ended June 30:

	1913.	1912	Increase.
Sales	3,318,585	1,835,976	1,482,609
Cost of manuf.	2,573,161	1,187,100	1,386,061
Gross profit	745,424	648,875	96,549
Sell. exp., int., &c.	390,034	290,800	108,234
Net profit	346,390	358,075	*11,685
Other income	540	7,950	*7,410
Total income	†346,930	366,023	*19,095
Preferred div.	87,500	175,000	*87,500
Surplus	259,430	191,025	58,405
Reserve		10,129	*10,129
Surplus	259,430	180,896	78,334

†Includes $109,198, representing claim against licensor deductible from its share of future earnings under contract for manufacture of electric starter. †Decrease.

UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—

Total receipts from oper.	1,780,576	1,790,089	*9,512
Express priv's	858,225	888,535	*30,310
Tot. op. revs.	922,351	901,561	20,798
Tot. op. exp.	880,451	903,241	*43,789
Net. op. revs.	32,900	†31,688	64,588
Taxes	9,935	10,213	*277
Operat. income	22,964	†41,901	64,865
M'ge. st. rds.	29,064	28,817	247
M'ge. oth. lines	3,950	3,983	*32

*Decrease. †Deficit.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

11,946. DUPLICATING TYPEWRITERS AND ADDING MACHINES.—A business man in India who now represents a typewriter manufacturer informs an American Consul that he would like to take on American agencies for duplicating typewriters and adding machines. Terms, commissions and salary basis. Correspondence may be in English.

11,948. MACHINERY AND PAINTS.—A Lucknow, India, merchant is desirous of obtaining an agency in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh for the sale of American goods such as oil engines, ice plants, paints, varnishes, and files for fitters' use. For particulars address the Director General of Commercial Intelligence, New Imperial Secretariat, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, India.

11,949. FRESH FRUITS.—An American Consular officer in Canada reports that a business firm in his district which furnishes bank references desires to be put in touch with exporters of fresh fruits in the Western States. This firm purposes to sell its goods principally at auction, and it is thought that it will be able to handle a considerable quantity of fruit in this manner.

11,950. WIRE, INSULATING MACHINERY.—An American Consul has received an inquiry for the names of manufacturers in the United States of machinery for insulating electric wire. Replies should be accompanied by description and prices, all in the Spanish language.

11,951. STAMPED METAL SHEETS.—An American Consular officer in the Levant has forwarded a copy of a letter from a local merchant who wishes to be put into communication with some business house in the United States which can quote him prices on 400 boxes metal sheeting (called "zinc" by him, but which is really sheet steel) 28 by 20 inches, and in cases of 100. Samples of this stamped metal accompanied the report and can be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce by interested manufacturers.

11,952. MINING EQUIPMENT.—A German mining company operating tin mines in a foreign country informs an American Consular officer that it wishes to be placed in touch with American firms with a view to purchasing the following materials: Pipes (slip joint) up to 36 inches in diameter; monitor plants with nozzles of 4 to 6 inches in diameter, elevators, (for water power,) best machines for separating and concentrating plants for gold and tin ore, derricks, and rail-ton wheels. Communications, in English, should be sent to the consulting engineer of the firm.

11,953. OIL CASKS AND MEALS.—One of the commercial agents of the Department of Commerce has forwarded the name of a well-known importer of various oil cakes and meals at a European port, who has extensive connections in the interior, but is not satisfied with his present facilities for purchasing in the United States. He wants to correspond with responsible American mill owners.

11,954. CORN MEAL.—A report from an American Consular officer states that an American commission merchant, who is now located in the West Indies, is desirous of securing the representation of an American exporter of corn meal. He desires quotations on a cheap grade of this meal in carload lots. The usual terms are sight draft against shipping documents. Correspondence should be in English.

11,955. STEAM AND HOT-WATER HEATING APPARATUS.—An American Consular officer in a European country reports that a resident of his district is desirous of representing American firms engaged in the manufacture of steam and hot-water heating apparatus. Correspondence may be in English.

11,956. COAL-DISCHARGING MACHINERY.—Tenders are invited by the Norwegian Main Railway for the supply of two coal-discharging machines, each capable of discharging at least fifty tons per hour. Sealed tenders, marked "Anbud paa Kullosse Apparater," will be received until Dec. 1 at "Overbestyrerenes Kontor Norsk Hoved-Jernbane, Jernbanetorvet, No. 1," Christiania, Norway. No special form of tender is required, but local representation is essential.

11,957. PUMPS, &c.—Tenders are invited by the Hastings Borough Council for the supply and erection of two sets of high-lift turbo pumps and electric motors, together with suction and delivery piping, &c. Tenders will be received by the Town Clerk, Hastings, New Zealand, until Dec. 18. As the time is limited, this information will probably be of use only to firms having agents in New Zealand who can be instructed by cable.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Market Improves After Bad Opening—Pronounced Weakness in Berlin.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 5.—The Times says in its City article to-day:

"The rates for daily money declined a little yesterday. The small amount due to the Bank of England was repaid. Quotations for bills hardly altered, but showed an easy tendency. Discount business was fairly active. Continental exchanges moved against London.

"The stock markets were again entirely dominated by the news regarding Mexican affairs. The tone was very depressed during the morning, and further sales of Mexican railway stocks brought about a fresh decline in prices. Berlin operators were free sellers of Canadian Pacific shares.

"After mid-day the general sentiment of the markets was more cheerful, and a sharp rebound occurred in Mexican railway stocks, due to bear covering, which lifted prices well above the previous day's closing level."

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The Bourse was depressed to-day, one of the causes being the reported ultimatum to President Huerta.

Three per cent. rentes, 86f 85c for the account.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—President Wilson's reported ultimatum to Mexico caused pronounced weakness on the Boerse to-day.

Lower Paris and London markets added to the depression.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	72 11-16	..	..	—1-16
Consols account	72 15-16	..	..	—1-16
Amalgamated	74¼	72	71½	+ ½
Atchison	93¾	90⅞	91⅝	— ⅛
Balt. & Ohio	95¼	92⅝	93	— ⅝
Canadian Pac.	228¼	221⅝	223¼	— 1½
Ches. & Ohio	58	56¼	56¾	— ½
Chi. Gt. West	12	11⅝	..	..
St. Paul	102½	99⅛	100¼	— ⅜
Denver	18½	17⅝	..	..
Erie	27¼	26⅜	26⅝	— ¼
Erie 1st pref.	42	40¾	40¾	— 1¼
Illinois Central	109	105⅞	105⅞	..
Louis. & Nash.	135¼	131⅜	..	..
Kan. & Texas	20⅜	19¼	..	..
N. Y. Central	48½	95½	95⅜	— ⅛
North. Pac.	106	103⅛	103⅜	— ¾
Ont. & West	27¾	27	26⅜	+ ⅜
Pennsylvania	55⅜	108	108⅜	— ⅛
Reading	81⅝	158⅝	159½	— ⅞
Southern Ry.	22½	21⅝	22	— ⅜
Southern Pac.	88	85⅝	86⅜	— ⅜
Union Pacific	153⅛	148⅝	149⅝	— ⅞
U. S. Steel	57⅜	55⅝	56	— ⅜
Wabash	4	3⅝	..	..

LICENSES FOR GRAIN MEN.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 4.—Attorney General Carmody holds that New York commission merchants who receive interstate consignments of grain for sale in this State must have State licenses under the law which went into effect on June 1. This law was enacted to protect New York farmers from commission merchants who handled their products, but its scope has been found to be broader than was intended.

Mr. Carmody holds that every grain commission merchant is required "to obtain a license and file a bond for the sale of grain in this State except where the said grain is sold for consumption and not for resale."

Asks for Receiver to End Quarrel.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—A petition for receivership for the Farley Paper Company of Wendell, Mass., was filed in the United States District Court to-day by the Mutual National Bank of Boston, which has a claim of $10,000 against the company. The petition alleges that the company is controlled by two factions, which are so antagonistic that the property of the company is being wasted. In the petition the liabilities are estimated at $95,000 and the assets at $200,000.

Big Increase in Ore Shipments.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 4.—Reports on the ore traffic up to Saturday last from all the ports show that 37,942,412 tons have been shipped since the 1913 season opened. This is 2,348,118 tons more than was shipped in the corresponding period of 1912. With about three weeks remaining for the navigation season, and with to-day's announcement that the Pittsburgh Steamship Company will continue to move ore, the records of last year bid fair to be exceeded by large figures.

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STATEMENT OF OCTOBER 21, 1913

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$8,632,261.18	Capital Stock	$500,000.00
United States and other Bonds	896,716.22	Surplus and Undivided Profits	818,591.14
Safe Deposit Vaults	50,000.00	Circulation	54,800.00
Cash, due from Banks and Exchanges	5,279,940.57	Deposits	13,445,526.83
	$14,858,917.97		$14,858,917.97

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FREDERICK PHILLIPS, Vice-Pres. — WILLIAM A. BURKE, Asst. Cashier
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BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 8 O'CLOCK P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

The Royal Bank of Canada
INVITES ENQUIRIES IN REGARD TO EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS IN
CANADA AND THE **WEST INDIES**
325 BRANCHES IN CANADA
20 BRANCHES IN CUBA
3 BRANCHES IN PORTO RICO
5 BRANCHES IN BRITISH WEST INDIES
2 BRANCHES IN DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
1 BRANCH IN BRITISH HONDURAS
NEW YORK AGENCY
WILLIAM & CEDAR STREETS
Total Assets $180,000,000

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Wm. A. White & Sons,
62 Cedar Street.

AUCTION SALES

Merchandise.

FIRE UNDERWRITERS' SALE.
TO-MORROW, NOV. 6TH, 1913,
at 10:30 A. M., at our Salesroom,
46-50 Wooster St., N. Y. City.
We will sell at Public Auction for account of whom it may concern entire Salvage Stock of
H. R. WARE CORPORATION
Department Store, New Rochelle, N. Y.
Consisting of
GENERAL DRY GOODS,
COTTON PCS., GOODS, HOSIERY,
UNDERWEAR, SWEATERS, SHEETS,
NOTIONS, TOILET ARTICLES, etc., etc.
Also
FRIDAY, NOV. 7TH,
at 10:30 A. M.,
Crockery and Toy Department.
Most of stock in good condition.
Terms of sale—Cash. Deposits from all buyers. Stock arranged for sale and sold by
LEOPOLD GANS COMPANY.
Tel. Spring 18.
Stock on Exhibition To-day.

David W. Biow & Co.
Tel. 2436-2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St,
To-day, Wednesday, Nov. 5, 10:30 A. M.,
Special Peremptory Auction Sale
Without Limit or Reserve,
Seasonable and High-Class offering of
Men's, Youths' and Children's
CLOTHING
consisting of
Men's and Youths' Suits
in slims, stouts, extra sizes, and regulars.
Trousers, Overcoats,
Children's Knicker & Novelty Suits,
Overcoats, Reefers, Knee Pants.

BANKRUPT STOCK OF
Ostrich Feathers,
Raw Material, Willow Bodies, Ostrich Edgings, Ostrich Feather Bands.
350 Doz. 12 to 26 Inch
FRENCH PLUMES,
in black and white.
I. SINGER, Auctioneer,
sells Friday, Nov. 7, at 10:30 A. M., at **47 E. 9th St., Near Broadway, N. Y.,**
large stock of the above in trade lots.

S. FREADMAN & CO., Bankrupts.
J. G. KAHALY, Receiver.
Auctioneer's Office, 582 Broadway, Brooklyn. Telephone 4241 Williamsburg.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT of MAX MAGNUS & CO. to Abner S. Werblin.
Charles Shongood will sell this day, Wednesday, Nov. 5th, 1913,
at 10:30 A. M.,
at 35 West 19th Street, New York,
the stock of store concern,
consisting of ladies' coats and suits, woolens, trimmings, sewing machines, cutting tables, safe, fixtures, &c.
BLUMENSTIEL & BLUMENSTIEL,
Attorneys for Assignee,
27 Cedar St., N. Y.

Stocks and Bonds.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS,
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5TH, 1913,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATRIX,
15 shs. Linc Bunsche & Ross Realty and Construction Co.
BY ORDER OF TRUSTEE.
18 shs. Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis R. R. Trust and $6.00 scrip.
$300 Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis R. R. Reg. Gen'l Refdg. Mtge. 4½ per cent. Bds., 1939 and $59 scrip.
$56.54 Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis R. R. Interest on 4½ of 1913.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$40,000 Mt. Carmel Cemetery Assn., Ctf. of Indebtedness issued to the 500.
150 shs. American Railway Traffic Co.
92 shs. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. 50 p. c. paid.
$7,400 Southern Iron & Steel Co. 1st and Ref. 4 p. c. Bds., 1929, Bankers' Trust Co. Repts.
140 shs. Southern Iron & Steel Co. prefd. Bankers' Trust Co. Repts.
$3,000 National R. R. of Mexico Prior Llen 4½ p. c. Bds., 1926.
50 shs. Pinelawn Cemetery.
15 shs. Albany & Susquehanna R. R. Guar.
$200,000 Old Dominion Development Co. Temporary 1st Mtge. 50-year 6 p. c. S. F. Gold Bonds, 1960.
$1,200,000 Old Dominion Development Co. Temporary 1st Mtge. 50-year 6 p. c. S. F. Gold Bonds, 1960.
$100,000 Old Dominion Development Co. Temporary 1st Mtge. 50-year 6 p. c. S. F. Gold Bonds, 1960.
9,500 shs. Old Dominion Development Co. prefd.
13,500 shs. Old Dominion Development Co. com.
$7,754.84 Balance due on Demand Note of the Old Dominion Development Co., dated June 29, 1910, at 6 p. c. interest.
$24,000 Demand Note of the Old Dominion Development Co., dated Sept. 29, 1910, at 6 p. c. interest.
6 2-12 shs. Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co.
10 shs. Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co. Beneficial Ctfs.
100 shs. Buffalo Gas. Co. common.
25 shs. Chase National Bank.
$7,000 International Industrial Corpn., Ltd., 6 p. c. Coll. Trust Gold Notes, 1918.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
Adrian H. Muller & Son will sell at auction on Wednesday, Nov. 5, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 & 16 Vesey St.:
$27,000 Federal Gas Co. of Titusville, Pa., 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bonds due Oct. 15, 1911. Oct., 1908, & subsequent coupons attached.

SURROGATE'S COURT

KOHNS, LAZARUS.—THE PEOPLE OF the State of New York, by the Grace of God Free and Independent, to SIGMUND SELIG I. and LOUIS SELIG, as representatives of the estate of Hannah Selig, deceased, and to all persons interested in the estate of Lazarus Kohns, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:
You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records in the County of New York, on the 14th day of November, 1913, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Lee Kohns and Hermine Kohns, as Executors of the Last Will and Testament of said deceased; and such of you as are infants and are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or, in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.
In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the Seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be affixed.
[Seal.] hereunto affixed.
B. P. H. Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, Surrogate of our said County, at the County of New York, the 6th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
WISE & SELIGSBERG, Attorneys for Executors, 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

INVENTORY NEGLECT MAY PROVE FATAL

National Association of Credit Men Points Out Danger in Latest Bulletin.

LIKE A SHIP'S COMPASS

Does More to Show Way to Business Success Than Natural Shrewdness and Instinct.

The National Association of Credit Men calls attention to the importance of the inventory as a business compass in a bulletin it has just issued.

"No business man would care to start on a voyage to a distant port," the bulletin says, "with a Captain who sailed his ship without a compass, even if that Captain were an experienced mariner and had an acute instinct for distance, directions, currents, and winds. Even these qualities would not give a man confidence in such a Captain's ability to reach his destination without a compass to guide him.

"Now, the need of a compass in the equipment of a ship is no greater than the need of a compass in a business, which is the taking of a careful inventory at regular periods. The inventory is the compass of a business because the information it gives enables the merchant to steer his course toward success, the destination he is seeking.

"We occasionally find a merchant who has apparently done well, sailing his craft upon dead reckoning alone, but for every success among such merchants there have been failures upon failures.

"To many merchants the taking of an inventory seems a big job. They neglect it, excusing themselves day after day with the argument that they cannot spare the time, or do not want to employ extra help which the taking of an inventory requires. They forget that the inventory is the first essential in ascertaining whether the business is heading toward success or failure, and this is true whether the business be large or small.

"It is inexcusable on any grounds for a merchant or manufacturer to wait until what he has is less than what he owes, to discover that bad management or miscalculation has brought him face to face with failure. Through the inventory it will be revealed to him whether the gross profits of his business are larger than cost and operating expense combined, or whether his investment is suffering a shrinkage and the business is headed toward failure.

"The inventory is a record of stock on hand at its real value. Self-deception is practiced if any merchandise is inventoried at more than the price at which it could be replaced. Generally speaking, the proper basis for taking an inventory is the buying cost, but should the value of the merchandise, when the inventory is taken, be less than the cost, the actual value and not the cost should be the inventory figure. If goods are shopworn, out of style or for other reasons not readily salable, their real worth, and not their cost, should be used in making the inventory. On the other hand, if the goods cannot be replaced at their cost, that is, if they have advanced in value, it is then safe to have this difference shown in the profit on sales, but not in the inventory.

"The last inventory is the first thing that the fire insurance adjuster calls for when he comes to adjust a loss. Without it, any business men would have difficulty in making up a proof of claim satisfactory to the insurance company.

"In fact, the inventory may be described as the cornerstone of the bookkeeping end of a business, and just as a business man cannot know in what direction his business is heading without the inventory, so he cannot know without a faithful keeping of accounts. We cannot here sketch a bookkeeping system, but it is not difficult for any merchant to get a knowledge of simple books of accounts, or at least to have some one keep such books for him.

"There should be a record of cash received and paid out; a record of goods bought and paid for; a record of accounts receivable for merchandise sold on credit. Such records, accurately kept, will, in connection with an inventory each sixth or twelfth month, enable the business man to discover whether his business is profitable. To illustrate: A merchant starts with a capital of $5,000. At the end of the first year he takes stock and finds that the true inventory totals $5,642.37. He may then proceed as follows:

Stock on hand, as inventoried	$5,642.37
Accounts receivable	1,436.40
Cash on hand	467.80
Total assets	$7,546.57
Deduct:	
Amount owing for merchandise, expenses due and not paid	$1,580.90
Amount owing for borrowed money	500.00
Total liabilities	$2,080.90
Capital in business	$5,465.67

"Upon this very simple bookkeeping plan the merchant discovers that in one year his business apparently shows an improvement of $465.67. This is small considering the fact that no interest has been charged on the initial capital. It should indicate to the merchant that some attention should be given to the profit side of his business. How could he learn this, save by inventorying? It is the inventory which provides him his business compass.

"The time must pass when even the smallest merchant will take the chance of sailing his business craft upon dead reckoning alone, and manufacturing and wholesale houses will be unwilling to risk their merchandise in such a venture.

"The business man should set his inventory dates and not let them pass without taking inventory. He should remember that the inventory is more important and necessary in safeguarding against failure than all of the shrewdness and business instinct he possesses."

Bankruptcy Notices

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS BAUER, Bankrupt.—No. 18,704.
To the creditors of Louis Bauer, of the City, County and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1913, the said Louis Bauer was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 13th day of November, 1913, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, November 1st, 1913.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIALS.—Depot Quartermaster's Office, 26th St. and Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia, Penn., November 1, 1913. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 11 A. M., November 17, 1913, for furnishing at this depot, buckles, buttons, denim, cords, tying, chin straps, drilling, white duck, corset jeans, sewing silk, cotton tape, thread, toggles, laces and webbing. Information upon application. Major G. Le R. IRWIN in charge.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y., until 2 o'clock P. M. November 17, 1913, and then opened, for furnishing and driving oak piles, furnishing and placing brush, stone, &c., at Hereford Inlet Light Station, Anglesea, N. J., in accordance with specifications. Blank proposals, specifications and other information may be had upon application to the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—O'Neil, M., & Co.; Miss E. Hallinan, laces; 4 Washington Place.
ALBANY—Whitney, W. M., & Co.; H. L. Barnett, silks; 49 Union Square.
ALBUQUERQUE—Ilfeld, Spitz, Mercantile Co.; J. H. Dreyfuss, jobs ladies' misses', children's coats, suits; 43 W. 27th.
ALTOONA—Kline Bros.; J. A. Baird, notions, fancy goods; 214 Church; McAlpin.
AMSTERDAM—Marks, A., Sons; Charles Marks, cloaks, suits, waists; Flanders.
BALTIMORE—Gutman, Joel, & Co.; Miss E. Rice, leather goods; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; D. Vollmer, linings; 72 Leonard; Holland.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; Pierrepont.
BALTIMORE—Eisenberg, A.; J. H. Brewer, hosiery, underwear, furnishing goods; Latham.
BALTIMORE—M. M. Bernstein & Co.; M. M. Bernstein, silks; 42 Hermitage.
BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; Miss M. E. Kurian, laces; Mrs. Cowan, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 7 W. 22d.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; H. J. Rohr, millinery; Mrs. J. B. Nelson, millinery; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; I. I. Wolf, clothing; S. D. Sampson, coats, suits; 221 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros. & Co.; Mrs. N. D. Powell, millinery; Victoria.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. T. McWheeney, cloaks, suits; 214 Church.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss M. E. McLoughlin, laces, ladies' neckwear; 214 Church.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; E. J. Pendergast, silks; A. Sanborn, ribbons; E. A. Finney, furn. goods; Mr. Morgan, representing; 31 Union Square.
BOSTON—Filenes, William, Sons Co.; A. Duplus, jewelry, leather goods; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Siegel, H., & Co.; Miss Goldring, waists, 19th St., 6th Av.
BOSTON—Stearns, R. H., & Co.; W. Finlayson, laces, gloves, hosiery, knit underwear; 45 E. 17th.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; basement buyers; Mr. Scott, jewelry; Mr. Libby, millinery; Mr. Schroeder, muslin underwear; Mr. Cooper, coats and suits; Mr. Levy, waists; Mr. Smith, infants' coats, dresses, and petticoats; Miss Kasano, neckwear; Mr. Ring, furs and dresses; Miss Kaleski, neckwear; Mrs. Langtry, underwear; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; I. B. Hope, boy's clothing; 220 5th Av.
BUFFALO—Adam, J. N., & Co.; T. Moffatt, hosiery, gloves, furnishing goods; E. W. Koch, groceries; 214 Church.
CHATTANOOGA—Rosenthal, C., Co.; C. Rosenthal, general merchandise; Hoffman House
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie Scott & Co.; J. Constanzer, neckwear; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Farwell, J. V., Co.; J. Strachan, hosiery; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; K. Trilling, clothing; 114 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Importers & Manufacturers' Co.; L. Hilpp, hats; 021 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott, & Co.; A. S. Ritchie, men's, boy's clothing; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Field, Marshall, & Co.; J. P. Coveney, dress goods; J. G. Houston, corsets, threads, yarns, Japanese goods; J. Reckert, notions, jewelry; W. T. Smith, men's neckwear, suspenders; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; T. P. Tracy, cloaks, suits; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Field, Marshall, & Co.; A. W. Pomeroy, rugs; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Klofter, P., & Co.; P. Klofter, cloth, wash dresses. "Spring;" 18 W. 27th.
CHICAGO—Monkowitz, L., skirts, dresses, "Spring;" 18 W. 27th.
CHICAGO—Phillipsborn's; H. Phillipsborn, ladies', misses', juniors' Spring dresses, skirts; 132 W. 21st.
CLEVELAND—Taylor, William, Son & Co.; W. J. Lees, carpets; 51 Leonard.
COLUMBUS, OHIO—Morehouse-Martens Co., M. Morehouse, dry goods; 60 W. 33d; Collingwood.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Lazarus, F. & R., Co.; Miss Bursch, ladies' neckwear, ribbons; Mrs. Huber, children's wear; J. A. Strider, coats; 45 E. 17th.
DANVILLE, ILL.—Emery & Co.; W. E. Emery, domestics; 320 Church.
DETROIT—A. Krolick & Co.; D. R. Stocker, hosiery, gloves, corsets, furnishing goods; 320 Broadway.
DETROIT—Blackwell-Henry Co.; A. C. Hockenjos, linens; Navarre.
DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; J. Barmby, carpets, upholstery goods; 48 Leonard.
DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; J. R. Costello, white goods, flannels, blankets, carpets, oilcloths; 43 Leonard.
DULUTH—Leiser Co.; Mr. Blumenthal, furs, fur coats; 215 4th Av.
EVANSVILLE—Fowler, Dick & Walker; J. R. Duncan, cloaks, notions, furnishing goods; 104 5th Av.; Grand.
HANNIBAL, MO.—E. L. Reiff, ready-to-wear; 40 East 22d.
HARRISBURG—Kaufman Underselling Co.; A. A. Gray, jobs, sport coats; 15 E. 26th.
HARRISBURG—Witmer, Baer & Witmer; D. H. Witmer, ready-to-wear; 114 5th Av.
HOLYOKE—McAusian & Wakelin; W. B. Wakelin, laces, gloves, ribbons; Miss A. Collins, suits; Navarre.
HUNTINGTON, West Va.—Watts, Ritter & Co.; C. W. Watts, dry goods; 48 Leonard.
KANSAS CITY—Howlett, W. H.; carpets; Hoffman House
LANCASTER—Buchanan & Young; J. Buchanon, laces, ladies', infants' wear; 104 5th Av.
LANCASTER—Baer & Witmer; J. J. Baer, ready-to-wear; 114 5th Av.
LOUISVILLE—Robinson, J. M. Norton Co.; C. Wellnstock, ready-to-wear, waists, infants' wear, upholstery goods; 72 Leonard.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Bruce, J. H., Co.; P. B. Herman, cloaks, suits; 75 Spring.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; Miss D. Samuels, laces; Broadway and 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; A. M. Crofoot, clothing; Broadway and 32d.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Miss W. C. Bradshaw, muslin underwear; 2 Walker.
NASHVILLE—Harris, Davis & Co.; J. Harris, white goods; 56 Worth; Pierrepont.
NASHVILLE—Castner, Knott D. G. Co.; T. H. Starr, ready-to-wear; 214 Church.
NEW BEDFORD—New Bedford Dry Goods Co.; Miss L. T. Sylvia, ladies', infants' wear; Miss M. E. Mason, millinery; 75 Spring; Grand.
NEW HAVEN—Malley, E., Co.; B. Ettlinger, millinery; 320 Church.
NEW ORLEANS—Holmes, D. H. & Co.; Miss M. Orr, waists; Miss J. L. Hogan, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 19 E. 26th; Victoria.
NORWICH—Porteous-Mitchell Co.; T. H. Galligan, laces; 55 White; Hermitage.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; Miss Parness, coats, suits; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; Miss Schoenfeld, children's plush, cloth coats; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Fink Co.; H. Blauner, jobs sport coats; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Horn, P., & Co.; P. Horn, coats, dresses; 200 5th Av.; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA—Silverman, M., & Son, A. Silverman, cloaks, suits; 7 W. 22d.
PHILADELPHIA—Snellenberg, N., & Co., Miss A. M. Day, laces, hdkfs., ladies' neckwear; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Wanamaker, John; A. G. Cressman, muslin underwear; Broadway and 10th.
PHILADELPHIA—Stokely, J., & Co.; J. Stokely, umbrellas; Hoffman House.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Mrs. G. Savidge, furs; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Wanamaker, John; Miss M. McMahon, misses' coats, suits; Broadway and 10th.
PHILADELPHIA—Wolf, H. C., & Co.; H. C. Wolf, millinery; St. Denis.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; A. B. Kuehn, cloaks, suits; 200 5th Av.
PITTSTON, Penn.—Waldman & Co.; H. Waldman, cloaks, suits, millinery; Elks Club.
PROVIDENCE—L. Dimond & Sons; J. T. Goodwin, notions; 116 W. 32d; Hermitage.
QUINCY, ILL.—J. J. Reiff, cloaks and suits; 40 East 22d.
READING, Penn.—Crawford Co.; Mrs. R. Crawford, ready-to-wear; 226 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; G. M. Pratt, domestics; 454 Broome; Grand.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; W. H. Crumley, hdkfs., white goods; 454 Broome.
SCHENECTADY—Barney, H. S., Co.; H. A. Miller, ribbons, gloves, jewelry, leather goods; 75 Spring.
SCRANTON—Crane, F. L.; cloaks, suits; Victoria.
SCRANTON—Clarke Bros.; A. E. Vetter, cloaks, suits; 4 Union Square.
SEATTLE—"Bon Marche"; G. Kalt, rugs, upholstery goods; 2 Walker.
SHAMOKIN, PENN.—Shapiro, Brothers; L. Shapiro, dry goods; T. Shapiro, furnishing goods; Grand.
SPRINGFIELD, OHIO—Wren, Edward, Co.; M. F. Tucker, cloaks, suits; C. C. Shaw, dress goods, silks; 320 Church.
ST. LOUIS—Levis, Zukoski Mercantile Co.; E. Levis, flowers, feathers; J. A. Cunningham, laces, millinery, ornaments; 621 Bwy.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; G. F. Newhard, notions, jewelry, ribbons, fancy goods; 258 Church
ST. JOSEPH—Tootle, Campbell D. G. Co.; J. H. Bolen, hosiery, furn. goods; 78 Leonard.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; W. Grantfield, handkerchiefs; 2 Walker.
TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; W. H. Campbell, domestics, 1,270 Broadway; Wallick's.
TOLEDO—Nast, J.; coats, suits; 221 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss D. Collins, ladies' neckwear; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, art goods, trimmings; Miss L. McGill, laces, ribbons; 334 4th Av.; Holland House.
WASHINGTON—King, H., & Co.; H. King, dry goods; Cumberland.
WORCESTER—MacInnes, J. C., Co.; A. A. Spaulding; cloaks, suits; 55 White.

Elevated Can Let Chicagoans Shiver

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The millions of passengers who patronize the elevated railroads of this city found no cheer in a decision handed down by the Appellate Court of Cook County, holding that the city cannot compel the roads to heat their cars. Through a technical defect in the municipal ordinance designed to protect shivering passengers the court holds that the overhead companies are not bound by the law which makes obligatory the heating of surface cars to a comfortable temperature.

Business Notices.

SALESMAN.
ONE OF THE LARGEST POPULAR-PRICED DRESS HOUSES, WITH BIG ESTABLISHED TRADE THROUGH MIDDLE WEST, REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF WELL-EXPERIENCED SALESMEN FOR THAT TERRITORY; COMMISSION BASIS. BOX 56, 352 6TH AV.

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Paris. 4 Cite Paradis. Dresden, 18 Burgerwiese.

LARGE MANUFACTURERS are now looking at snappy styles of ladies' and misses' coats and suits for the Spring. Manufacturers or sub-contractors catering to the jobbing trade may write for appointment. L 15 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for Canada to handle popular-priced line of shirtwaists; only those with established trade need apply. Address N 230 Times Downtown.

NOTICE TO DRESS MANUFACTURERS.—Jobber will look on silk and cotton dresses for the Spring from $2.50 up. 158-160 West 29th, fifth floor.

SALESMAN, who sells every jobber, wishes line of house dresses, ladies' dresses, &c.; can produce big results right line. L 1 Times.

RAINCOATS AND RAINCAPES.
Jobbers and buyers. Jobs always on hand. Schwartz Bros., 3 East 17th St., City.

JOBS ON CASH BASIS, muslin underwear, children's dresses, also ladies' wear. A. Laben, 3 East 17th St.

Jobbers looking this week at Spring lines of silk waists and wash dresses. 11 West 25th St.

OPEN FOR A JOB of Fall coats; spot cash. Room 601, 18 West 27th St.

SPORT COATS
¾ AND FULL LENGTH
$3.75-$5-$6.75-$10-$12.50
Chinchilla, Boucle and Fancies
LOUIS W. LAPIDUS
12 West 27th St.

SACRIFICE OF FINE WAISTS
Latest models in chiffons, laces, silks, Must sell entire stock before removal
I. LEFKOWITZ,
22 W. 21st Street

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
Splendid new well-known speciality line for the coming season for parties with established trade only. Entire South, Chicago to Denver and Coast. Opportunity, B 62 Times.

CLOAK MANUFACTURERS.
Salesman, thoroughly acquainted with all the jobbers, wishes to arrange for cloak line for 1914; only those who have the goods answer. L 3 Times.

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A course of forty-five lectures on law for business women and those interested in the management of property. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 11:30 A.M., or 8:00 P.M., at the University Building, Washington Square, Manhattan. First Lecture, November 11th. Limited number of scholarships available. For bulletin address
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20 Years at this Address Means Something. Tel. 4557-4684 Columbus.
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Correct Tone Production, Breathing, and Interpretation Studio, Aeolian Hall, opens Sept. 9. Bry. 7194.

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Union Suits
For
Gentlemen

YOU have no idea of the comfort-difference in union suits until you compare the Vassar Swiss ribbed with any other union suit made. Try it; have your dealer lay an ordinary union suit full length on the counter and a Vassar Swiss rib beside it.

Notice the shape first; one is cut-and-sewed, the other is knit-to-shape. One has bulky, rough seams, the other has selvage-edge seams. One has the sleeve and ankle cuffs sewed on, the other knit on.

Try it; the Vassar Swiss rib comfort is worth the difference in price.

Vassar Swiss Underwear Co.
Chicago

Bankruptcy Sales

MILLIKEN BROTHERS, INC.—Adjournment of Sale.—Pursuant to decree made by the Honorable Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, dated October 8, 1913, the sale of the property of the bankrupt is adjourned to Tuesday, November 11, 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to be held at the County Court House of Richmond County, New York, in the Borough of Richmond, City of New York.

MILLIKEN BROTHERS, INC.
SALE BY TRUSTEES IN BANKRUPTCY.
United States District Court—Southern District of New York—In the matter of Milliken Brothers, Inc., Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy—No. 17,751.
Pursuant to a decree made by the Honorable Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, dated September 11, 1913, the undersigned, Trustee in Bankruptcy of Milliken Brothers, Inc., by Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, will on November 11, 1913, (adjourned from Oct. 10, 1913,) commencing at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, sell at public sale, at the Court House of Richmond County, New York, in the Borough of Richmond, City of New York, in accordance with the provisions of said decree and the terms of sale, all of the properties of the bankrupt, wheresoever located, including real and personal property, choses in action, franchises, patents, contracts, good-will, and in general all assets of every kind, nature, and description, together with all property acquired by or in the possession of said Trustees on said date of sale and being the property of said bankrupt, and (a) cash on hand; (b) all accounts and bills receivable, and (c) completed contracts and payments due thereon and to become due.
For the terms and conditions of sale reference is made to the Decree of Sale and to the Terms of Sale, copies of which may be obtained after September 27, 1913, at the office of the Referee, No. 71 Broadway, or at the office of the Auctioneer, Charles Shongood, 639 Broadway, or at the office of the undersigned, Attorneys for the Trustees. The official report of Appraisers may be examined at the office of the Referee.
The following is a description of the real property to be sold:
All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being at Mariner's Harbor, Howland's Hook, Staten Island, in the Third Ward of the Borough and County of Richmond, (formerly Town of Northfield,) City and State of New York, which, taken together in three separate parcels, are bounded and described as follows, viz.:

FIRST PARCEL.
Beginning at a point in the northerly side of the Shore Road, or Richmond Terrace, at the southwesterly corner of land now or formerly of Cornelius Jones, known as Lot No. 4 on a map entitled, "Property of the heirs of the late John De Hart, deceased, Tunis Tappen, Surveyor, 1870," and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Richmond; and running thence along the westerly line of said Lot No. 4, north 5 degrees 13 minutes and 34 seconds west, 405 feet 6 and ¼ inches, to the waters of the River Kill von Kull or Newark Bay; thence along the waters of the River Kill von Kull or Newark Bay, the nine following courses: north 75 degrees 53 minutes west, 39 feet 9 inches; north 1 degree 6 minutes west, 44 feet 8 and ¾ inches; north 22 degrees 32 minutes west, 29 feet 8 inches; north 4 degrees 56 minutes and 16 seconds west, 97 feet 7 inches; north 34 degrees 42 minutes and 30 seconds east, 102 feet 10 and ¼ inches; north 40 degrees 17 minutes east, 89 feet;

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The north disturbance of Monday has passed off the Canadian Coast, attended by light rains that during the last twenty-four hours extended over New England, the Middle Atlantic States, the lower Lake region, and portions of the upper Lake region. Elsewhere over the eastern half of the country the weather was fair, with high pressure prevailing generally. Pressure is also high in the West, except in the extreme Northwest, although rains continued in the Southwest and the Pacific States, and rains and snows in the central and south Rocky Mountain region.

With the exception of local rains Wednesday in the Gulf States, and probably on Thursday near the Gulf of Mexico, fair weather will prevail east of the Rocky Mountains during the next few days, with, however, some prospects of unsettled weather Wednesday night or Thursday in the Northwest. West of the Rocky Mountains the weather will be unsettled, with rains in the Coast States and local rains in the interior.

Temperatures will rise over the central portion of the country on Wednesday and in the East on Thursday, by which time they will again be falling in the Northwest.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Winds.—North Atlantic moderate west and northwest; Middle Atlantic moderate northwest to north, becoming variable Thursday; South Atlantic moderate, becoming east.

New England—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; moderate west to northwest winds, becoming variable Thursday.

Eastern New York—Fair Wednesday; Thursday fair, slightly warmer in west; moderate west and northwest winds, becoming variable Thursday.

New Jersey—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; moderate northwest and north winds, becoming variable.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday; Thursday fair, slightly warmer; light to moderate north winds, becoming variable.

Western New York—Fair Wednesday; Thursday fair, warmer, moderate west winds, becoming variable.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday, Thursday fair, warmer; moderate, variable winds, becoming southeast.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	37	50	4 P. M.	51	52
6 A. M.	36	48	6 P. M.	49	46
9 A. M.	41	50	9 P. M.	47	45
12 M.	47	53	11 P. M.	46	..

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50; for the corresponding date last year it was 44; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 48.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 49; at 8 P. M. it was 46. Maximum temperature, 56 degrees at 11 A. M.; minimum, 45 degrees at 9 P. M. Humidity, 70 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 45 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.4 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.15 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.	Loss.
4:35—31 W. 131st St.; Sarah McCauley	$400
6:10—242 Canal St.; Novelties and art Pasting Co	$500
7:22—818 2d Av.; Russit Estate	Trifling
11:55—20 Pearl St.; Chesebrough Manufacturing Co	No damage
11:55—209 Chrystie St.; Mr. Kaplan	$20
P.M.	
12:30—233 Thompson St.; Carmelli Wine Co	No damage
12:30—3 East 42d St.; Riker Drug Co., owner unknown	Trifling
12:45—111-113 W. 141st St.; Owner unknown	Trifling
12:50—339 Spring St.; Gilbert Metal Ceiling Co	Trifling
1:20—Riverside Drive and 171st St.; owner unknown	Trifling
P.M.	Loss.
12:30—3 East 42d St.; Riker Drug Co.	Trifling
12:30—233 Thompson St.; Carmille Wine Company	Trifling
12:45—111 West 141st St.; owner unknown	Trifling
12:50—339 Spring St.; Gilbert Metal Co.	Trifling
1:20—171st St. and Riverside Drive; owner unknown	Trifling
2:30—208 Chrystie St.; owner unknown	Trifling
2:45—411 East 151st St.; John Geise	Trifling
3:00—17 West St.; National Oil Co	Trifling
3:20—34 Thompson St.; owner unknown	$200
3:20—1,455 1st Av.; M. J. Kines	Trifling
3:45—300 East 113th St.; owner unknown	Trifling
4:00—172 Varick St.; city property	Trifling
4:20—2,064 Crotona Parkway; Hudson Woodworking Co	$1,000
4:35—302 East 95th St.; owner unknown	$10
4:45—30 Lawrence St.; Storett & Thorpe	Trifling
4:50—34 Essex St.; owner unknown	Trifling
4:50—373 Pleasant Av.; R. Weinstein	Trifling
4:50—405 East 123d St.; H. Sagan	Trifling
4:55—67th St. and 5th Av.; owner unknown	Trifling
5:00—Willett and Broome Sts.; owner unknown	Trifling
5:20—132d St. and Lincoln Av.; owner unknown	Trifling
5:30—155th St. and Amsterdam Av.; owner unknown	Trifling
5:45—652 Lenox Av.; Oceanic Theatre Company	Trifling
5:45—Highbridge Park; city property	Trifling
6:00—7th Av. and 150th St.; O. J. Gude & Co	Trifling
6:00—1,470 Amsterdam Av.; W. Canavan	
6:00—Broadway and 129th St.; A. Van Brunt	$25
6:10—411 West 141st St.; J. Smith	Trifling
6:40—Amsterdam Av. and 188th St.; J. Sterling	Trifling
6:45—Randall's Island; Infants' Hospital	Trifling
7:10—118 Varick St.; city property	Trifling
7:15—253 East Houston St.; Fannie Simon	Trifling
7:15—1,531 Amsterdam Av.; H. Fisher	Trifling
7:15—638 E. 16th St.; Max Stein	Trifling
7:20—710 Tremont Av.; Tremont Casino	$150
7:20—167 Woodycrest Av.; unknown	Trifling
7:20—164th St. and Brook Av.; owner unknown	Trifling
7:30—806 West 151st St.; A. Mordacay	$50
7:30—Trinity Place and Rector St.; owner unknown	Trifling
7:40—Fort George Park and 181st St.; unknown	Trifling
7:45—330 W 25th St.; Fraad Contracting Company	$1,000
7:45—1,509 Avenue A; W. Herzog	$20
7:50—580 W. 50th St.; W. H. White & Son	Trifling
8:15—Fort Washington Av., 159th and 160th Sts.; unknown	Trifling
8:15—630 E. 230th St.; unknown	Trifling
8:30—626 St. and Avenue A; Dock Department	Trifling
8:40—511 E. 135th; Samuel Cohen	Trifling
8:45—320 W. 59th St.; Mrs. Merritt	Trifling
8:55—172 Varick St.; City of New York	Trifling
8:55—155 W. 117th St.; Gude & Duff	$10
9:00—63 2d Av.; elevated railroad	Trifling
9:10—17 W. 10th St.; Greenhut-Siegel-Cooper Company	Trifling
9:13—540 W. 126th St.; G. Littlefield	Trifling
9:30—604 Dawson St.; B. Schneul	Trifling
9:35—175th St. and Grand Concourse; War Department	Trifling
9:35—642 W. 13th St.; Pallington Manufacturing Co.	Trifling
10:00—290 W. 10th; Michael Bowes	Trifling
10:05—1,152 3d Av.; Samuel Finns	Trifling
10:10—484 E. 70th St.; unknown	Trifling
10:20—420 W. 125th St.; unknown	Trifling
11:00—909 Columbus Av.; O. Schaffer	Trifling

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Major C. R. Darnall, Medical Corps, is relieved from duty in this city, to take effect Jan. 1; will proceed to San Francisco and sail on about April 5 for the Philippines for duty.

The name of Col. W. A. Shunk, Cavalry, is placed on the list of detached officers, and the name of Col. G. H. G. Gale, Cavalry, is removed therefrom.

Changes in the Corps of Engineers: Capt. J. J. Bain, from his present duty, to take effect about Nov. 29, to Chattanooga, Tenn., for duty.

Capt. R. C. Moore, relieved from his present duty, to take effect about Dec. 2, to Vancouver Barracks, Wash., for duty.

First Lieut. J. A. O'Connor, from Engineer School, Washington Barracks, D. C., report to officer in charge of public buildings and grounds, Washington, for duty under his orders.

First Lieut. L. H. Watkins, from duty at the Engineer School, Washington Barracks, D. C., report to the District Engineer office, Washington, D. C., for duty under his orders.

Col. L. D. Read, Cavalry, is relieved from attachment to the Second Cavalry, and is attached to the Fifteenth Cavalry.

The promotion of First Lieut. S. Baker, Second Field Artillery, to the grade of Captain, with rank from Oct. 9, is announced.

Capt. D. H. Biddle, Cavalry, to Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, and Albany, N. Y., on official business, then to his station.

Major G. Le R. Irwin, Quartermaster Corps, is relieved from detail in that corps, to take effect Jan. 1.

Col. W. K. Wright, Infantry, will report in person to the Chief of Staff for temporary duty in the office of the Chief of the Division of Militia Affairs, and upon the completion thereof, will proceed to Governors Island, N. Y., not later than Jan. 1 for duty, relieving Col. S. W. Dunning, Infantry.

Capt. W. B. Smedberg, Jr., Cavalry, will repair to this city and report to the President of the Cavalry Board for temporary duty, then to his station.

Leaves—First Lieut. J. H. Dickey, Fifteenth Cavalry, one month and twenty days; Capt. C. Deems, Jr., First Field Artillery, three months, after which time he will report to commanding officer, Letterman General Hospital, for further observation; First Lieut. J. S. Kennedy, Medical Reserve Corps, five days.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral N. R. Usher, to commandant, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Chief Boatswain E. Allen, detached receiving ship at New York, to Navy Yard, New York.

Boatswain B. Schumacher, to Naval Training Station, Newport, R. I.

Commander T. S. Wilson, retired, died at Media, Penn., Nov. 1.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Whipple, Perry, Paul Jones, and Truxtun, at San Pedro; Michigan, at Vera Cruz.

Sailed—Rainbow, from Fuchau for Olongapo.

The Justin will leave San Francisco for Guaymas, Mexico, about Nov. 15.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice:

John C. Bell of Philadelphia and Eugene B. Strassburger of Pittsburgh, Penn., were admitted to practice.

750—The United States vs. the Midwest Oil Company.—Motion to advance submitted.

49—Henry C. Loeb, trustee in bankruptcy of the Block Mercantile Company, appellant, vs. Germania Savings Bank and Trust Company.—Dismissed with costs.

34—Ben F. Harrison, Secretary of State of the State of Oklahoma, appellant, vs. St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company.—Submitted.

38—Joseph Patsone, plaintiff in error, vs. the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.—Argument commenced.

40—Frank A. Munsey, plaintiff in error, vs. Wesley Webb, administrator, &c.—Argument commenced.

The day call for Nov. 5: Nos. 40, 41, (and 42,) 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 52, and 53.

STATE.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Jenks, P. J.; Hirschberg, Burr, Thomas, Carr, Rich, and Putnam, JJ. Enumerated day calendar. 313—Anderson v. Dodd. 297, N E—Matter of Robinski. 321, N E—Godesky v. Cuff. 324—Title Guarantee Co v. Goldberg. 326, N E—Cole v. Rochelle Park Association. 23—Reider v. City of Mount Vernon. 19—Seaman v. City of New York. 596—Szimanski v. Nichols Copper Co. 663—People v. Brandwein. 554—Milerk v. Tartar Co. 251—Cojean v. Langel. 556—Barratting v. Rapp Co. 566—Bauman v. Steingester. 259—Goetz v. Duffy. 549—Matter of Clark. 558—Barnett v. American Stopper Co. 529—Carruthers v. Wainwright. 472—Elmiger v. N Y & Q Co Ry. 542—Lattey v. Corse Payton Co. 595—Flint v. Abendroth Co. 575—Sullivan v. Graham. 577—Morton v. Smith Hoisting Co. 578—Hyde Park Co v. Jackson Co. 580—Irwin v. Ellis. 592—Seyford v. Southern Pacific Co. 593—Manhattan Co v. Paul. 600—Schelling v. B. Q Co & S R R. 645—Montrose v. Baggott.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department—The next term of this court will begin on Monday, Dec. 1, 1913. The printed cases or papers on appeal must be filed with the Clerk for said term on or before Saturday, Nov. 22, 1913.

Dated Kings County, Nov. 3, 1913.

JOHN B. BYRNE, Clerk.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Maddox, J. Litigated motions, 1, 2 and 3—Matter of Knickerbocker. 4-9—Matter of Brown. 10, 11—Matter of Carey. 12—Matter of Sheehan, (Motion 1.) 13, 14—Matter of Dougall. 15—Wright v. Wright. 16—Schultz, Sadie, v. Barrett Pitkin Realty Co. 17—Schultz, Simon, v. same. 18—Matter of Cohen, (Jennings Lumber Co.) 19—Casuality Co of America v. Rubel and another. 20—Guellner v. N Y Telephone Co. 21—Ostrander v. Foster-Scott Ice Co. 22—Bell v. Bell. 23—O'Neill v. Gallagher and others. 24—Messing v. Standard Varnish Works. 25—Flusterstein v. Lyons. 26—Pilato v. M. P. Smith & Sons Co. 27—Hoffman v. Phillips. 28—Elkins v. Ardenter Mustard & S Co. 29—Kempster v. Olympic Club of New York. 30—Sokolove v. Sokolove. 31—Graham v. Straus and others. 32—McVeigh v. Rosenzweig. 33—Cohen v. Dean Holding Co. 34—Jamaica Hillcrest Co v. W. C. Haugsard Co and others. 35—Condelles v. Meek. 36—Flynn v. N Y & L I Traction Co. 37—U S Mortgage & Trust Co v. Midland Railroad Terminal Co. 38—Stevens v. Stevens. 39—Moeller v. Moeller. 40—People ex rel Horn v. Johnson. 41—Crapp v. Stanley. 42—People ex rel L I R R Co v. Wolf et al. 43—Rosenbaum v. Phillips. 44—Brooklyn Trust Co v. Levine and others, (Action 1.) 45—Brooklyn Trust Co. v. same, (Action 2.) 46—Ross v. Woodcock. 47—Kimball v. Hedges. 48—Brown v. Brown. 49—O'Connell v. Wilson. 50—Bailey v. Jones and others. 51—Devine v. Furlong and others. 52—Same v. same. 53—Adler v. Adler. 54—Neponsit Realty Co v. Lines. 55—Rosenberg v. Rosenberg. 56—Dykman v. Utah Lead Mining Co. 57—Lifshitz v. Kircher and others. 58—Same v. Berardo et al. 59—D. Mayer Brewing Co v. Kruman. 60—Matter of Mumford. 61—Bliefernich v. Liverpool, London & Globe Ins Co. 62—Hall v. Peyser and others. 63—L. Michel Brewing Co v. Keeley and others. 64—Hamburg v. Social Halls Association. 65—Ginsburg, Bessie, v. Levy. 66—Ginsburg, Barnet, v. same. 67—Starke v. Republic Construction Co. 68—Hazeldine v. same. 69—Donovan v. Fargo.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Blackmar, J.; Part III., Manning, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Kelby, J. 1629, 1630—McNanny v. City of N Y. 1631—Williams v. B H R R. 1639—Gray v. City of N Y. 1640—Spector v. B H R R. 781—Williams v. Trecartin and another. 1257—Kelly v. Gibb et al. 1150—Solomon v. Solomon. 4216—Sullivan v. Riley and another. 4570—Davidson. 1046—Wolkoff v. Steinhaus. 1094—Barbera v. Whipple Security Co. 1195—Kenz v. Lutz. 1316—Sunman v. City of N Y. 4559—Cameron Machine Co v. Hoffman-Youmans Paper Mills. 1651—Nolan v. Parkinson. 884—Turner v. Woolworth and another. 1654—Luberwitz v. Friedman. 1655—Bloomfield v. Board of Education. 1657—McDonough v. Bolowitz and another. 1658—Smith v. So Bklyn Ry Co. 1659—Cassert v. B H R R. 1661—Wells v. Straus et al. 1662—Pecket v. Transit Development Co. 1670—Beck v. City of N Y et al. 1673—Southard v. Gray. 1674—Foling v. Nassau R R. 1675—McMorrow v. B H R R. 1683—Brown v. Hayes. The balance of the day calendar stands over until Nov. 6. Highest number reached on regular call, 1719.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. 39—Miller (deceased) v. White. 136—Wroldsen v. Ravn. 361—Communipaw Steel Company v. Ashfield & Sons. 364—Vinikoff v. F & J Realty Co. 368—Van Horn v. Van Horn (executor). 370—Berlin v. Pearlberg. 371—Personowsky v. Goldfield. 372—Taylor v. Taylor. 378—De Kalb Holding Co v. Madison Theatre Co. 379—Hall v. Nolty. 380—Lang v. Hoetzel. 384—Kurnick v. Shernsky. 385—Anderson v. Anderson. 387—Williams v. Williams. 390—Mass Mut Life Ins Co v. Mortimer. 391—Muskat v. Muskat. 394—Schwartz v. Carbondale Knitting Mills Co. 398—Amboy Terra Cotta Co v. Sam House Amus Co. 399—Cameron v. Cameron. 402—Eiseman v. Eiseman. 405—Manfre v. Manfre. 406—Vose v. Noiseless Door & Cushion Co. 409—Clement v. Clement. 413—Ross v. Picker. 415—Butzgy v. Schneider. 416—Hand v. Highway Amus Co. 417—Luciano v. M & J Construc Co. 418—Sinclair v. Mulrean. 419—Levy v. May. 420—McEnrose v. Ryan. The remaining cases marked ready on the calendar of Nov. 3 will be added to this calendar from time to time as these cases are disposed of. Highest number reached on the regular call, 463.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Benedict, J. Ex parte business.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I. Fawcett, J. Salvatore Scirenga, Irving Greenberg, Bosso Tallarico, John Monforte, John Roeden, Stephen Ritzo, and Carmino Castagnino.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calender—Part II. Tiernan, J. Dora Glutzer, Alfred Leahy, Eli Pequard, Morris Blumberg, Salvatore Iandagno, Dominick Ritzo, and Rafalle Summa.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part III. Moore, J. Girolino, Baziano, Michaele Ingenito, James Boyle, Julius Lovett, and Giuseppe Ceffo.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part IV. Niemann, J. 1157—Kortrolyessny v. Manhattan Cooperage Co. 2175—Miller v. Scholes Co. 2150—Silberlicht v. B H R R Co. 2228, 2229—Kaminsky v. same. 2233—Harney v. same. 2182—McCabe v. same. 2225—Powell v. same. 2237—Taylor v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 2463—Deinhorst v. Frost.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 2236—Burke v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 2241—Stoddard Motor Car Co v. Mayer. 2247—Horowitz v. Lack. 2248—Kerlbiski v. Blue Taxi Co. 2251—Lucey v. Kaloff. 2253—Fona v. Bushler. 2180, 2181—Bigongari v. B Un Elec R R Co. 54—Osgood v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 1—Franke v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 2211—Novle v. Connelly. 981—Anderson v. B H R R Co. Highest number reached on regular calendar, 2255.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S. Wills of Christian Braun, Maria Braun, and David Costina. Accounting in the estates of Michael J Coffel, R Marrix, A Heidenrich, Clara Griffin, Samuel Smith, Lue Wontien, Sophia Hecht, M L Sampson Ancust Stonpey, Frederick Bancock, and Eliza Mulry. Estates of James Haggerty, George W. Barney, and Eugene Tyler. Contested calendar: Will of Mary Clausen.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

There were no plans for new buildings in Manhattan yesterday. The following were filed in the Bronx:

Newman Av, w s, 25 ft n of O'Brien Av, for a two-and-a-half-story frame dwelling, 18x34; Annie Gick, Clason Point, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av., architect; cost, $3,000.

236th St, 104.62 ft e of Verlo Av, for two two-and-a-half-story frame dwellings, 20x33; Betty Peterson, 2,254 Ryer Av, owner; Ehrich Peterson, 2,254 Ryer Av, architect; cost, $7,400.

Blackrock Av, s s, 102.62 ft e of Virginia Av, for two two-story brick dwellings, 20.6x34; William Buhl, Inc., 1,940 McGraw Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $12,000.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:33|Sun sets..4:54|Moon sets..11:17

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:33	12:45	6:28	7:16
Governors Island	1:35	1:53	7:35	8:17
Hell Gate	3:25	3:23	9:15	9:57

Arrived—Tuesday, Nov. 4.

SS Minnehaha, London, Oct. 25.
SS Noordam, Retterdam, Oct. 25.
SS Montserrat, Havana, Oct. 31.
SS San Juan, San Juan, Oct. 29.
SS Matura, Grenada, Oct. 25.
SS Hungarian Prince, Port of Spain, Oct. 27.
SS Californian, St. Lucia, Oct. 28.
SS Saxonia, Gibraltar, Oct. 22.
SS Havana, Havana, Nov. 1.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Kaiser W. der Grosse	Bremen	Oct. 28
Narragansett	London	Oct. 18
Aragonia	Gibraltar	Oct. 17
Armenia	Hamburg	Oct. 19
Hilarius	Ponce	Oct. 23
Main	Bremen	Oct. 20
Cruba	Antilla	Nov. 1
Prinz Aug. Wilhelm	Kingston	Oct. 31
Prinzess Irene	Palermo	Oct. 25
Fawnee	Shields	Oct. 18
Paloma	Nipe	Oct. 31
Consul Horn	Amsterdam	Oct. 17
El Dia	Galveston	Oct. 30

DUE TO-MORROW.

Oceanic	Southampton	Oct. 29
Aureole	Dartmouth	Oct. 25
Chr. Knudsen	Middlesboro	Oct. 22
Zacapa	Kingston	Nov. 1
Bremen	Bremen	Oct. 25
Paul Paix	Swansea	Oct. 21
Pola	Huelva	Oct. 17
Caribbean	Bermuda	Nov. 4
Roma	Azores	Oct. 29
Momus	New Orleans	Nov. 1

DUE FRIDAY.

Sicania	Lisbon	Oct. 21
Smyrna	Huelva	Oct. 18
Themistocles	Piraeus	Oct. 21
Celtic	Liverpool	Oct. 30
City of Columbus	Savanah	Nov. 4
El Valle	Galveston	Nov. 1
Caroline	Havre	Oct. 25
Pretoria	Hamburg	Oct. 25
Zulia	San Juan	Nov. 1
Vestris	Barbados	Nov. 1
Exeter City	Swansea	Oct. 23

DUE SATURDAY.

Savole	Havre	Nov. 1
Olga	Seville	Oct. 27
Santiago	Key West	Nov. 4
Belvedere	Naples	Oct. 26
Laura	Almeria	Oct. 26
Prins Willem V	Haiti	Nov. 3
Lenape	Jacksonville	Nov. 5
Esperanza	Havana	Nov. 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lusitania, Liverpool		1:00 A.M.
Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caracas, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Metapan, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Asuncion de Larrinaga, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Zeeland, Antwerp		10:00 A.M.
Santa Clara, Havana		12:00 M.
Curityba, Cardenas		12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Colorado, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans		12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	12:00 M.	1:00 P.M.
Purus, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Albinga, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Ultonia, Naples		12:00 M.
Bayamon, San Juan		12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston		12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

New York, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nickerie, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Albingia, Inagua	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Portuguese Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Caribbean, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Camaguey, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Puros, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Bremen, Bremen		10:00 A.M.
Venezia, Naples		3:00 P.M.
Columbia, Glasgow		2:00 P.M.
Minnehaha, London		1:00 P.M.
Cymric, Liverpool		12:00 M.
Calabria, Naples		3:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Oruba, Jamaica		1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
El Rio, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Dia, Galveston		12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., NOV. 4.

SS Main, Bremen to New York, was 193 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 5th, 8 A. M. North German Lloyd.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen to New York, was 660 miles E. at 5:25 A. M.; due 5th, 2 P. M. North German Lloyd.

SS Bremen, Bremen to New York, was 560 miles E. at noon; due 6th, 8:30 A. M. North German Lloyd.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 275 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Rio Grande, Brunswick to New York, was 205 miles S. at noon.

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 225 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Comal, Mobile to New York, was 135 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 115 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 564 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Rayo, New Orleans to New York, was 375 miles S. at 7 A. M.

SS Zacapa, Santa Marta to New York, was 510 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 6:30 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Minnetonka, at London, Nov. 4.
SS Warturm, at Melbourne, Nov. 3.
SS Sturmfels, at Sydney, Nov. 3.
SS Trent, at Barbados, Nov. 3.
SS Japanese Prince, at Santos, Nov. 2.
SS Lackawanna, at Avonmouth Nov. 2.
SS Crofton Hall, at Antofagasta, Oct. 31.
SS Countess Warwick, at Rio Janeiro, Nov. 1.
SS Manhattan, at Antwerp, Nov. 2.
SS Atlantic City, at Melbourne, Nov. 2.
SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, at Bremen, Nov. 4.

Sailed.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., from Bremen, Nov. 4.
SS Baron Polvarth, from Cardiff, Nov. 3.
SS Hubert, from Para, Nov. 2.
SS Falls of Nith, from Taltal, Nov. 1.
SS Czar, from Libau, Oct. 28.
SS Re d'Italia, from Naples, Oct. 30.
SS Canada, from Marseilles, Oct. 31.
SS Panonia, from Gibraltar, Nov. 4.
SS Gibraltar, from Barbados, Nov. 2.
SS Salaga, from Liverpool, Nov. 4.

Passed.

SS Graf Waldersee, New York for Hamburg, passed Brow Head.
SS Verona, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Siberia.....Nov. 6
Tahiti, Margruses, Cook Islands, and New Zealand and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Tahiti .....Nov. 7
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru .....Nov. 6
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline.Nov. 7
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma.....Nov. 13
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Mara.....Nov. 14
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Niagara .....Nov. 21

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 6, SS New York.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 5, SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie and SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, and at 5 P. M. Nov. 10, SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 6, SS New York.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 6, SS Ultonia.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 4, SS Zeeland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 6, SS Ultonia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 3, SS Nieuw Amsterdam, and at 5 P. M. Nov. 10, SS Noordam.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 20, SS Heilig Olav.
Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. Nov. 18, SS Bergensfjord.
Italy—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 6, SS Ultonia.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Oct. 8; Sydney, Oct. 4; Auckland, Oct. 9, and Wellington, Oct. 10—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Tahiti, were dispatched east at 4 P. M. Oct. 30, and mails dated Hongkong, Oct. 4; Shanghai, Oct. 7; Yokohama, Oct. 15, and Honolulu, Oct. 25, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Siberia, were dispatched east at 4 P. M. Oct. 31, and are due in New York on the mornings of Tuesday, Nov. 4, and Wednesday, Nov. 5, respectively.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JERE. JOHNSON JR. COMPANY.

Positive Auction Without Reserve

SATURDAY, NOV. 8

at 1:30 P. M., on premises, rain or shine, under proper shelter,

146 IMPROVED CITY LOTS

AT THE JUNCTION OF

Thompson (Now Queens Boulevard) & Greenpoint Avs.

LONG ISLAND CITY

RIGHT AT THE

Dual Subway Station

NOW UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

From Herald Square the lots are Equidistant with 96th St., Manhattan.

Interborough Subway Trains will run through the Belmont Tube and stop at this station.

B. R. T. Subway Trains and **Interborough "L" Trains** will cross the Queensboro Bridge and stop at this station.

This station will be the third stop in Long Island City from Manhattan. Every important centre in Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx will be brought into direct touch with this property, with a **Five Cent Fare** to all points.

Estimated running time to the heart of the 42d St. district, **8 minutes**, or about 15 minutes to City Hall.

IMPROVEMENTS The lots have sewers, cement sidewalks and curbs, brick gutters, &c., all laid under City inspection and according to City specifications. The streets are on City grade and are macadamized. No assessments for any of this work.

HOW TO GO From the Manhattan side of the Queensboro Bridge take a Thomson Av. car direct to the property—running time 15 minutes—or take any 42d St. car marked "Long Island City" to Bridge Plaza, Long Island City, and there take a Thomson Av. car.

TERMS: 60% may remain on mortgage at 5%.

ALL TITLES INSURED without expense to purchasers by the Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

MAPS AND PARTICULARS FROM

JERE JOHNSON JR. CO.

187 Broadway, Manhattan.
193 Montague St., Brooklyn.
OR COURTNEY DEVELOPMENT CO.,
1,170 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

Business Established 1853.

Horace S. Ely & Co.

This Company acts as agent for Trustees, Executors and Owners in taking entire charge of Real Estate.
Makes appraisals.
Acts as Broker in the sale and leasing of Real Estate.

21 Liberty St. 27 West 30th St.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
62 Cedar Street
The Management, Sale and Rental of
REAL ESTATE
Business Established 1868.

BROKERS, ATTENTION!

Will erect and lease to reliable clients in good standing lofts, factories or warehouses.

Brokers having such clients will be fully protected and can get further information of ALFRED M. RAU, 505 FIFTH AV.

To Let—Unfurnished.

TWO PRIVATE HOUSES
20th St., off 7th Ave.,
for rent; connected if desired;
$50 per month, each.
J. W. CUSHMAN & CO., 240 W. 23d St

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH
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TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 1100

BUILDING MATERIAL.

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BUILDERS
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CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SOUTHFIELD POINT On the Sound

DELIGHTFUL HOMES AND HOMESITES—ON THE MOST BEAUTIFUL SHORE OF LONG ISLAND SOUND—FOR

WINTER OR SUMMER

50 MINUTES BY ELECTRIC TRAINS FROM GRAND CENTRAL
1 MILE OF WATER FRONT. SUPERIOR BATHING BEACHES.
YACHTING — TENNIS — GOLF.
PHOTOS UPON REQUEST.

**BADGLEY, J

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

Five Bronx Flats Given in Part Payment for Manhattan Property—Suburban Sales.

The realty market was practically at a standstill yesterday owing to the election day activities and the holiday feature of the day. There were no recorded transfers or mortgages in the Register's office, and the Vesey Street auction room was also closed.

The transfers of the preceding day showed that the John J. Tully Company had given in exchange five Bronx flats for three Manhattan properties recently purchased. The latter included the dwellings at 306 West Eighty-ninth Street, and the two flats at 218 and 220 East Eightieth Street, on plot 50 by 102.2. They were purchased from John E. Ahrens, and in exchange the latter took the five-story flats at the southwest corner of Briggs Avenue and 194th Street, on plot 45.5 by 82; the southeast corner of Bainbridge Avenue, on plot 31.8 by 82.6; also 2,606 to 2,614 Briggs Avenue, three flats, each on plot 40 by 80.

This completes the sale of a group of nine houses erected by the Tully Company at that point.

Brooklyn.

The four-story building at 393A Gates Avenue has been sold by Henry Agar to William Necker for the Eagle Savings and Loan Association.

Long Island.

H. C. Johnson, Jr., has sold at Astoria the Benner homestead, remodeled into a six-family apartment house, and plot 55 by 186, on the easterly side of Woolsey Street; the two-story double-frame dwelling and two lots on the easterly side of Lebanon Terrace, and the frame dwelling and two lots on the westerly side of Lebanon Terrace.

Yonkers Sales.

Mary E. Dean has purchased from Charles E. Day the three-story dwelling on plot 50 by 100, at 66 Pier Street, Yonkers. M. A. Broderick was the broker, and he also sold for Julia Horan the three-family house at 61 Cliff Street, to B. Chatburn.

Fifth Avenue Association Dinner.

The fourth annual dinner of the Fifth Avenue Association will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria Nov. 12. Practically all of the prominent city officials and officials-elect will be guests. Among those invited to speak are Champ Clark, Howard Elliott, Chairman of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad; P. F. Murphy, the Rev. Dr. David James Burrell, and Luther B. Little.

1,000 Buildings a Year Demolished.

According to conservative estimates, New York tears down about 1,000 buildings a year. Many of these are perfectly good in every way, but modern methods make it profitable to substitute bigger, higher, and finer edifices. Ever since the panic of 1907, general business has been rather dull. One sign of recurring prosperity is a huge demand for steel.

Leases.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for William L. Amerman the three-story dwelling 168 West Sixty-fourth Street, to Joseph Holmes, and the store and basement at 867 Ninth Avenue to Charles Fischer.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased 176 East Seventy-second Street, a four-story dwelling, for the estate of Hannah J. Hull to Carl Goldbach.

J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co. have leased the store at 1 East Fortieth Street to the Kimberley Company, decorative glass dealers.

The Douglas Robinson-Charles S. Brown Company has leased the five-story American basement dwelling at 7 East Eighty-fourth Street, furnished, to Olney B. Mairs.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY ST.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

120th St, 4 East, s s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; five-story tenement; antelnette Dudensing against Patrick Reddy and others; Edgar Pitske, attorney; Wilbur Larremore, referee; due, $2,789.76; taxes, &c., $280.55; subject to first mortgage of $10,000.

133d St, 65 West, n s, 100 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11, five-story tenement; Augusta Schork against G. K. Wilson and others; J. J. Phelan, attorney; Wilbur Larremore, referee; due, $10,071.46; taxes, &c., $1,000.

By Samuel Goldfischer.

124th St, 230 East, s s, 25 ft w of 2d Av, 16x100.11, three-story dwelling; R. W. Cooper against F. W. Meysenburg and others; Harold Swain, attorney; M. G. Failiser, referee; due, $6,548.50; taxes, &c., $216.77.

AT 3.208 3D AV.

By Joseph P. Day.

Southern Boulevard, e s, 66.11 ft s of 145th St, 25x58.11x25x59.1, one-story building; W. S. Smith against Sarah Moritz and others; W. S. Smith, attorney; G. H. Montague, referee; due, $1,402.98; taxes, &c., $254.07.

By J. H. Mayers.

Arlington Av, n w corner of Kappock St, —x4.11x157.4x70.5, two-story dwelling; K. C. Boyer against M. E. L. Dodge and others; C. P. Latting, attorney; H. H. Herts, referee; due, $12,994.60; taxes, &c., $224.96.

Real Estate

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

To Landlords and Agents of Mercantile Buildings—We guarantee big reductions in electric bills; we charge you nothing at any time; no change of meter or installation; 1,000 owners now benefited; representative will explain; highest references. Electrical Service Company, Inc., 37 Liberty St. 'Phone John 381.

To Let—Unfurnished.

Nine room brick house; steam heat; electric light; improvements. 61 West 184th.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

Look at 691 Elmore Place, (East 22d St.) corner Faragut Road, 10 R., with garage; sell, rent, or exchange; also 1,516 President St., near Albany Av.; new 2-family stone, 13 R., driveway; open daily. Elliott, 44 Court St.

CHESTER COURT ONE-FAMILY HOUSES, $7,750; terms to suit; English stucco brick; Prospect Park station, Brighton "L"; opp. 610 Flatbush Av. F. J. COLLINS, Builder.

My list of Flatbush properties smaller than some, but is carefully selected. Sanders, 95 Linden Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone Flatbush 8570.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A new, pretty, modern cottage in choice section of Briarcliff Manor, N. Y.; worth $8,000; will sell for $6,500 and 75 per cent. can remain on mortgage; nine rooms, hot water heat, electricity; high elevation; superb views; all the appointments demanded by a millionaire. Think twice before you let this opportunity go by. Briarcliff Realty Co., Tel. 7070 Murray Hill. 12—O—East 48th St., N. Y.

Beautiful suburban home of 11 rooms for sale or rent. Extensive view of Hudson River, near station. Will consider an exchange. Box 211, Dobbs Ferry.

Bronxville.

DO YOU PLAY GOLF?

We have just completed 2 houses containing many special features, suitable for small families, within 10 minutes walk of Siwanoy Golf Club's new eighteen-hole course; price, $11,000; attractive terms.

THE TANGLEWYLDE CO., Bronxville, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

Mount Vernon real estate. Oliver Hubbard Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

AT FREEPORT

Two houses, 7 and 10 rooms; all improvements. Beautiful houses built by myself, next my own home, to preserve neighborhood. Terms can be made to suit. An opportunity for right parties.

ROLAND M. LAMB, Freeport, L. I.

FOR SALE AT BAYSIDE PARK, plot 75x100, with all city improvements; entitled to the use of yacht club, beach, and pier; only a few blocks from the shore; price $1,650; on easy monthly payments or less 10% for cash; no charge for deed. Taylor, 12 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL ALL-YEAR HOME.

45 minutes from Penn. Station; new house; every convenience; overlooking L. I. Sound; no near neighbors; sell cheap or rent unfurnished. S. Osgood Pell & Co., 542 6th Av.

Real Estate

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

Bargain.—Two fine lots, 50x125; sidewalks, water, gas, electric lights, best section of Corona, 3 blocks from new Subway, 2 blocks from trolley; fare 5c. Title guaranteed. Only $1,200; $100 down, balance in 3 years. H. Kendregan, 502 2d Ave., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Ridgewood.—High section, new house, seven rooms; steam heat; open fireplace; hardwood floors and trim; every improvement; decorated throughout; $6,800; easy terms. S. S. Walstrum, Ridgewood, N. J.

Desirable bungalow dwelling; fine building, with porte-cochere; improvements; two acres, near Station, Riveredge, N. J. Rent, $30. Price, $8,000, $100 down. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich St.

CHARMING bungalow, three rooms; rustic porch, brick fireplace; shaded plot; $645; terms; commutation 13c; OWNER, 59 Times Downtown.

"NUTLEY IN A NUTSHELL."
All about "The Ideal Home Town."
Secretary, Box 314, Nutley, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Farm for sale.—100 acres in center of Northfield County, good land and good buildings, $6,000, part cash. Maurice E. Minor, Terryville, Conn.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Will sublet suite offices, 50x25, Centurian Building, 1,182 Broadway; mahogany furniture, rugs, electric fans, typewriter, desks, &c.; inducements to sublet; will sell furniture reduced prices. B 83 Times.

5 WEST 16TH STREET.
Store, 20x70, $60.00; parlor story, $50.00.
Phone 3100 Chelsea.
Brokers full commission.

Store, 1,689 Amsterdam Av., in bldg. with Cushman bakery, junction 144th St., Hamilton Place, & Hamilton Terrace; $60. Apply premises.

To Rent—Part of office, furnished; stenographer, telephone. Room 1,112, 32 Broadway.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

VERY DESIRABLE SINGLE ROOMS, WITH BATH; ALSO CHOICE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES AT MOST ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

HOTEL WALLICK,
43D AND BROADWAY.

On 116th St., Near Riverside.—Seven beautiful rooms with two baths; completely and comfortably furnished throughout in the finest style, including art, silverware and china, linens, glassware, &c.; immediate possession; price $175; best of references required; no children. 'Phone 8521 Morningside for appointment.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, at 72d St.
6, 8, 9 rooms and two baths, newly decorated and furnished; possession immediately. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 3547.

104th St., 18 West.—Five rooms and bath; all improvements; newly decorated and carpeted; convenient "L" and Subway; near Central Park; can select your own furnishings. Janitor, or James R. Keane & Co., 77th St. and 3d Av.

92 Morningside Av. East, opposite park.—Comfortably furnished seven-room corner apartment; elevator service; rent $75 to desirable party. Porter & Co., 150 West 125th St.

THE ESTLING,
223-224 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near 95th St.
Richly furnished housekeeping apartments, seven, eight rooms, bath; also unfurnished.

A.—Riverside Drive, Nos. 120-125, North Corner of 84th St.—Handsomely furnished apartments, 10, 11, and 12, all light rooms; three, four baths. Stewart. See Superintendent.

Near Columbia University.—Beautifully furnished, two rooms, with kitchenette. Apply at the Poinciana, Amsterdam Av. and 120th St.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Apartments of one, two, or more rooms, with kitchenette privileges; electricity, telephone, &c. Del Monte, Apartment 53.

High-class furnished apartments to sub-lease, four months or longer, $75 to $300 per month. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

95th, 330 West.—High-class 5-room elevator apartment; all light; handsomely furnished; block from Subway service; $85.

124th, 510 West.—Corner apartment, six rooms; telephone, electricity, elevator. Weber, 880 Morningside.

COMPLETELY FURNISHED
4 and 6 rooms, elevator, &c. 5 West 104th St.

For rent, furnished, seven rooms and bath; two maids' rooms. 125 West 58th St.

Riverside Drive, 454, (near 116th.)—Five large rooms; $85 month. Apt. 4C.

East Side.

Hotel St. Lorenz, 127 East 72.—2-room apartment, with bath, $10 weekly; 3-room apartment, with bath, $14 weekly; 4-room apartment, with bath, $15 weekly; 5-room apartment, with bath, $18-$25 weekly. Furnished or unfurnished. Includes service, heat, and electric light. Moderate-priced restaurant: Phone 180 Lenox. S. S. Ryman, Mgr.

THE HAMPTON, 22 EAST 31ST.
Exclusive, well-managed apartments, 2 to 4 rooms, with bath; furnished or unfurnished; table service optional. Worth investigating.

Handsomely furnished apartments, all sizes, rent $50 to $600 per month. Archibald Foss, 341 Madison Av. (corner 44th.)

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

A.—A.—Clients waiting for furnished apartments. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

Select Apartments For Particular People. The YORKE Agency will find one for you without cost or trouble.
25 West 42nd St., near Fifth Av. Bryant 6890.

THE JEFFERSON,
324-328 WEST 51ST ST.
Very attractive apartments; four, seven rooms; elevator service; all improvements. Apply premises or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

THE LINCOLN,
306-310 West 51st St.
Attractive apartment, four and five large, light rooms, bath; elevator; all modern improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

311 WEST 128TH ST.
Northeast corner St. Nicholas Av.; very desirable corner apartment; six rooms, bath; all improvements; suitable doctor, dentist, or dressmaker. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

AT SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.
4-6 rooms; elevator apartments; $28-$45; 221 West 141st (7th Av.)
6 rooms, bath, private halls; $34-$38; 67 West 100th, (near Columbus.)

93D ST., 46 AND 48 WEST.
Seven and eight large rooms, bath; all light; fine location; half block from Park entrance and "L" express station; $30 to $62.50.

Dentists and Doctors.—1st apt., 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; corner Amsterdam Av. and 144th St., junction Hamilton Place; rent $50.

4,323 Katonah Av.—Two apartments, $20 each; six rooms, improvements; one month free. James T. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich St.

3,143 Broadway, near 125th St.
6 rooms and bath; rent, $30.
Steam heat and hot water supply.

103 West 127th St., near Lenox.
6 rooms and bath; rent, $32.
Steam heat and hot water supply.

5 West 16th St.—Bachelor apts. and skylight studios; rent, $45-$50. Tel. 3106 Chel.

East Side.

109-111 East 56th.—Three rooms and bath on ground floor; suitable for two persons or doctor; reduced rental; including chambermaid service. Apply on premises.

28 EAST 57TH STREET.—Southwest cor. Madison Av., new apartments, 2 and 3 rooms & bath, $660 to $1,020. Apply on premises or Alvan W. Ferry, 20 Nassau St.; phone John 806.

Cor. Madison Av. and 92d St.—Seven rooms and bath; all outside rooms, and conveniences; reasonable rent. 1,292 Madison Av.

70th, 112 East.—2 upper floors; private house; 7 rooms, kitchen bath. 6863 Lenox.

130th, 10 East.—Elevator apartment, eight large outside rooms; superior service; $70.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $45.
5 rooms; high class. 49 W. 127; 30 E. 128.

Storage.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 49th. Telephone 2067 Bryant.

Lost

LOST or stolen, Southern Pacific collateral 4 per cent. bonds of 1949 Nos. 16,988, 17,095, 6,993, 9,045, 8,509. All bankers, bondholders and brokers are advised against negotiation of these bonds, and requested to communicate with the undersigned if they are presented.
HARRINGTON, BIGHAM & ENGLAR,
64 Wall St., New York City.

LOST — Nov. 3, in Subway, between 116th and 18th Sts. and Victoria Hotel, a diamond and platinum oval pendant. A suitable reward will be paid for return to Pickslay & Co., 570 5th Av.

LOST—Reward, no questions asked, for return of any or all articles lost in black purse, Broadway, 34th and 42d Sts.; lady's watch, gold pen, L. I. R. R. commutation ticket, and mileage, to C. R. Barteau, 60 Clark St., Brooklyn.

LOST—On Sunday, after 1 P. M., on Bronx Park Subway, lady's handbag of green bead work, containing gold watch, with initials E. E., &c. Reward of full cash value. Telephone Miss Everhart, Melrose 7121.

LOST—Saturday night, going from 41 West 72d to Criterion Theatre, lady's diamond watch and diamond fleur de lis pin attached. Liberal reward paid at 41 West 72d St.

LOST—Sunday morning, Nov. 2, in Zoological Garden, Bronx Park, a seal collar; finder will be liberally rewarded by notifying Mrs. R. Cole, 960 Park Av. Tel. Lenox 1860.

LOST—In a Fulton St. trolley car, near the Brooklyn Bridge, a gold bracelet. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to Mrs. Lytle, 7 West 92d St.

LOST — Sunday afternoon, lady's handbag, containing money, spectacles, keys; reward. Miss McCarthy, 842 Lexington Av. 'Phone Plaza 6065.

LOST—Lady's hand bag of green bead work, containing gold watch, &c.; reward of full cash value. Telephone Miss Eberhart, Melrose 7121.

LOST — Diamond bowknot pin, Nov. 2, St. Agnes's Church (62d-Columbus) to 167 West 87th. Reward if returned to above address.

LOST—Gold locket with seven diamond chips. Finder will please forward to 26 Linden St., Brooklyn. Liberal reward.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, Studio Dance, Saturday. Liberal reward. McGrath, 1,653 Broadway.

LOST—Gold watch and chain, monogram "L. S."; reward. Mrs. L. Sylvester, 240 W. 48d.

$300 REWARD
for large sapphire and diamond ring, lost Oct. 25, probably on New Haven train between New York and Pittsfield. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av., 37th St.

$100 REWARD
for diamond cluster ring, lost Nov. 2 at Sleepy Hollow Club, Scarboro, N. Y. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av., 37th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—A little brown dog. Kindly return to A. Lippman, 120 Chrystie St. and receive good reward.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Business Opportunities.

An established business for sale at a big sacrifice for a reason perfectly satisfactory to any man; the purchase price is less than $400 and time can be had on half of necessary; a pleasant and profitable business. M 333 Times Downtown.

Gentleman with means can join me handling a splendid young business; demand unlimited; profits large; positively unparalleled. Edwards, 403 Tribune Building.

Moving Picture and vaudeville theatres, 600 to 2,000 capacity, leasing and building propositions, Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 Broadway.

HOTEL RESTAURANT,
near Central Park West; five year lease; $500; will take board for rent. Address B 86 Times.

Dentist's office; fully equipped; good busy practice; Williamsburg Corner; sacrifice. Y 256 Times.

Business Exchange.

Use your spare time to build up a mail order business of your own. We help you start for a share in profits. 27 opportunities. Particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Business Notices.

SALESMAN.
ONE OF THE LARGEST POPULAR-PRICED DRESS HOUSES, WITH BIG ESTABLISHED TRADE THROUGH MIDDLE WEST, REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF WELL-EXPERIENCED SALESMAN FOR THAT TERRITORY; COMMISSION BASIS. BOX 50, 352 6TH AV.

PERFECT FAC-SIMILE Typewritten Letters —500, $1.25; 1,000, $1.60; 10,000, $7.45. Addressing; best workmanship; delivered when promised. Harakon Company, 143 West 40th. 'Phone Bryant 6067.

DEPENDABLE Multigraph Typewritten Letters; 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10. Delivered. William Gray, 93 Nassau. Telephone 1382 Cortlandt.

RELIABLE Multigraph Letters. 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8. Gotham Multigraph Company, Room 1,204, 45 West 34th. Telephone Greeley 689.

Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. 'Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1,018.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

16TH, 132 EAST.—Rooms; board; steam; references. Stuyvesant 2629.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

29TH, 41 EAST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; excellent table; reasonable; telphone.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Newly renovated rooms; parlor dining room; table guests.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.—Attractive suite; private bath; other desirable rooms.

36TH, 58 EAST.—Doctor's office; large and small rooms; private house; board.

MADISON AV., 165.—Large rooms; most desirable; private bath; one block Subway; elevated road.

MADISON AV., 436.—Large third story front room, with alcove and large closets; well kept house; reference.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy rooms; steam, hot water; best board; references.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths, &c.; excellent board; telephone.

39TH, 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites, with private baths; steam heat, elevator, and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068 Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well heated; conveniences; good board; reasonable.

47TH ST., 50 WEST.—LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD.

54TH ST., 34 WEST.
ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS; REFERENCES.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior board; references.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room, private bathroom; hot water, steam heat.

71ST, 135 WEST.—Exceptional table board; suites; private baths; single rooms; reasonable.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Handsome large front room; also sunny square room; all conveniences.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; sunny rooms, baths; excellent table; references.

76TH, 155 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; conveniences.

76TH ST, 237-239 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms with, without bath; table guests accommodated.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; home cooking; reasonable; table guests.

76TH ST, 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH ST., 124 WEST.—Large, medium, small rooms, running water, parlor dining, newly furnished house; table guests; exceptional neighborhood.

78TH ST., 108 WEST.—First-class French and Spanish boarding house; excellent table and service; all conveniences; table board.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Warm, handsomely furnished medium room, adjoining bath; moderate; gentlemen.

78TH, 144 WEST.—Handsome room; hot running water; superior board; comfort guaranteed.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; excellent board; table guests; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norsee Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room. Booklet on request.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; private or public baths.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and light small rooms; excellent home cooking, good service; moderate; references.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Attractive rooms with board; private baths; reasonable. Schuyler, 8897.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished room; homelike surroundings; excellent board; near Park; telephone.

85TH ST., 125 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath; one single room; references.

85TH, 209 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; rare chance for good meals.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Second story large front room; references.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; electricity; steam heat; table specialty.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms in well appointed house; excellent board; references.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable room, suitable two; excellent board; private house, Strauss.

94TH, 147 WEST.—Sunny rooms, private bath; parlor dining room; telephone; electricity.

94TH ST., 148 WEST.—Double room, second floor; running water; small room; table guests.

95TH, 85 WEST.—Rozelle — Handsome rooms; cuisine, service exceptional; attractive dining; references.

103D ST., (Corner West End, 879,) near Riverside Drive; Subway.—Delightful rooms; conveniences; splendid meals and service; moderate rates.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table board; references.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped house near Riverside Drive. Has few guests. Can accommodate few more with beautiful parlor bedroom; private bath.

113TH, 611 WEST.—Private family, near Drive; 2 handsomely furnished rooms, singly, en suite; with or without board. Apt. 61.

113TH, 622 WEST.—Large front, southern rooms; all conveniences; good table; references.

122D, 156 WEST.—Front room; dressing room; refined location; excellent table; references

122D, 520 WEST.—Large front rooms, separate, together; conveniences; excellent table. Kerker.

122D ST., 416 WEST.—Top, front suite; view; single rooms; exceptional table. Kellogg.

123D ST., 111 WEST.—A house for particular people; exceptional accommodations for table boarders; inspection invited.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, electricity; well heated, large closets; private bath.

ACCOMMODATION for two table guests; also medium-size room; every convenience; excellent food; private house. Phone 3262—Riverside.

Charming Permanent Home,
Away from city dust and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables, everything sweet and clean, very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Large, front, double, single rooms; steam heat; table specialty.

MORNINGSIDE HEIGHTS, (414 West 121st St.)—Double and single rooms, all light, nicely furnished; high-class elevator apartment; near Subway and elevated; excellent table. Apt. 2.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 867, Near 157th St. Subway.—Exquisitely furnished, large room, overlooking Drive, Hudson; private bath; steam; $22 two; single room; exclusive, private house.

THE WOODBURY,
Riverside Drive, 855, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds.

Country Board.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J.
Make your Fall and Winter arrangements now; $20 per week and up for two people includes elegantly furnished, electric lighted rooms, with private tiled bathroom and first-class meals; palm room, smoking room, and billiard room; house vacuum cleaned; electric lamps on dining tables give homelike effect; 35 minutes from Broadway, 5 minutes from Lackawanna station; take McAdoo tube from Broadway and Cortlandt St., cut Broadway and 33d St. Phone 2085—Orange.

A GRADUATE NURSE, living in the best residential section of Montclair, has opened her home to invalids; skillful nursing, home comforts. Miss Synnott, 117 South Fullerton Av., Montclair, N. J.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

9TH, 16 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Comfortable parlor, single rooms; heated; reasonable.

11TH ST., 72-82 EAST, Corner Broadway.—Furnished rooms; hotel service, bath and telephone accommodation: $4, $5, and $6 weekly. Ask for Mr. Palmer. Stuyv. 4200.

21ST, 139 EAST—Gramercy Park; furnished rooms without board; all conveniences; steam.

45TH, 25 EAST.—Rooms with or without private bath, suitable two gentlemen.

53D, 58 EAST.—Suite, parlor bedroom, bath; handsomely furnished; electric light, phone; private house. References exchanged.

60TH, 41 EAST.—Large and small, nicely furnished rooms to rent; gentlemen; references.

72D, 127 EAST, (Hotel St. Lorenz.)—Large rooms, use of bath, $4, $5, $6 per week; suitable for gentlemen. 180 Lenox.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 588, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; back parlor; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

West Side.

14TH ST., 218 WEST.—Parlor; electricity, gas, furnace, telephone; other rooms; references.

39TH ST., 39 WEST.—Attractive large room, private bath; other rooms; refined house; telephone.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Small room adjoining bath; private house; sunny; references; bachelors.

47TH ST., 31 WEST.—Fine two-room apartment; shower bath; kitchenette; steam, electricity; elevator.

47TH ST., 31 WEST.—Splendid main floor room; bath, steam, electricity; business or private.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, splendidly furnished room; steam; select house.

52D ST., 200 WEST.—Handsomely furnished corner rooms, $7-$12 weekly; worth investigating. Foster.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautiful, large, small front rooms; private bath; southern exposure.

56TH ST., 64 WEST.—DOCTOR'S OFFICE, suite and bedroom, in physicians house. Telephone Plaza 442.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Furnished rooms to let; large and small rooms.

57TH ST., 362 WEST.
Doctor's office and service, in conjunction with a general practitioner, in a house now occupied by an established Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat specialist, who is leaving the city.

57TH, 303 WEST.—Small, bright room in apartment; lady; references. Van N.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths, electricity, steam heat; board optional.

63D ST., 109 WEST.—Large rooms; all improvements; for single or couple; telephone.

68TH ST., 128 WEST.—Nicely furnished single room; all conveniences. Columbus 2303.

60TH, 22 WEST, at Broadway, THE NEW YORK.—25 ROOMS, INCLUDING BATH, 50c DAY; 100 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, $1 DAY, meals in rooms free; monthly reduction; gentlemen.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Commodious rooms, en suite or separate; private baths; references.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; well furnished; private baths; refined surroundings.

69TH, 118 WEST.—Doctor or dentist; large, sunny back parlor, private bath, complete; furnished as desired; other rooms.

69TH, 65 WEST.—Front hallroom; gentleman; electricity; telephone; steam heat; moderate.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, with or without bath; every convenience.

71ST, 165 WEST (off Broadway.)—Immaculately clean rooms; continuous hot water; cozy home for refined business people; telephone; also rooms with private bath.

73D, 159 WEST.—Rooms suitable two; newly furnished; hot, cold water; references.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Rooms, suitable one or two; refined surroundings; references.

75TH, 102 WEST, Del Monte.—Large, comfortably furnished room; modern apartment; running water; telephone; near subway. Apt. 25.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Second floor, furnished, unfurnished; unexcelled service; electricity; gentlemen; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

78TH (218) Broadway.)—Desirable, sunny two room suites, for one or two refined business gentlemen; telephone; references. Hazelwood.

78TH ST., 100 WEST.—Well-furnished front room, second floor; no other roomers; reasonable. Ashelm.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Two beautiful connecting rooms; private bath; single, en suite; also small room; Subway; references; excellent location.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Large, handsome front room; 3 windows; electricity; select private house; Subway.

80TH STREET, 128 WEST,
parlor bedroom and connecting dressing room; bath adjoining; also small room; telephone.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelor's; superior accommodations; all modern conveniences; quiet surroundings; references.

80TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive large room, bay window; well furnished; breakfast optional.

81ST, 200 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, connecting, separate; running water, telephone. Fleming.

82D, 118 WEST.—Neatly furnished, comfortable room; private bath; private house; also single room; all conveniences; telephone.

82D ST., 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; reference.

84TH, 51 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private bath; steam heat; phone; references.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private bath; steam heat; phone; references.

84TH, 268 WEST.—Gentlemen, business women; elevator, running water, telephone; $5. Osborn.

85TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large rooms, well kept; private house; reasonable; reference; telephone.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large and small room; references; telephone.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—House just opened; quiet, refined surroundings; continuous hot water.

80TH, (537 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms, exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional.

89TH ST., 320 WEST.—Beautiful, airy rooms; steam heat, electric light; private house. Phone 6819 River.

91ST, 208 WEST.—Attractive room, next bath; private family. Stobbe.

92D ST., 76 WEST.—Two front rooms, suitable two gentlemen; piano; Subway, L; independent entrance. Scholes.

92D ST. WEST.—Large, medium connecting sunny rooms; modern elevator apartment, near Central Park. R, 708 Columbus Av.

92D ST., 63 WEST.—Attractively furnished large rooms; all conveniences; Sub., "L."

95TH, 310 WEST.—Large room; running water, heat, electricity, telephone; near bath, elevator apartment; kitchen if desired. Johnson.

95TH, 155 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, bath; refined private family; board optional.

96TH, 9 WEST.—Refined home; large, smaller rooms; breakfast optional; elevated, Park.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Handsome, sunny rooms in private house; lavatory, bath, electric light.

101ST, 8 WEST.—Desirable room, large, light; telephone, electricity, kitchen; $4. McNamara.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house; refined environment; small, attractive rooms; adjoining baths.

104TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive bright room adjoining bath; cleanliness; reasonable; gentleman. Copeland.

107TH, 237 WEST.—Attractive suite; together, separate; running water; homelike; reasonable. Flint.

109TH ST, 312 WEST.—Two attractive rooms overlooking Hudson, singly or together; gentlemen or couple; block Subway; seventh floor.

113TH ST., 617 WEST.—Large south front room, neatly furnished; elevator, telephone; refined surroundings. Moody.

115TH ST., 404 WEST.—Very desirable, well-furnished room, with large clothes closet and all conveniences. Apt. 21.

118TH ST., 401 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Southeast corner rooms, single and en suite; overlooking Drive; 2 baths; one block Columbia University; meals exceptional, optional; references. Apartment 51.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Attractive housekeeping suite; southern exposure; also other rooms. Smith.

118TH, 418 WEST.—Well-furnished, light quiet single room; references exchanged. Maurice.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Attractive room; elevator house; near Columbia; reasonable. Phone 3850 Morningside. Hammond, Apt. 2.

120TH ST. and Amsterdam Av., Edward Francis Court.—Outside rooms, single or en suite; also studio; new apartment; every convenience. Apartment 106.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Choice connecting front rooms; also single; $3 up. Sherman.

124TH, 510 WEST.—Splendid two-room suite in corner elevator apartment. Weber.

145TH, 411 WEST.—Large, sunny; elevator; dressing room; high-class; references. Wilson.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED light housekeeping suite, dentists' residence, 449 West 23d, (London Terrace;) electric lights, steam heat, telephone; reasonable; unusually desirable.

CONVENT AV., 426, (148th St., Washington Heights.)—Large or medium room; breakfast optional; private residence; gentleman; references. Owner.

HOTEL ST. LORENZ, 72D ST., LEXINGTON AV.—ROOMS AND PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 UP. TELEPHONE 180 LENOX.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (corner 127th St.) —Immaculate room, adjoining bath; private family; one block from Subway; $6 weekly; references required. Telephone Morningside 3396, Apartment 41.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful small room; gentleman; private family; 91st St. Subway; references.

Brooklyn.

ST. MARK'S AV., 59.—Nicely furnished, large, small; private house; five minutes Subway.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

GENTLEMAN desires furnished room, West Side; private family; state particulars. B 91 Times.

Young Japanese gentleman, graduate of Yale, wishes a room, furnished, in private family, between 90th and 125th Sts., on west side; kindly state full particulars. N 229 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted Female

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

FUR DEPARTMENT—Require several experienced Fur Finishers and Liners. Apply to Manager, Second Floor, Central Building.

A desirable all-year-round position as model in fitting department, for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust and 5 feet

HIS NATIVE CAUTION BEATS THE 'CON' MAN

The Madisonian Had Not Pursued His Social Studies in Vain.

PROVES HE IS NO "RUBE"

Industrious Angling Falls of Its Object and Arouses the Wisconsin Man's Anger.

Madison, Wis., is the seat of a university that is famous the world over for its courses in economics and social studies. To that fact, insists a clerk at the Breslin, may be traced the fact that the occasional Madisonian who comes to pay his first visit to New York exhibits a certain degree of caution, at least of reserve, which may serve as a sort of armor. This same student of human nature, who gets his focus on life from the other side of a hotel register, is of the belief that this armor, or reserve, or caution, which living in the shadow of the University of Wisconsin may impart, was what prevented Clyde Teesdale from falling a victim to the gently persuasive blandishments of two of the Greeley Square Reception Committee the other day. Mr. Teesdale ended a brief engagement to play in New York yesterday.

It was Mr. Teesdale's first visit to New York, and it lasted eight days. As the eighth was drawing near, Mr. Teesdale thus addressed the room clerk:

"I want you to tell me: do I look like a Rube?"

"Not at all," the other assured him.

"I didn't think so, myself," said Mr. Teesdale, who has often visited Chicago and other cities adjacent to Madison; "but there must be something about me that looks easy."

He went on to tell that during that afternoon he had dropped into the lobby of a Broadway hotel to admire the scenery, when a pleasant-spoken man came up and addressed him. This would have been real neighborly in Madison, but in New York it did not comport with Mr. Teesdale's ideas as to what was proper. However, the stranger seemed to take to the Madisonian so warmly that a conversation followed, during which Mr. Teesdale admitted that it was the first time he had seen Broadway.

"Ah, you must dine with me this evening," suggested the polite person. Mr. Teesdale said he didn't know, and excused himself.

A little later, when the telephone bell in his room rang, he negected to answer it. It kept on ringing, and then when he took up the receiver, Mr. Teesdale found, as he had suspected, that the polite person was at the other end of the wire. He would take no excuse. The man from Wisconsin simply must take a walk with him. He was so overwhelmingly insistent that the visitor went down, and the two started out.

"I must go over to my hotel to get my mail," said the new acquaintance, and over they walked. There were no letters, and the man from the West thought it strange that the clerk who answered the query did not seem to know his companion. When they got outside the latter was accosted by the usual "friend," who after a few meteorological remarks, began to talk about matching coins.

As these entered down Seventh Avenue in the direction of the Pennsylvania station, the polite person and the other became very much interested in their subject. Perhaps Mr. Teesdale would like to try his luck. No? Then perhaps he would act as referee for them. No, again? Perhaps he would like to try his hand at pool.

By this time the man from Madison was convinced that he was not in the company of producers of honest wealth, and he had been looking for a chance to make his escape. When they reached the station, he stopped.

"Gentlemen," he said, "it occurs to me you know each other too well for a stranger to feel at home in your society." Having said this he turned and made for his hotel, where he astonished the room clerk by asking him the question about his own personal appearance.

MALONE FOR COLLECTOR.

Said to be President Wilson's Choice to Succeed Mitchel.

Dudley Field Malone, Third Assistant Secretary of State and son-in-law of Senator James A. O'Gorman, is being considered for Collector of the Port of New York to succeed John Purroy Mitchel, according to political gossip in the city yesterday. Mr. Malone is said to be President Wilson's choice for the office. He spoke for Mitchel and Fusion in opposition to Tammany in the campaign just ended.

It is said that the Washington Administration is anxious to build up an independent Democratic organization in the city of New York as an offset to Tammany and that he started in to do this when he appointed Mr. Mitchel Collector. Friends of Mr. Malone said that the President would simply be carrying out this policy by appointing Mr. Malone.

The independent Democrats have another candidate in Frank L. Polk, who was prominently mentioned for the post of Collector before the President selected Mr. Mitchel. Mr. Polk has actively supported Mr. Mitchel in the municipal campaign and is said to have the present Collector's backing.

MRS. BACHE A RESIDENT.

Court Upholds Duty Assessed Against Banker's Wife.

After litigation covering two years, the United States Court of Customs Appeals has decided that Mrs. Florence S. Bache, wife of Jules S. Bache, the banker, is a resident of the United States, and was properly liable to assessment on personal effects brought into this country in 1911. When Mrs. Bache returned from Europe in the Summer of that year, she brought with her wearing apparel and other articles on which the Customs Inspectors demanded duties amounting to several thousand dollars.

Mrs. Bache refused to pay the duties on the ground that she was a non-resident, and maintained an apartment in Paris. Her trunks were sent to the Appraiser's stores for examination, but later released after Mrs. Bache had settled with Collector Loeb. A protest was made to the Board of General Appraisers, which, after hearing the testimony of Mr. and Mrs. Bache, decided she was a resident of this country, and that the duties were properly exacted. The decision of the Customs Court affirming the board is final.

PACKED PURSE IN HIS TRUNK

Man from Chicago Had to Get It Back from Station to Pay His Bill.

The man from Chicago, who had been spending a week at the Breslin, thought he would pack his trunk early yesterday morning and send it to the station and so have the day free until train time. He did so, and about luncheon time decided to pay his bill. He looked for his pocketbook, but it was not where he had kept it.

After his room had been turned upside down he remembered that he had worn a dress suit the night before and had packed it in his trunk before going to bed. With it he had packed his pocketbook.

The result was that the porter had to be sent to the station to hunt for the trunk that contained the coat that had the pocket that contained the traveler's money and his ticket before the man from Chicago could enjoy his midday meal.

LOOKS FOR SEA-LEVEL CANAL.

De Lesseps's Chief Engineer Thinks Lock System Will Be Changed.

Philippe Bunau-Varilla, who used to be Chief Engineer for the Panama Canal in the days of the French on the Isthmus and was later Envoy of the Panama Republic in Washington, sailed early this morning on the Lusitania, still firmly convinced, after his first and last visit to the Panama Canal, that the waterway ought to be and will some day be a strait.

M. Bunau-Varilla said at the Ritz-Carlton before his departure that his visit to the canal a few weeks ago was really the first he had paid to the Isthmus since he left there twenty-five years ago, in spite of the fact that he had conducted the early negotiations in Washington for the Republic of Panama. In this last visit he saw the dredges passed through the Gamboa locks. He praised the work of Col. Gorgas and of Col. Goethals, and said that now that dredging was not only practicable but easy, with water all the way across the Isthmus, this Government ought to start at once upon digging a wide sea-level canal, which, he asserted, would not hinder the operation of the lock canal, though it would necessitate four or five years of construction work, which might have been attended to during the work of digging the canal as it is, and which would now require four or five years to complete.

"Within a very short time—perhaps in fifteen years," said M. Bunau-Varilla, "the Panama Canal will have become inadequate to meet the increasing and gigantic demands of the commercial and military fleets of the world. According to the most recent and best calculations, the limits of its carrying capacity will be 50,000,000 registered tonnage a year. That is the limit imposed by the water supply. It will begin operations with 10,500,000 tons a year. Statisticians foresee that its traffic will be at least 40,000,000 tons for the twentieth year of its operation, and one must not forget that at the Sault Ste. Marie Canal traffic has risen from 10,500,000 to 45,000,000 tons in fifteen years.

"The Suez Canal is a different proposition altogether. Its tonnage has risen to only 10,000,000 in thirty years. The Suez Canal simply united the white with the yellow and brown races. The Panama Canal will unite branches of the white races. As for its adverse effect upon the Suez Canal, that will be of little account. The ultimate effect will be that both will serve to carry the currents of a greatly stimulated commerce."

CROTONA FIELD CLUB BURNS

Lost with Turning Mill That Boys Were Looting—Cat Saves Itself.

The two-story frame building of the Hudson Wood Turning Mill, at 2,061 to 2,065 Mohegan Avenue, the Bronx, and the Crotona Field Club, at 2,064 Crotona Parkway, separated from the mill by a narrow yard, were destroyed by fire shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

All the members of the club were over in the park at a football game, and the only living thing in the clubhouse was Tom, the black cat. The sight of the flames brought the members hurrying back, but it was too late then for them to enter. They were beginning to lament the loss of Tom, when, to a chorus of shouts from the opposite sidewalk, the black cat was seen crawling out of the chimney. From the chimney the cat jumped to the roof, and from the roof to the street, two stories below. Tom spent last night recovering in the home of a neighbor.

The fire did $15,000 damage. No one knows how it started. The only persons seen about the place yesterday were some boys who were trying to rifle it for material for election night bonfires. It was an easy task to get in, for the building was undergoing renovation due to the fact that it was partially destroyed by fire only six weeks ago. A policeman shased the marauders from the building several times during the day, but none of them was seen around the place after the fire was discovered.

WOULDN'T NAME HIS SLAYER

Dying Italian Refused to Tell Police Who Shot Him.

"We swore to kill each other. He got the drop on me, but I will get him yet." This is all the explanation Giuseppe Fontano, who was found fatally wounded yesterday morning in front of the loft building at 325 East 105th Street, would give the police as to how he was wounded. He died half an hour later.

Fontano lived at 173 East 105th Street. He was a laundryman. He was found bleeding from a wound in the abdomen in the street by two policemen. Although he was questioned by the police, he would not tell who shot him, though he admitted he knew the man. All that he would say was that he would take care of his assailant in his own way when he got out of the hospital.

Bottle Drifts from Here to Scotland.

ROCHESTER, Penn., Nov. 4.—When the Beaver River was at flood height last March, Clarence Mitchell wrote a note, signed his name and address, and, sealing it in a bottle, tossed the bottle into the flood. Last night he received a letter from Frank Warthing in Glasgow, Scotland, saying he had picked up the bottle on the Scotch coast two weeks ago. The bottle, to reach its landing place, had floated down the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers to the Gulf of Mexico and, making its way out into the Atlantic, had drifted to Scotland.

IN NEW JERSEY.

ASBURY PARK.—The principal business before the convention of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union in Asbury Park yesterday was the election of officers. The convention will close to-day. The election of officers was by informal ballot and Mrs. Lillian Stevens was re-elected President.

TRENTON.—Arguments to set aside the conviction of Patrick Quinlan, the I. W. W. agitator, who was sentenced to not less than two years and not more than seven years in State Prison by County Judge Abram Klenert of Paterson, on an indictment charging him with inciting to riot, will be begun to-day in the New Jersey Supreme Court in Trenton.

CALDWELL.—Mayor John Espy and Borough Clerk John J. Van Order have been authorized to sign a contract with George P. Olcott & Son of East Orange to complete the sewerake system abandoned by Contractor Richard C. McMains, who disappeared from here on Sept. 18. The new contractors will complete the job for $64,883.

SUMMIT.—Thieves on Monday night entered the home on Whittredge Place of Charles H. Post, a New York insurance broker, and obtained jewelry and silverware valued at $1,200. The thieves got in through a window on the front porch. They then made their way to several unoccupied rooms on the second floor, without disturbing the members of the Post family, who were sleeping in rooms adjoining.

BLACKMAILER FALLS INTO POLICE TRAP

Detectives Were Waiting When Man Called Upon Dr. Lichtschein.

HE TRIED TO EXTORT $600

By Threatening to Make Charges of Malpractice Against the Physician.

When, at 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning, Dr. Louis Lichtschein sat waiting, in his office at 1,245 Madison Avenue, he appeared to be alone, but concealed behind the heavy portieres shutting off the dark room beyond stood Detectives Stein and Curtayne, stationed there by direction of Inspector Faurot, while in the shadow of doorways across the avenue stood Detectives Hughes and Hyans. As the half hour approached, the office grew very still, for the men stopped whispering and then, just at the half-hour stroke, the front door bell rang.

That was what all five were waiting for. Since early in October, Dr. Lichtschein had been angered and his family had been alarmed by his receipt of several threatening letters, letters written in German and bidding him hand over $600 or suffer accusation before the District Attorney on several charges of malpractice. The doctor turned these over to Inspector Faurot, who told him to obey the blackmailer's instructions by inserting an advertisement in a German newspaper expressing his willingness to pay the money. He made the insertion and waited. Then came a postal card bidding him have the money ready in an envelope for one Philip Williams, who would call at 2:30 o'clock on the morning of Election Day, and in exchange for the $600 turn over the incriminating "evidence."

The stage was set, then, when 2:30 o'clock came and the door-bell rang. Dr. Lichtschein admitted his visitor, led him into his office and asked his name.

"Philip Williams," was the answer.

"And," said the doctor, remembering the lines the detectives had rehearsed him in, "where is that material you were going to give me?"

"Where is what you were to give me?" asked his visitor cautiously.

The watching detectives saw each man produce an envelope and saw these envelopes exchange. Then they parted the portieres and came into the office.

"Philip Williams" was thoroughly crestfallen when they told him he was under arrest, and, with his teeth chattering, he said that he had come merely as a messenger for a man he had met at a Mills Hotel. He was told to call for an envelope, to deliver another and meet his acquaintance at a saloon at Eighty-ninth Street and Third Avenue. The detectives took him there promptly and found no one waiting for their man. So they locked him up at the Lenox Avenue Station charged with extortion. Instead of giving the name of Williams, he said he was Joseph Meyer, a waiter of 227 East Eleventh Street. The police say he has also been known as Nosshaum and Schroeder.

Meanwhile, the police had pocketed his "evidence." This proved to be a long, unsigned letter, written in German script and setting forth an account of the doctor's cases. It had a most circumstantial manner and was full of names and addresses. The detectives patiently went to all of them and found them all fictitious. The "evidence" was made out of whole cloth and that shoddy.

Dr. Lichtschein said he had never seen or heard of Meyer in his life.

FOUND ABANDONED SHIP.

Minnehaha's Captain Discovered Schooner Sailing Without a Crew.

Capt. Frank H. Claret of the Atlantic Transport liner Minnehaha, which arrived yesterday from London, 24 hours late owing to heavy gales, said that he received a message on Monday from the steamer Astrakhan that she had picked up the schooner Annie M. Parker and towed her to an anchorage two miles north of the Nantucket Lightship. The captain of the steamer added that he was bound from New York to Dunkirk and had left his chief officer on the schooner, which had been abandoned, though in perfectly good condition.

Among the passengers on the Minnehaha was Dr. E. L. Woods, surgeon in the United States Navy, who has returned from the China station. He came back by way of the Trans-Siberian Railroad and said that the track from Vladivostok to Moscow was in splendid condition and that the Russian Government were double tracking it as rapidly as possible.

FISHED FOR GOLD WATCHES.

Thieves Broke Store Window and Got $2,500 in Jewelry.

Gold watches and jewelry to the value of $2,500 were taken from the show window of Schwartz & Co.'s store at Broadway and Thirty-seventh Street early yesterday morning. The thieves had pasted a newspaper over the upper part of the window before breaking it, to prevent a crash of glass. Standing on a barrel, they had then fished through the broken glass for the watches and other articles displayed there. In attempting to lift out a tray of rings the tray was overturned and the contents scattered inside the window.

The store is protected with burglar alarm wires and stands on a corner past which there is more or less traffic at all hours of the day and night. For these reasons the robbery is being investigated with especial care.

FINDS HUSBAND DEAD.

St. Lawrence Couldn't Bear to be Idle While His Wife Worked.

Joseph St. Lawrence, 30 years old, an interpreter, of 59 West Thirty-sixth Street, was found dead in his room early last night by his wife, Ida, a telephone operator at the Polyclinic Hospital. A gas tube was in his mouth, and the police say he committed suicide because he was out of work.

Mr. and Mrs. St. Lawrence had been married about three years, and were happy, according to Mrs. St. Lawrence, until about a month ago, when Mr. St. Lawrence lost his place as an interpreter for a large corporation. Since that time, she said, he had been despondent. She tried to cheer him up, but he said he could not bear the thought of being without employment while she was working, and had intimated that he did not want to live.

LABOR'S ARMY ON THE WING.

Workers Wait Here for Ships to Take Them Home.

A part of that vast army of labor that passes through New York on the way to Europe each year at the approach of Winter arrived in the city yesterday from the Canadian Northwest and from California. It is carrying back, it is estimated, more than $600,000 saved from earnings here. There are now 350 men and women and a few children at the New Hotel Keller, at West and Barrow Streets, natives of Spain, Italy, and Austria, who await the sailing of the Spanish liner Montserrat for Cadiz, and the French liner Lorraine, sailing to-morrow for Havre.

Most of the men who are returning from Canada have been engaged on construction work along the lines of the new railroads. There is a group from Vancouver, another from Medicine Hat, and still another from Winnipeg.

An interesting figure in the group about the door of the hotel yesterday was Pedro Gonzales, a tall, well-built old Spaniard, who, though he confessed to having made ten trips to America, can speak only a little English. He comes here to work, but returns to Spain to live. He is taking back nearly $1,000. Others in the delegation acknowledged that they had saved a good deal more money than Gonzales.

MAJ. GEN. C. F. ROE VERY ILL.

Pneumonia Causes Alarm for ex-Commander of State Militia.

HIGHLAND FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Major Gen. Charles F. Roe of New York City, formerly in command of the State Militia, is dangerously ill here at his country home. Bronchial pneumonia, developed from an attack of tonsilitis, caused alarm to-night over his condition.

Major Gen. Roe served the State for twenty-three years, including fourteen years as its active military head and commander. He retired from active service on account of age on May 1, 1912. He was born in this city on May 1, 1848. Gen. Roe entered the United States Military Academy at West Point June 15, 1864, was graduated as Second Lieutenant four years later, and was assigned to the cavalry. In the Fall of 1868 he was sent on frontier duty in Washington and later in Oregon. In December, 1870, he was mustered out of the army.

The beginning of his service in the National Guard was as Captain of Troop A, when it was organized in 1880. In 1898 Gov. Black placed Gen. Roe in command of the State National Guard with the rank of Major General. During the Spanish-American war he was in command of the troops at Camp Black on Long Island, and was commissioned a Brigadier General of Volunteers by President McKinley.

PULITZER FINED FOR SPEED.

St. Louis Publisher Drove Auto to Avoid Dust of Sheriff's Car.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 4.—Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., of 3,836 Lindell Boulevard, President of the Pulitzer Publishing Company, pleaded guilty to-day to a charge of "careless and reckless driving," and was fined $35 and costs in Justice Willecken's court at Clayton.

Sheriff Bode made the arrest on Sunday and was the prosecuting witness. The warrant alleged that Pulitzer drove his automobile 40 miles an hour.

Mr. Pulitzer appeared in court without an attorney. After he had pleaded guilty he told Justice Willecken that after turning south into the Lucas-Hunt Road, from the Natural Bridge Road, he found another machine in front of him. Not wishing to take this machine's dust, he increased his speed from less than 15 miles to about 20 miles an hour and passed it.

Later the other machine increased its speed and to prevent it from passing him and giving him its dust, he put on more speed, but did not realize that he was running forty miles an hour.

The machine Pulitzer was trying to escape was Sheriff Bode's.

Kills Hunter in Kansas City Park.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 4.—Frank Robinson, a special officer, was attracted to a wooded region of Swope Park to-day by the sound of shots. He found a hunter in the act of shooting a squirrel and ordered him to desist. The hunter replied by firing gas charge at Robinson. Robinson then shot him through the head, killing him instantly. The man was identified later as Charles Rainey, a shoe salesman of Kansas City.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR MRS. WAKEFIELD

Court Decrees That Connecticut Woman Shall Be Hanged for Murder of Her Husband.

FIRST IN STATE'S HISTORY

Plew, Her Accomplice, and Another Murderer Also Condemned at the Same Time.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 4.—Three persons, one a woman, stood before the bar of the Superior Court here this afternoon, and were sentenced to be hanged for murder. The woman, Bessie J. Wakefield, who conspired with James Plew in the murder of her husband, William Wakefield, was the first woman to be convicted of murder in the first degree since the adoption of the State Constitution.

Plew, the self-confessed murderer, sought to obtain a lesser degree of punishment by reason of his confession, but Judge Burpee said that he could find no extenuating circumstances, and therefore must impose the death penalty.

The third prisoner sentenced to die was Joseph Bergeron, alias Beger, who shot and killed Mrs. Elibeth Dousette. He also had pleaded guilty to the charge of homicide, and his was the first case on record where the court examined the witnesses to ascertain the details of the crime. When he was called to the bar Judge Burpee said he could find no reason to make the degree less than that of premeditated murder.

Mrs. Wakefield and Plew were sentenced to die at the State Prison before sunrise on March 4, 1914, and Bergeron to die on Feb. 4.

Plew and Mrs. Wakefield had formed a plot to kill Wakefield, so that they could marry, and Plew attempted the murder at the Wakefield home on the night of June 22, but was unsuccessful. He then lured Wakefield into the woods fifteen miles from Bristol, where he shot and stabbed the man. Two weeks afterward the body was found, and Plew and Mrs. Wakefield were placed under arrest.

BOY SHOT BY GANGSTER.

Young Rough Draws a Pistol When Crowd Resents Insult to Aged Man.

A youth who had won all the money in a crap game played in front of the public school in Third Street, near Third Avenue, yesterday afternoon, crossed the street and pulled the beard of a man who was walking across the way. The other crap players resented the insult to the aged man, and when they attacked him the youth who had pulled the man's beard, drew a revolver and shot William Foehring of 115 East Third Street in the leg.

Men and women ran into the street at the sound of the shots, but the boy who had done the shooting disappeared.

The first person to reach the wounded boy's side was his mother, who was standing in front of her candy shop when the fight occurred.

Fire Alarms Hospital Patients.

Patients in the Williamsburg and Eastern District Hospitals, which are just across the street from each other, were greatly alarmed early yesterday morning by a fire which destroyed a large tent in a rear yard at 109 South Third Street, within a few yards of both institutions. In the tent were an automobile valued at $500 and a $400 motor cycle, which were also destroyed. The fire was discovered by a night nurse in the Williamsburg Hospital. The patients in both hospitals became excited when the fire apparatus raced up and the nurses had considerable difficulty in calming them.

Fire at Ohio Northern University.

ADA, Ohio, Nov. 4.—The main administration building of the Ohio Northern University was totally destroyed by fire early to-day. Only the hard work of the local department saved the adjoining Brown Auditorium and near-by residences. The library and many valuable records are lost. The great pipe organ is ruined. The loss will total upwards of $100,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.) | Broadway at 29th St. (Southwest Corner) | 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Investments

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

WHEN you make an investment you expect interest, of course, and it is because we feel that we offer a very high rate of interest that we call it investing when you buy a Hart, Schaffner & Marx suit or overcoat of us.

And this is why: You pay $25 for a suit or overcoat, you get $25 worth of merchandise for your money—and you get *more;* for your $25 has bought not only its maximum in clothes, but it has bought the assurance of satisfaction, which money alone cannot buy. And you have our word that if you are not thoroughly satisfied you can withdraw the money invested at par any time. So, then, whether you pay $25, or $18, or $50, or any other price, you just can't lose: and think of what you have to gain!

Get Twice As Much For Your Money

Tariff changes frightened millmen. They offered at one-half value, and we bought 77 pieces fine woolens exclusive patterns—enough for 1000 Suits and Overcoats. We will sell

Overcoats, Satin Lined, Suits, Silk Lined, $27.50

Made to measure only. Style, fit, service and satisfaction absolutely guaranteed. Silk-lined Full Dress, $40; Tuxedo, $35. Black or white silk waistcoat.

Broadway & Ninth Street

Arnheim

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Nr. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal.
NEXT SUNDAY SOUSA Seats on Sale.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Evenings, 8:10. $1.00 MATINEE TO-MORROW.
THE Pleasure Seekers with STAR CAST.

SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. FORBES-ROBERTSON'S To-night at 8; Sat. Mat. at 2. "HAMLET" Also 13th; Mat. 15th.
T'm'w, (Thurs.) 8:15, "Light That Failed." Also Wed., 12th.
FAREWELL (with GERTRUDE ELLIOTT)
Fridays, 7th & 14th....."Mice & Men"
Sat. Eve., 8; also 11th & 15th, "Passing of Third Floor Back," followed by "Sacrament of Judas"

44th St. MUSIC HALL. W. of B'way. POP. PRICED MAT. TO-DAY. "GLIMPSE OF THE GREAT WHITE WAY." SAM BERNARD POLAIRE

MADO MINTY AGOUST COMPANY ALEXANDER & SCOTT. TORTAJADA SCHWARTZ CO. MACK & WALKER Daily Mats. 25c. to $1. Evgs. 25c. to $1.50. Sun. Concert, Mat. & Eve.
CASINO B'WAY & 39TH. Evenings 8. $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:15.
OH, SAY! FRENCHIEST FARCE MOST MELODIOUS MUSIC MOST BEAUTIFUL GIRLS SEEN HERE IN YEARS
COMEDY 41st St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tues. & Sat., 2:30. THE MARRIAGE GAME

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEA. 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30. THE LURE
PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS 39 St. nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-day, 2:30. COME AND BE THRILLED AND LAUGH AND BLUSH.
5 Triumphs "The Bride"; "The Black Mask"; "Feifee"; "En Deshabille"; "A Pair of White Gloves."
BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
ARTHUR BRILLIANT COMEDY THE GREAT ADVENTURE
39TH STREET THEA., Near Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20. AT BAY Mat. To-day Best Seats $1.50.
LYRIC. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, $1.50. THE GIRL AND THE PENNANT By Rida Johnson Young & Christy Mathewson.
46TH St. Thea. Evs. 8:20. Mts. T'm'w & Sat. 2:20. THE HIT OF THE SEASON. TO-DAY MAT. TO-MORROW, $1.50.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34 St. & 8 Av. Evenings 8:15. Mat. To-day, 25c 50c. BLINDNESS OF VIRTUE
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS
Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mat. To-day & Sat., 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."
Royal 1 block from 149th St. & 3rd Av. Evs. 25c. to $1. Mat. To-day, 25-50c. Bought and Paid For

WALLACK'S Broadway & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Popular Matinee To-day, 50c to $1.50. THE AUDIENCE CHEERED AND THE ENTIRE PRESS AGREED IN ACCORDING TO Mr. Cyril Maude A POSTIVE TRIUMPH! PLAY FOR THIS WEEK AND NEXT "THE SECOND IN COMMAND"
ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Matinee To-day & Sat. 2:15. WITHIN THE LAW With JANE COWL as MARY TURNER
LONGACRE 48th St., w. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-day, 50c to $1.50. THE MUSICAL TRIUMPH ADELE
Ad. Philipp Thea., 57th St., 3d Av. Mat. Sat. & Grete v. Mayhof in The Midnight Girl
BRONX OPERA HOUSE, 149th St. Brook Av. Matinee To-day, 25c & 50c. MAY IRWIN "WIDOW BY PROXY."
LITTLE THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. FRIDAY AFT., NOV. 7, at 3. Miss Haughwout in a READING OF MATERLINCK'S FAIRY PLAY, "THE BLUE BIRD"
Tickets $2 now at Antonia Sawyer's Office, 1425 Broadway and at Little Theatre Friday only.
BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:15. WARFIELD in THE AUCTIONEER
REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. To-day Sat. at 2:20. The Temperamental Journey with LEO DITRICHSTEIN.
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Mat. To-day. THE GAY NEW YORKERS.
MURRAY HILL BURLESQUE Evgs. 8:15 | Mat. To-d'y & Sat. Mollie Williams & Her Company
CENTURY OPERA HOUSE | CENTRAL PARK WEST, 62ND ST. Matinee To-day and Saturday at 2:00. "LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR" All This Week in ENGLISH.
LITTLE Thea., 240 W. 44th. Evs. 8:45. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30. "Prunella" with MARGARITE CLARK
JARDIN DE DANSE DANCING & HIGH CLASS CABARET 8:30 to 1. Tens 3 to 6:30. Sir Sebastian & Mae Murray, Marv'l's Millers, Octogenarian Turkey Trotters, 30 Others. FREE INSTRUCTION at MATINEE TEAS
AEOLIAN HALL, Fri. Eve., Nov. 14, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL MRS. LILLIAN BIRMINGHAM. Tickets Box Office. Management Wolfsohn Bureau.
AEOLIAN HALL, Thurs. Aft. Nov. 13, at 3. PIANO RECITAL HATTIE Scholder-Edlin (STEINWAY PIANO.) Managem't Wolfsohn Bureau.
Aeolian Hall, Monday Eve., Nov. 10, at 8:15. SOPRANO SONG RECITAL. HELEN WETMORE. Direction: Gertrude F. Cowen, 1451 B'way.
AEOLIAN HALL, To-night at 8:30. Song Recital. PERCY HEMUS and Dramatic Reading. PROGRAM OF AMERICAN COMPOSERS.
IRVING PLACE THEATRE Every Night at 8:15, KAISERNENLUFT.
ACADEMY 14 St., Irv. Pl. 10-20-30. Mat. Daily. STOCK CO. in "The Escape."

LECTURES.

DR. DANIEL A. HUEBSCH begins his course of six illustrated lectures on the "Art Treasures of Europe" to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, at Delmonico's. The six Thursdays will be devoted to the galleries of London, Berlin, Paris, Florence, Venice, and Rome. Course ticket, $10, at Delmonico's.

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. at 8:10. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:10. ETHEL BARRYMORE in the New Comedy, TANTE by C. Haddon Chambers, after the novel.
GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, (Pop.) & Sat., 2:15. To-day Mat. Popular Prices, 50c to $1.50. LAST 2 MATS., LAST 4 NIGHTS. Richard Carle—Hattie Williams in THE DOLL GIRL and J. M. BARRIE'S "THE CENSOR and THE DRAMATISTS."
SEATS READY T'M'W. Next Tues.—First Night THE MADCAP DUCHESS
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:15. Last Week This Theatre—Next Week Fulton. JOHN MASON in Augustus Thomas's New Play, INDIAN SUMMER
NEXT TUESDAY, Seats To-morrow. DAVID BELASCO presents THE MAN INSIDE By Roland Burnham Molineux.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. LAST TWO WEEKS. GRACE GEORGE in J. M. BARRIE'S STIRRING PLAY HALF AN HOUR. Preceded by the brilliant comedy, The Younger Generation
LYCEUM THEATRE, NEXT MON. at 2:30. Special Mat. Performance, auspices of Stage Society of N. Y. Two new plays, "BY PRODUCTS," by Joseph Medill Patterson. "COUNTESS MIZZI," by Arthur Schnitzler. Laurette Taylor, Chrystal Herne, Frank Mills, Lionel Walsh, George Le Guere, Maud Odell, Jessie Ralph, Mark Smith, Anne McDonald, Walter Creighton.
Knickerbocker B'way, 38 St. Ev. 8. Mat. To-day & Sat. at 2. DONALD BRIAN in the Musical Comedy Triumph THE MARRIAGE MARKET.
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. To-day Mat. (Pop.) & Sat. To-day Mat. Popular Prices 50c to $1.50. FANNIE WARD in MADAM PRESIDENT (Would Make a Sphinx Laugh."—American
HUDSON 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:20. LAST WEEK THE FIGHT By HAYARD VEILLER. NEXT MON., Seats T'm'w. GEN. JOHN REGAN
HARRIS 42 St., W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. MISS PHOENIX A new farce by Albert Fox. NEXT MONDAY—SEATS TO-MORROW. HENRIETTA in a play of Grand Opera atmosphere. CROSMAN by Edward Childs Carpenter. THE TONGUES OF MEN.
FULTON 46 St. Evs. 8:30. AFTER 5 Mat. To-day & Sat. NEXT MON., SEATS TO-MORROW. JOHN MASON in INDIAN SUMMER
New Amsterdam W. 42 St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. LAST WEEK at the New Amsterdam. MOVES TO THE LIBERTY MON., NOV. 10. CHRISTIE MACDONALD in Victor Herbert's Operetta, SWEETHEARTS. NELLA McCOY as SYLVIA this Act. NEXT MON. NIGHT, 8:10. Seats To-morrow. A New Musical Comedy, THE LITTLE CAFE. by C. M. S. McLELLAN & IVAN CARYLL.
GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY, 50c. to $1.50. POTASH & PERLMUTTER
GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. ANOTHER COHAN & HARRIS HIT Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30. NEARLY MARRIED with BRUCE McRAE
GRAND 23d St., 8th Av. Mat. To-day, 25-50c. Cohan & Harris Belasco's SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE Popular Mat. To-day. "Years of Discretion,"
Cohan & Harris ASTOR B'way, 45 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20.

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